# The Chicago Paily Tribune.

VOLUME XXXIX.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1878.

121 & 123 State-st. Michigan-av. & Twenty-second-st.

1878 FALL 1878

DEATHS.

GEO. P. GORE & CO.,

AND SLIPPERS.

P. GORE & CO.

sday, Sept. 4, at 9:30 a. m.,

MADE GOODS, sell

CIAL TRADE SALE

RY GOODS,

L. M. SANDERS & CO.,

Grand Fall Trade Sale

S Men's and Boys' Buff,

x. and Cong.
DORSCH'S Men's and Boys'
If, Alex. and Cong.
Iffalo Hand-made Boot.
elphia Children's Shoos,
and sizes: and a large stock of Men's, Boys,
and child's kip and Spill Boots, amples
the sold without reserve.
ANDERS & CO.

ARGE AUCTION SALE

TS AND SHOES

RY GOODS, D CAPS, CLOTHING, NOTIONS, L.

EDNESDAY, SEPT. 4.

ISON, POMEROY & CO., actioneers, 78 & 80 Randolph-st.

AT AUCTION,
on Freight Depot at west end of Indians
Vinduct,
f, SEPT. 2. AT 10 O'CLOCK A. Ma

er Chicago & Northwestern R. R. Co. LISON, POMEROY & CO., Anctioneers

BUTTERS, LONG & CO.

EHOLD FURNITURE

PAINTINGS, CHROMOS, ETC.,
AT AUCTION,
AY MORNING, Sept. 4, at 9% o'clock,
173 and 175 Randolph-st.

AR THURSDAY'S TRADE SALE

roishing Goods, Etc.,

500 PACKAGES AINED BAGGAG

TS. SHOES.

Auction Sale

We take pleasure in announcing the arrival of our FALL IMPORTATIONS of

SILKS, VELVETS & SATINS.

This immense display will afford a most favorable opportunity for inspecting and procuring the choicest productions of the European markets.

This stock comprises six different grades of quality, OVER ONE THOUSAND PIECES, and includes every new color manufactured, ranging in price from 75c to \$2.50 per yard.

Our stock of Black Silks indudes all the leading makes of QUINET, BONNET, BELLON, And other celebrated makes, at

Lowest Prices. Special attention is directed to our qualities of GUINET'S BLACK SILKS at \$2.00, \$2.25,

and \$2.50. Also a line of Gros Grain Silks at 75c, \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

The enlargement of this department enables us to offer a superb stock of

Lantilla & Trimming Velvets, lack and Colored, of Lyons and Geneva manufacture. With wiew to establishing an exded patronage, our prices will be below the market value.

SATINS In all the new tints for Combi-

nation Costumes. Also NOVELTIES

h Brocades, Damasse, Satin-Striped Silks, &c., &c., &c.

Ours is the best-lighted Silk Department in the city. MANDEL BROS.,

121 & 123 State-st. Michigan-av. and Twenty-second-st.

THE TOBEY **FURNITURE CO.** 

Designers and Manufacturers.

perior excellence in DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, and FINISH, at prices that cannot fail to satisfy the most careful and econical buyers.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED CHAMPION" FOLDING BEDSTEAD.

State and Adams-sts. OPTICIANS.



Photographer
Photographer
Photographer
Photographer
Photographer
Photographer
Photographer
Pake Elevator.
Pake and CABINET Photographs A SPECIALTY AT STEVENS STUDIO.

See and 87 East Madison et., over Her
THE VERY FINEST IN THE CITY.

Conducted on both the American and European Plan. REDUCTION IN PRICES!

The Only Fire-Proof The Palace Hotel of House in America. the World. CONTAINS 715 ROOMS .- CAN ACCOM-

500 ROOMS REDUCED TO \$3.00 Per Day \$1.00 Per Day

MODATE 1,000 PERSONS.

WITH MEALS. WITHOUT MEALS. An extra charge for Parlors, Double Rooms, and

ooms with Bath POTTER PALMER, Owner and Proprieto r.

WATCHES.

GILES, BRO. & CO.,

S. E. cor. State and Washington-sts., Chicago.

Wholesale Rooms, 34 and 36 Washington-st.

EXPOSITION.

SIXTH ANNUAL

OF CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY EVE'G, Sept. 4, at 7 o'clock.

Display in all the Departments of ART, INDUSTRY, and SCI-

MUSIC by the GREAT LOESCH OR-CHESTRA

ADMISSION:

Adults - - - 25 cents. Children - - 15 cents.

HEATING APPARATUS. Heating & Ventilating **APPARATUS** 

Schools, Churches, Stores, Dwellings, Conservatories, &c.

STEAM OR HOT WATER. JOHN DAVIS & CO., 75, 77 & 79 Michigan-st.

EDUCATIONAL. MORGAN PARK Military Academy.

Higher School for Boys.

KAEMPFER'S

JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.

Are now opening NEW DE-SIGNS in Jewelry, Solid Silverware, and Silver-plated In Camel's Hair fabrics; very Goods, made to their order at stylish! greatly reduced wages during

the dull season. Their stock of Watches, Chains, Diamonds, Cameos, etc., was never so complete.

nor purchased so favorably. They WARRANT every article of the highest standard,

and fully 20 PER CENT less Truly Magnificent than can be purchased at elsewhere.

Visitors to the city are invited to inspect.

RETAIL AND WHOLESALE DEPARTMENTS State and Monroe-sts.

TOYS AND FANCY GOODS. THE LATEST

NOVELTIES

TOYS FANCY GOODS

Fancy China, Bohemian Glass, Lava and Parian Ware, and Swiss Carved Goods. Great variety of Bird Cages, Willow Ware BABY CARRIAGES TO BE CLOSED OUT AT REDUCED PRICES. Our New Importations are all in, an

138, 140 & 142 State-st.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

THE LARGEST STOCK Pianos and Organs CHICAGO, W. W. KIMBALL'S, Cor. State & Adams-sts.

TO RENT. TO RENT.

Field, Leiter

& Co. WABASH-AV.,

Between Madison & Monroe-sts., Will open to-day their first Fall Importations of

> Real India Camel's Hair Shawls!

Comprising a large and mag-nificent assortment of New and Choice Novelties in Filled Centres, Plain Centres, with borders, and Striped, Long, and Square Shawls. Also India Decca Shawls in the nost attractive styles.

French Cashmere Long and Square Shawls

Broche, Paisley, and Perian Striped in great variety. Special attention is invited to an elegant line of

Fancy Wool, Beaver, and Velvet Wraps!

Representing fresh Novelties from the best Looms in the World.

"The Gainsbro" Wrap!

Evening Shawls!

styles, and all at lowest prices!

DEPARTMENT STORE.

To the Public:

As certain parties have taken the liberty to open a store and calling it "STEIN'S DOLLAR STORE," for the purpose of deluding the public. The original "STEIN'S DOLLAR STORE" was changed and moved on May 1 to 122 and 124 State-st., anda GÉNERAL DEPART-MENT STORE made thereof. Our reasons for changing were the decline in goods. thus enabling us to sell all Dollar goods from 65c to SIc, as shown. Had we re-mained in the Dollar business such would not have been done. We hope this will be appreciated by the public, as the original Dollar Store has ALWAYS aimed to be a first-class store, and therefore desires to re-tain that confidence which it as so many years enjoyed. Remember, the "STINE'S DEPARTMENT STORE" is NOW at 122 & 124 STATE STREET. 13 We sell goods from Se to \$100

Vergho, Ruhling & Co. E. S. JAFFRA & CO., Dry Goods

DRY GOODS

120 Fifth-av., Chicago, Carry a full line of Goods, in sufficient quantities to immediately deliver entire

FINANCIAL. LAZARUS SILVERMAN BANKER, CHAMBER OF CONMERCE,

Special Notice.

NOTICE

Improvement in Any of the Fever-Stricken Communities.

The People of New Orleans Gloomily Accept the Inevitable.

Over One Thousand Victims Gathered In There by the Plague.

Incidents of the Fearful Vis-

itation at Grenada, Miss.

Only Three Persons Out of the Whole

Population Escape the Disease.

of Grave-Diggers and Coffin-Makers. The Terrible Fever Has Taken

Memphis Complains of a Lack

Full Possession of Port Gibson, Miss.

the Appearance of the NEW ORLEANS.

Panic at Hickman, Tenn., Caused by

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 2.—The death rate we the same as yesterday, eighty-eight. The dis-ease has crept down into and permeated the lower sections of the city, the old French and Spanish quarter, which were hitherto exempt or lightly touched in former epidemics. The disease is prostrating whole colored famities. None appear exempt. Even the word acclimation seems a misnomer, since scores have died who had the fever in former years and have never left the city since. Still the disease, considering the number of those taken sick, is of a mild type. The best opinion among Howard doctors is, that only 7 to 8 per cent are fatal. The same authority declares that only about 10 per cent of the cases have been reported, owing to the loose manner in

which the Board of Health has conducted business. This would indicate that AT LEAST TWENTY THOUSAND PROPLE have or have had the fever this season so far. There seems to be no more panic. The people have settled down to the full realization of the dreadful state of affairs. None are sure of escaping. Several benevolent societies are at work auxiliary to the Howards and Christians, or independent. The distress and destitution, which are enormous, are promptly met. The Peabodys have issued rations so far to

Internal Revenue united in a dispatch to the Secretary of War urging no delay in issuing

Peabodys will have 25,000 to 30,000 people to GENEROUS CONTRIBUTIONS have come from New York, Indianapolis, and other Northern cities, besides what New Orleans merchants have given, but all this will be exhausted in a week if great efforts are not made. The street in front of the offices of the

Howards and Christians are choked up with ap-THE TOLLING BELL.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 2.—Great complaint is made on account of the persistency of the Catholic churches in tolling the bells at The bell of St. Patrick's Church, on Camp street, in the centre of a badly-infected district, repeatedly tolled yesterday and to-day, greatly to the discomfort and danger of the sick on whom the gloomy sound produces a bad effect. The press have called attention to the nuisance, but as yet without effect.

To-day every hearse in the city was in active requisition, and the spectacle was presented of ends going out with a coffin in a wagon. MORTALITY AMONG CHILDREN. To the Western Associated Press.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 2.—Weather clear and warm. Deaths vesterday include twenty chil-

dren under 7 years, to-day nineteen. Later the weather was cloudy and threaten

From noon to 6 p. m. twenty deaths were reported to the Board of Health. The total for the day, eighty-eight.

Total deaths from fever to date, 1,091, including 461 children under 11 years of age.

The new cases include Willis K. Wolf and Robert Parsons, of the telegraph office, and J. M. Walpole, tormerly of the P.cagune.

The Very Rev. Joseph Millett, Vicar-General of the Archdiocese of New Orleans, died of yellow-fever at 5 o'clock this evening after six days' filness. illness.
following has been sent to the Secretary

of War:

New Onleans, Sept. 2.—The Hon. Secretary of Har:

We would most respectfully arge the issuing of rations through the Feabody Relief Association. The distress is terrible. Immediate relief necessary. Contributions thus far inadequate. George. Contributions thus far inadequate. A. S. Baderi, Collector of Customs.

A. S. Baderi,

Postmaster.

M. M. Marks.

Collector of Internal Revenue.

B. F. Flanderis,

Assistant Tresfurer.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 2.—The Hon. George W. McCrarv. Secretary of War. Washington. D. C.: We respectfully request that you will authorize the Subsistence Department of the army here to issue rations sufficient to relieve the present distress.

Maddison Wells, Thomas Anderson.

Among the negroes.

New Orleans. Sept. 2.—The Howards report a large increase of fever cases among the negroes. One member of the Visiting Committee reports on his list nine negroes in one house on Cherca street, and six in one house on Theress street.

resa street.
APPLICATIONS FOR RELIEF.

APPLICATIONS FOR RELIEF.

The Howards report 248 applications for relief to-day. The Peabody Relief Association are getting well under way. They to-day filled 1,300 requisitions for rations. The Young Men's Caristian Association Relief Committee are doing noble work. To date they have attended to the wants of 501 fever patients, and to-day, in response to a request of the Peabody, Association, issued ninety-two requisitions for rations.

Members are visiting the homes of applicants and satisfying themselves of their wants.

THE WEEKLY MORTUARY REPORT,

rus weekly mortuary report, ending Sunday, 6 p. m., shows 506 deaths, 411 from vellow fever. Deaths from fever, 391 whites and 30 colored.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 2.—Representative Ellis, of Louislana, is here, and applied to the Secretary of War for relief for the suffering poor of New Orleans. There is no law permitting the issue of rations in such cases, but

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

GRENADA.

Too telegraph message came from absent friends, and breathed words of sympathy, love, and encouragement. She thanked the telegrapher, and in response to the question, "Can I do anything for you, Mrs. Marshail" said: "No, but God bless you for your kindness. Only God can help me now "Opposite Mrs. Marshail lay

he telegraph operator, who was a brother-in-law

o Mrs. Marshall. He was found lying at the quint of death. Three of his children had died

within the last ten days, and now he was almost one. On another hed lay his wife and little ones.
"They are alive, you see," she said, "and, God
villing, will soon be well again. I have nursed

them for the past seventeen days. In that time I have never taken off my clothing or gone to sleep." Mr. Hebër was surprised at hearing of the death of his neighbors' children, and said

or the death of his neighbors' children, and said that he did not know anything about the terrible havoc which the plague had committed in all points surrounding here. Meeting Mr. D. M. Bishop, an estimable citizen of Grenada, in response to the inquiry, "What good news?" he responded: "No good news to-day." Then, breaking down, his eves filling with tears, he said: "I'm all alone in."

eves filling with tears, he said: "I'm all alone in

the world now. In six days the terrible scourge

In a house near Mr. Bishop's lay an aged couple, ooth lying in one bed sick with the fever, while in

both lying in one bed sick with the fever, white in an adjoining room lay their son, also prostrated. Whole families have been wiped out of existence, and only three of the original inhabitants are left in the town who have not been stricken with the fever. They are Samuel Heber, E. J. Armsted, the Southern Express agent, and a boy waiter at the Chamberlain House. The houses on all sides are closed, barred, and locked, except those containing the sick, dying, and convalescent. No per can paint the grim, dark, deserted, and desolate gloom which hangs over this once beautiful city. At the breaking out of the fever there the citizens fled the town in swarms.

ONLY 240 WHITES REMAINING.

ONLY 230 WHITES ASSESSED OF this number 236 were prostrated with the fever. To-day 130 lie in their graves, seventy are pronounced convalescent, and, with good treatment and weather, may recover, while the re-

maining thirty are in a dying condition. Seventy-seven negroes and unknown whites were also pros-trated with the fever. Thirty-nine of this num-

ber have proved fatal, while the majority of the remainder are in a disabled and dying condition.

The following are the names of those prostrated

col and grandchild, Annie Williams and mother

Carrie McLean, Robert Highgate, wife, three daughters, and son, William Walters, J. E. Hughes,

CONSIDERED DANGEROUS

DEAD.

hot, making waking not only unpeasant, over exceedingly dangerous.

The following sad scenes are authentic. A Howard woman nurse was standing on the platform last night, wanting to telegraph to Memphis for money to take her home to that city, where her little child was reported dying with fever; but the telegraph office was locked up and the operators dying. A woman enters Mr. Coan's office and wants a colored woman nurse

Haddock, the Baptist minister.

fled the town in swarms.

MY WIFE AND SIX CHILDREN."

DEFINITE INTELLIGENCE ONCE MORE.

Special Dispatch to The Tribuna.

St. Louis, Sept. 2.—A. H. Spink, a St. Lou-St. Louis, Sept. 2.—A. H. Spink, a St. Louisian, who has been in Grenada three weeks, arrived here to-day, having left that plague-spot yesterday. Relating his experiences there day before yesterday, he says:

In company with J. F. Heber, the operator who went there to take the brave Bill Redding's place, and Dr. Fountain, of New Orleans, I visited the sick, dying, and convalescent. Mr. Heber carried a telegraph dispatch to Mrs. Marshall, who had lost her husband and three children by the dire disease. She was found lying on her bed, completely exhausted in physical and mental strength. The sight of this poor woman lying in her bed, moaning piteously for husband and children ail dead in a week's time, brought tears to the eyes of her three visitors. The telegraph message came from absent friends,

to attend a sick and dying patient. Mr. Coan answers we have not another nurse left. A servant enters and says Redding, the operator, is hungry and wants something to eat. The Doctor answers, "Don't give him a mouthful." Mr. Coan's office is in the Chamberlam House, where ten patients are quartered, and their piteous appeals for bread and nodrishment goright to the heart of the unintilated; but the doctors, understanding the terrible consequences of giving any of the patients food, listen to the appeals with closed ears.

Mrs. A. C. Heron, one of the New Urleans muses, said there is no need of any of the patients dying if they will only ober instructions. The trouble is, as soon as they feel a little strong they want to eat all kinds of food, and do as they please. A single mouthful of solid food kills any yellow-fever convalescent. Many have been up and had almost recovered from the fatal disease, but, upon eating too anbstantial food, they at once suffered a relapse resulting in death.

At 5 o'clock last night the cook was prostrated while getting supper. Your correspondent was sitting in the office with Mr. Coan and one or two other gentlemen, listening to a young man say he would rather cook than carry messages. He was the Howard's messenger. When the news came in that the cook was prostrated, Mr. Coan said to the young man. "Can you cook?" The young man said "Yes," and in less than?

MEMPHIS.

NO ABATEMENT. MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept. 2.-To-day ope clear and warm, and with the little force of workers nearly exhausted. The fever continued without any abatement. It is impossible to ob tain new cases to noon, for the reason that the physicians are not required to report before 5in the afternoon. The undertakers report forty-eight yellow-fever interments up to noon, and the indications are that the death list will be as large as yesterday.

A BREAD RIOT.

A number of negroes, some of them drunk, assembled before the commissary depot this morning, and, becoming riotous, made a rush for the door. They were kept back by the colored military on guard, but, if second attempt being made, the guards fired, killing one E. Wright spoke to the crowd, and quiet was

The Committee is doing all in its power supply the people with food, but some of the negroes are dissatisfied with the manner in which the rations are issued. Further trouble

THE PEVER ROLL. MEMPHIS, Sept. 2.—The Board of Health rec-ords show eighty-four new cases and fifty-three deaths for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 p. m.

Alf Watson, the negro shot by the guard at the Commissary Department and reported killed, is not dead, but badly wounded. Fears of trouble are aliayed to-night. Some negro agitators have been talking to the colored people of attempting to create trouble, but by the prompt action of Maj. William Willia and other members of the Citizens' Relief Committee they were arrested this afternoon and put in the station-house, and no fears of further trouble are felt

Great difficulty is being experienced in getting carpenters to make coffins for the pauper dead, and dig graves, but so far all the dead have been buried promptly, except in cases where persons have died unattended in sickness and the corpses were only discovered through the efforts of the Health Officers and assistants, as has been the case in several instances.

LATEST DEATHS.

N. D. Menken died this evening.

Adolph Thumei, Teller of the German National Bank, died this evening.

A DOOMED CITY.

PRONOUNCED CONVALESCENT:

Dr. May's two children, Meily Condon, Mrs.
Knox and two children, William Stokes, Henry
Carey, Lucy Stokes, Mrs. Heber and three children, Dr. Ray, Sam, W. A., and H. L. Cromwell,
Mrs. D. E. Journet, Dora and Cora Chamberlain,
Sam Woods, John Huffington, Augustine Wright,
J. M. Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Lake and two
children, Mrs. L. E. Peacock and baby, Mr. and
Mrs. Chandler, Glen Wolf, J. B. Townsend, Dr.
Peeples, J. E. Shankle, wife, and child, E. Shankle and William Shankle, his nephew, Mrs. Bristol and grandchild, Annie Williams and mother, AVALANCHE OFFICE, Midnight, Aug. 29.—We

Mrs. Lignaigo and two children, Beile and Mrs. William Ayres, J. J. Lilly and wife, O. P. Raw-lios and two children, Mrs. A. P. Sanders and AVALANCHE OFFICE, Midnight, Aug. 29.—We are dobmed. It is hard, as we write in this dark, dismal night of death, not to realize the full meaning of that brief sentence. It is hard for any man of the few left in this city of sorrows not to take the sentence to himself with a painfully personal application as the sentence of death. Scarcely any are left but those who are crowding down personal care in the noble purpose of others' good. To them death, if it comes, will have the sweetening consolation that it is brought by as noble a service as the God of Heaven, as the man on earth, ever looked upon. To die for man is to imitate the grandest event in the history of our globe, it is to imitate the death of the Savior of the world. The rain falls slowly, the storm of the afternoon having sunk into a dismal, solemnly sad drizzle, as though the heavens themselves were touched to tears at the sight of so much human misery. child, and Dr. Campbell. Those prostrated whose are Alexander Rofalsky, Mrs. Jackson, Mrs. Ham-in, Kate Sadler, Amos Sadler, and brother, Collin Gray. Dr. May. Allie and Rose Hughes, Josie and Charles Wood, Mrs. Scantling, W. J. Liller, Ike Williams, Alphonso Gerard, Juliet Gerard, O. B. Rawlins, Jake Heckel, J. G. Hall, Sr., Dr. E. W. Hughes, Eurene Milton, Gen. Stedmeyer, Dr. W. W. Hall, and his mother, Mrs. J. G. Hall, Mrs. Irwin. Robert Sadler, Tom Irby, and the Rev. Dr. Haddock, the Baptist minister.

TESTERDAY'S DEATHS.

GRENADA. Sept. 2.—Six deaths, three white, three colored. Eight new cases to-day. The whites were Col. Butler P. Anderson, of the Memphis Howards; Postmaster Cole, and a young man, name unknown. Anderson's remains leave here at midnight on a special train for Memphis. Like nearly all the other cases, he was getting along nicely until a very short time before his death.

DEAD. as though the heavens themselves were touched to tears at the sight of so much human misery. The rattle of an occasional vehicle along the silent street tells that the member of some benevolent society is hastening to minister to tas sick or dying. That is all. Else is sile-nee, deathly and awful, with naught but the rattle of the water from the roof into the tin gutter, and that has the ominous gurgle of a death-rattle in the human throat.

Seventy dead, and at least 125 new cases. God help us! inable lever here at intending to the other cases, he was getting along nicely until a very short time before his death.

DEAD.

NEW ORLEARS, Sept. 2.—Dr. Stone this afternoon telegraphed the Howards from Grenada saving: "Butler P. Anderson is dying."

SELF-RACRIPTING.

Dr. Stone appealed to the Howards to send a telegraph operator. These wishes being made known to J. W. Hunssker, he at once consented to go, and left on the evening train on a few minutes' notice, greatly obliging the Howards.

FEARPUL TIMES.

Dispatch to New Fork Brendt.

GRENADA, Miss., Aug. 31.—The fever has got so had here that the Post-Office has been closed for several days. The Relief Committee ran it for some days, but now they have beeome sick and have disbanded. There is no mail delivered. The negroes are so lazy they will not work, but hang around the commissary rooms, and do not miss the opportunity to receive every ration they can, whether they have had their share or not. The physicians have had actually to send to New Orleans for gravediggers.

The Howard Association here now is represented by Mr. D. W. Coan, of Memphis; T. J. Brogan and Dr. Warren Stone, of New Orleans. They have entire charge of the town. Mr. Coan and Mr. Brogan attend to the business and Dr. Stone to the medical matters, For many days the Howard representatives have had great trouble in making the local undertakers bury the dead promptly. Many victims have been left exposed for hours in the graveyards, the undertakers refusing to dig the graves except as suited their own convenience. The Howard men insisted that ali bodies should be interred at once to prevent the spread of the disease.

This morning the lifeless body of a negress was found lying in one of the houses almost totally decomposed, sending forth a sickly and deadly odor. The Howards informed the local undertakers of this fact, but they refused then to bury the corpse. The Howards, to facilitate matters, sent a man up-town with orders to seize the first horse and warpon he came across and use it as a

rattle in the human throat.

Seventy dead, and at least 125 new cases. God help us!

If nope were not worn to a skeleton; if she had not taken herself to prayer, we might fied a soark to kindle a week glow of light. In this impenetrable darkness, and expect that the heavy shower of to-day would wash from air, from gutter, and from bayou, a part of the foul, pestilential air which is breeding death.

The horrors of the hour cannot be told, even if the heart did not sicken at the task. They are horrors such as make a heil on earth; such as make life almost a burden. Eisewhere it will be seen that a noble band of physicians have come to our aid. We need them all, and more, and when we think into what a tornado of death they throw their frail bodies, we cannot but be amazed that strangers should dare so much for strangers. Their reward is found in a higher sphere than that in which dur full hearts beat in gratitude.

The Howards need men to supply the places of their sick. Their inability to visit all the stricken yesterday caused much distress, if not deaths. The ranks of the clergy, as brave a company of Christian soldiers as ever faced martyrdom without a fear, have been invaded. But why write more? Why try to add words when the dark list below speaks so plainly of our unprecedented calamity? Where it all will end God only knows.

TRUE AND BRAVE WOMEN.

TRUE AND BRAVE WOMEN.

Thue and branch women.

Thue are women of plack and unsurpassable devotion in Memphis who are daring everything for those they love. The faithless are of the other sex, of those whom the world in one of its greatest mismoners has dubbed "the stronger sex." While John Donovan forsakes his wife and leaves his children to the in strangers hands, while a son bies to Arkansas Springs and leaves his mother and two brothers to be borne by other hands to the grave, in contrast shines out the faithfulness of woman as a devoted mother, as a patient, attentive wife, as a life-risking daughter, sister. Irlend. By the bedside of the burning body, inhaling the poison of the sick room, foal with that odor which tells the insture of the dreadful disease, performing service which none other will do, wearing a smile while the heart is breaking, and lifting up the head when in the last agony, her berson is befouled by that most repulsive and horrible of all substance,—black vomit,—she sits and watches, and nurses and cares for her loved one till be lives again or basses betond her aid. The penalty of her service of loye is generally death.

Instances come to the writer's mind faster

of beef, mustard, condensed milk, an

Brown & Van Osdell Manufacturing Company.

Employes same
Drug trade, by O. W. Schultz.
Board of Trade, by J. B. Datch.
R. G. Dunn & Co., employes
W. R. Graef, N. Y. by John B. Drake.

Employes of freight office, C. B. & Q.
R. R.

Hats, caps, etc., by A. A. Banks.

Employes S. Weil & Bro..

Paper, stationery, etc., by A. C. McClurg.

Baptist Church, Downer's Grove.
C. W. Hargen, Warsaw, Wis.

Cittzens of Odell.

A. C. Brendecke.

Employes Michigan Central R. R., Detroit

troit
William Stevens and employes
Plasterers Benevolent Society
Board of Trade, by J. B. Dutch
Porty-seventh Street Congregati
Church

Forty-seventh Street Congregational
Church
Church
Lumbermen. by J. H. Skeele
Employes Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific
by W. G. Purdy
Highland Park Sunday school
Langley Avenue Methodist Church
Employes Field, Leiter & Co., retail carpot and upholstering department.
Employes Hibbard, Spencer & Co.
Norwegin Lutheran Church.
Paints and Oils, by W. F. Milligan.
Hotels, by H. G. Pulling.
Officers and employes Hibinois Central
Railroad, and cltizens on line of road.
Union Swedenborgian Church.
Merker Brothers
Boots and Shoes, by J. T. McAuley
Murry Nelson, Chairman of Committee.
Employes Chicago & Northwestern Railroad.
Attorneys, by John L. Thompson.

\$29, 236

Total to date.....

The Chicago and Northwestern contributed in all to date \$990.89.

Mr. Hemmingway acknowledges the

James Stewart, and L. L. Mills, State's Attor-ney, was placed in the chair, and J. J. Healey was selected as Secretary.

Mr. Garrick, of the Sheriff's office, suggested that the sense of the meeting be declared to be

that the sense of the meeting be declared to be that a picnic be held to aid the sufferers.

Mr. Healy wanted a committee of seven appointed to make the arrangements for the picnic, and urged that whatever was to be done should be done at once.

Mr. Andreas wanted several committees appointed, and that all of the departments—city and county—should be represented by at least one person.

Mr. Dixon, of the Police Department, was in

Mr. Dixon, of the ronce Department, was in favor of the fullest representation, and thought a few days' delay would only add to the amount of the general contribution.

Col. Scribner thought no time should be lost, and that if a committee was appointed it should

o at once. Others expressed themselves at length, and

finally a Committee of Arrangements, consisting of Messrs. Hanchett, Dixon, Hoechster, Ste phens, Mullov, Brockway, and Healy was ap

pointed, and the meeting adjourned.

After the adjournment of the meeting the Committee of Arrangements met and transacted some business, notwithstanding that the hour

was late.

A proposition was received to hold a picnic at Ogden's Grove without cost for grounds at any time the Committee might suggest, except Sunday, which led to a dispate, and finally Messrs. Hanchett, Hoechster, and Mulloy were appointed a Committee on Grounds, and it was agreed to hold a picnic, for the benefit of the cause Tuesday.

agreed to noid a picnic, for the benefit of the cause Tuesday.

Messrs. Duffy Bros., county contractors, came forward and offered to donate to the cause all of the cakes, bread, and pies that could be disposed of, and the Committee received the proposition with many thanks, and resolved at once to establish an eating booth in connection with the pienic.

On motion, Messrs. Dixon, Mills, and Hanch-

ett were appointed to solicit contributions for the benefit of the proposed picnic, and after some further discussion the Committee ad-journed until to-morrow morning, when it will increase its membership by seven, and make oth-

er necessary arrangements.

THE BAPTISTS.

The Baptist ministers, at their meeting vesterday, adopted the following:

Resolved, That we tender our warmest sympathies to our orethren in the fever-stricken districts of the South, and quamment to the Baptist charches in Chicago and ficinity to take up collections for their relief. Contributions may be sent to the Rev. S. Landrum, D. D., of Memphis, or the Rev. Dr. Wilson, pastor of the Colliscum Place Baptist Chuich, or to Dr. C. R. Blackall, No. 71 Randolph street, Chicago, who will forward to the proper authorities in the most needy districts.

randoph street, Chicago, who will forward to the proper authorities in the most needy districts.

NEW ORLEANS.

Mr. Hemingway, Superintendent of the Y. M. C. A., yesterday received the following letter:

New ORLEANS, Aug. 20.—Mr. A. T. Hemingway, General Secretary F. M. C. A., Chicago—

DEAR BROTHER: Accept our thanks for your second and timely remittance of \$111.75 of 26th inst. We owned receipt of your first remittance on the 26th inst. Our work steadily increases; the development of new cases the past three days carries the evidence of the widening extent and desperate needs of our stricken poor. We work ourselves down with efforts to administer prompt retief. The demands on our resources are so great as to cause anxiety for the near future. We hope to receive liberal support from our brethren all over the country. We use our funds with the strictest economy, and are doing a large work at a wonderfully small expense. Of narses we have an excess—old, experienced, willing, and fithful—at \$2 for twenty-four hours service. Yours truly

Treasurer Y. M. C. A. Relief Committee.

The St. George Society held a regular month-

Treasurer Y. M. C. A. Relief Committee.
St. George Society held a regular monthly meeting at the Sherman House last evening.
A communication from the St. George's Society of Memphis, asking aid for members of the Order in the South suffering from yellow fever, was received, and temporarily laid upon the table.

mittee, showing that during the past month five cases of destitution had been attended to, was received and accepted.

The Picnic Committee reported that the picnic of the Society, held Aug. 7, resulted in a profit of \$47, which amount was handed to the Treasurer.

Brown & Van Osdell Manufacturing Com-

pagne be sent.
The Committee, after considering the matter

The Committee, after considering the manage leeded not to go into the purchasing business, but only to send money. The articles could be purchased as cheap South.

Adjourned till Wednesday.

THE FOLLOWING CONTRIBUTIONS

Were made yesterday;

death, but, in want of some one else to do had with her old hands prepared him for the rave.

A child was stricken with fever on Alabama treet. "Go," said the mother to the father, 'I shall never leave the box, but you must not e endangered." The coward complied, and aw from over the way a short cofin borne out

saw from over the way a short coffin borne out of his home. The mother is paying the price of her devotion, and by to-morrow will herself pass to her last home in the city.

A sick man's lady friend wrote: "Please let me come." And when his friends thought the die was cast, they consented to his summoning her. Boldly she laid aside her hat, pushed back her hair, and, forcing a smile to her lips, entered the room. Some of his male friends stood outside on the door-stens "to inquire how the dear old boy is getting alone."

The keeper of a house of ill-fame on Gayoso street, dared the loss of "business," dared the desertion of her place by all but one of its inmates, to nurse faithfully to the end one who was to her a comparative stranger, but whom chance had brought plague-stricken to her door. These are a few of hundreds. Mothers have made their sons leave town, and then, relieved apparently of all alarm, have sunk down to die. Wives absent have returned against positive orders and wishes of their husbands, preferring to die with those they love rather than to suffer the suspense away.

God in his mercy has sent these ministering

fer the suspense away.

God in his mercy has sent these ministering angels to make us forget for a time the horrors of wholesale death, and contemplate in them the glory and beauty of a better world.

angels to make us torget for a time the norrors of wholesale death, and contemplate in them the glory and beauty of a better world.

\*\*Extract of a Letter from a Sister of St. Mary.\*\*

You cannot imagine the utter desolation of the city to-night. They say there is nothing before Memphis but the fate of Grenada, multiplied in horror by the numbers who cannot get away. I sent to the Howards to-night for a megro woman to help Sister Theela in the care or our sick persons. The answer was, "Twelve applications unanswered before yours." We found three persons to-day (two lever cases—one a woman) alone in houses without any attendant whatever. I have spent my day in doing what I could for five people at once, with one visit from the doctor, and a positive refusal from the negroes to enter the rooms "for any money." Yeslerday morning I was called at 5 to go to one of the Church Home managers whose husband had just died in his office at the railroad depot. I found her, without a person but the officials, who were utterly at a loss what to do with her, in the outer office, while the body lay in the inner room. You cannot imagine how dreadful the contrast was between the signs of business, the scattered keys and tickets all around, and the hurry and roughness of that burial. They meant to be kind, but every moment's delay was periling their lives, and they would not even wait till I could send for Mr. Harris, who was out of the immediate city with a dying man. Somehow or other I madaged to make the poor wife put on her linen traveling-dress,—there was nothing else at hand,—and she begged for "something like mourning for Shelley!" A negro woman came in and gave her an old crape veil, and one of the brommon waiting-room, where we sat while they burried the body into a coffin. I shall never forget her shrieks when they struck the coffin against the stair-post. A few of the Masonshurried the body into a coffin. I shall never forget her shrieks when they struck the coffin sgainst the stair-post. A few of the Masons rame with us, and she and I were the only women whom I saw anywhere near the depot or the graveyard. A gentleman read a few prayers from my book and hurried us away from the grave, saying that the funeral service and the two carriages were "against the law." In truth, most of the funerals are wholly unattended—a rough box and an open cart are all that can often be had. I met one a moment ago as I came home.

that can often be had. I met one a moment ago as I came home.

They have just brought in a little boy whom some of the Howards found in a room with two women—one dying, one dead. We took off his clothes and dropped them into the grate, and num into a bath, before we remembered that we had nothing to put on him but a Methe flannel night-gown. Mr. Harris came, and said that he would probably have the fever before morning, and that he would baptize him at once. So we took him to the chapel barefooted and in his night-dress, and baptized him—poor little thing—without much thought of the very incongruous, and notfling more so than the dull, quiet way in which we say and hear the usual morning salutation. "How many more to-day?"

One of the doctors died to-day.

TEMS FROM MEMPHIS PAPERS.

Memphia Appeal, Aug. 29.

Amid the suffering and sorrow of to-day there will go up a prayer to which everyone in Mem-

Amid the suffering and sorrow of to-day there will go up a prayer to which everyone in Memphis will say "amicun" that Butler Anderson's life may be soared; that he may live yet many years, an honor to the community and an example of the nighest type of courage. His labors at Grenada the past four weeks are without a parallel in the history of epidemics. He not only nursed cases hunself, but supervised all the philanthropic laborers, and for a time actually auministered the affairs of the plague stricken town. A here among heroes, he carried hope and comfort to a people without either, and from the chaos and conforts incident to so from the chaos and confusions incident to so fearful a visitation brought the order and system to which the few who survive the fever owe their lives. Like maby another hrave soldier, he has at last been beaten by the enemy, and stricken with the fever he now lies to flernando, where all that nursing and medical care can accomplish will be expended to restore him to health, that he may be spared to we for yet many wears of usefulness, honored by om the chaos and confusions incident to us for yet many years of usefulness, honored by those among whom he will stand with Gen.W. J. Smith, one of the most conspicuous heroes of the epidemic of 1878. The prayers of the whole

the epidemic of 1878. The prayers of the whole city are for his recovery.

Mr. John H. Dix, the proprietor of Dix's ne w hotel, Nashville, writes as follows: "Please say to your Board of Relief to send me four children, from 7 to 12 years old, to take care of until the yellow fever is over in your city, free of charge. I would take more, but have not sufficient room." of charge. I would take more, but have not sufficient room."

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—Editors Appeal: 1 tele-

Chicago, Ang. 24.—Editors Appeal: I telegraphed you last-night that I had been misrepresented by the reporter's account of my remarks at the meeting held for the relief of the yellow-lever sufferers. I send you a correct version of what I did say. My object was to secure the best and most practical method of contribution, and at the same time to put the people on their guard against sensational appeals, through which charity might be misdirected. I doubt not all intelligent acd honest men will justify my action when properly represented. I want you to place me right. D. K. McRar.

Memphis Appeal, Aug. 30.

The sale of watermelous has at last been prohibited.

There are seven of the Dominican sisters sick of the lever.

The Little Rock people are supplying those residing along the Memphis road with provisions and medicines. They will not allow the quarantine to be broken.

The prostration of Howard Visitor Ed Mans-

ford yesterday makes the nith cumbed in that district.

There are not one-fifth of the nopulation of Memphis at nome now as remained in 1873, yet the death report of yesterday exceeds by fifteen the greatest number reported on any day of

cumbed in that district.

There are not one-flith of the nopulation of Memphis at nome now as remained in 1873, yet the death report of yesterday exceeds by fifteen the greatest number reported on any day of that year.

Tar-barrel bonfiers are in abundance every night now. Fire is a purifier.

John Donovan will, we are advised by telegraph, publish a card in the Nashville American of to-day explanatory of his course. He might as well spare himself the trouble. Nothing that he can say will satisfy this people that he did not desert his family.

Two thousand rations are issued daily from the depot of the Citizen's Relief Committee for the use of the sick and indigent. This is the full amount contributed by the Government, to last twenty days. At this rate, unless the epidemic should cease its ravages, the allowance will soon be exhausted, and the Government will be called on for another contributed at the Howard Association rooms last night pleading for a nurse to be sent to assist his mother with his little brother, W. J. Smith, Jr., who was seized with vomiting and thought to be dying. No nurse could be found. Mr. H. H. Hargrave, of Shreveport, La., formerly connected with the Times, of this city, who arrived in the city last night, happened to step in the Howard rooms, and, on being told what was wanted, readily volunteered to go and nurse the child. Notwithstanding the prevalence of the epidemic, we notice that the hum of industry is not aitogether hushed within our bounds. Work on many of the pew buildings is actively in progress. The new stores on Union street, near the old quarters of the Appell, are being rapidly finished. Wilkinson's new drug-store on Main, near Union, is nearly ready for occupancy. St. Agnes Academy will be in complete order before many weeks, having risen Phoenix-like out of its ashes. The new mammoth cotton-sheds on Main street, near Butler, will also be ready for the fleecy staple when the packets once more crowd the nown deserted landing, and give employment to many now idle hands.

the times are bad, and the days of wo to come yet unnumbered.

Only a hearse, and that a trot.

They cannot all be buried in a day.

No clergyman's time admitsof his accompanying a funeral to the cemetery.

There are about twenty-five printers on duty in this city. Ordinarily the number is sixty. But three of the craft are down with the fever. W. G. Taylor and L. M. Lorentz were reported yesterday as doing well. J. B. Barker was not to well. The printers were arranging yesterday lo obtain rooms to nurse their sick, should any more be attacked.

ccived a telegram announcing that three Sisters of St. Mary (Episcopal)will leave New York to-day, to tender their services for the relief of yellow-fever victims in Memphis.

Miss D. Murdock, the volunteer nurse who was awarded a gold medal for valuable services in Shreveport during the epidemic of 1873, arrived yesterdaay from Milwaukee, Wis., and reported to the Rev. Dr. Harris, of St. Mary's (Episcopai) Church, for duty.

Memphis teclanche, Aug. 31

arried away.

Men, delirious, rush from their rooms into the street. Charleston's thirty-one nurses came in time westerday, and are now on dety.

Mr. James A. Barron, an old and trusted citizen of Savannah, Ga., arrived yesterday with thirteen nurses from the "Forest City" of Georgia. They were put on duty by the Howards at 7 o'clock last night.

VICKSBURG.

THE SICK-LIST INCREASING. VICKSBURG, Sept. 2.—The weather is clear and warm thermometer, 94 degrees. An appeal is made to the Israelites throughout the country for assistance to their sick and destitute countrymen here. The distress is very great. Remittances may be made to Alexande Kuhn, Treasurer of the Hebrew Relief Society,

Vicksburg, Miss.
The Howard Association estimates between ,500 and 2,000 sick, and increasing rapidly. Eight physicians report 110 new cases. It is estimated that there are over 200 new cases o-day. Deaths, fourteen whites, four blacks,among them Joseph T. Doll, merchant (recently elected Mayor); Charles H. Nathan, jeweler; and J. W. Jolley.

Dr. Whitehead's condition is very critical, but hopes are entertained of his recovery.

Thirty cases of fever are reported at Green ville, Miss., and five deaths. Disease spreading

OTHER SOUTHERN CITIES.

BROWNSVILLE, TENN. NASHVILLE, Tenn.. Sept. 2.—A Brownsville Tenn., special to the American reports a violent pidemic of yellow-fever, eighteen cases and our deaths being reported in the past twentyour hours. People are leaving by every man ner of exit. Such a panic has never before been known there. Nearly all the stores are closed and business suspended.

A Huntsville, Ala., special says two Memphis

efugees were taken with fever to-day and sent NEW ORLEANS, La., Sept. 2.—The following

New Orleans, La., Sept. 2.—The following dispatch is just received:

Port Girson, Miss. Sept. 2.—Four hundred cases and fifty-five deaths out of 555 persons remaining in town. About 1.200 have fed. The distress is very great. The sick are dying with no one to give them a drink of water. Some nurses are on the way from New Orleans and Chicago. Help and funds are needed. (Signed)

JAMES A. GAGE,

President Howard Association.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 2.—The following was

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 2.—Ine hollowing ware received to-day:

BATON ROUGE, La., Sept. 2.—To the Agent of the Associated Press: Eleven deaths from yellow fever have occurred here. Four in the last twenty-four hours. Many are down sick, and all business is stopped. Our financial resources are insunficient to relieve the distress, and we are compelled to ask the country to aid us. Our people are meeting the situation with great firmness.

LEON DASTRAMENSKY, Mayor.

St. Louis, Sept. 2.—As an additionar pressible infection from refugees from the afflicted cities, the Health Commissioner, C. W. Francis, has stationed a prompt and reliable physician at each police station in the city, whose duty it will be to visue of sickness of whatever of sickness of whatever are others,

stationed a prompt and reliable physician at each police station in the city, whose duty it will be to viste all cases of sickness of whatever kind reported by the police officers or others, and if the person sick is lately from the South, and shows the slightest sign of malarial fever, he is to be sent at once to the City or Quarantine Hospital, according to the character or stage of the disease. These physicians are to consult with Dr. Robinson, of the City Dispensary, in all doubtful cases, and will be supplied with the latest approved means to disintect and fumigate premises which have been occupied by persons who it may be have been occupied by persons, who it may be thought best or safest to send to quarantine. The latter hospital is on the river bank, twelve miles below the city, capable of accommodating 600 patients, and is the best-appointed buildings of the kind in the country. Patients will be cared for there in the best possible manner, and refugees from the South. namer, and refugees from the South.
especially those with limited or no means, who are sick of any disease, will be infinitely better off there than at hotels or boarding-houses. This action of the Health Commissioner meets the hearty ap-proval of all classes of citizens, and takes away the least fear that the yellow fever will tak

hold in this city.

HOUSTON, TEX..

HOUSTON, Sept. 2.—The quarantine order has been so modified as to allow the admission of freight and express matter when accompanied by the consigner's affidavit that the goods have not been in infected parts sing July 20. Only. not been in infected ports since July 20. Only first-class mail matter will be admitted, which must be thoroughly funicated before entering the State. Passengers coming into Harris County must have a passport from the Mayor of the city, town, or county where they come from, stating that the bearer has not since the 20th of July, '78, been in any infected place, and said passport to bear the seal of the city, town, or county. This is in addition to the usual oath before the deputy health officer.

AT CINCINNATI. ot been in infected ports since July 20.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 2.—A Miss Davis, from

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 2.—A Miss Davis, from New Orleans, was removed to the City Hospitial last week, suffering from yellow fever. Her case to-day is considered very critical. A death from yellow fever is reported at Franklin, O.

EXCITING REPORTS.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK, Sept. 2.—There was considerable excitement here to-day over a report of yellow fever at Houston, Tex., St. Louis, and Helena, in this State. As yet there has been no sign of a case here.

HICKMAN, KY. HICKMAN, KY.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. Sept. 2.—In response to a call upon him, Dr. L. P. Blackburn will go to Hickman, Ky., as soon as possible.

LOUISVILLE.

At present there are nine cases of imported yellow fever in hospital here. One death occurred to-night.

RELIEF.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune, Sr. Louis, Mo., Sept. 2.-The following tele grams were received to-day by merchants of this city, and were handed to George Morgan, Secretary of the Exchange:

DBLIII, La., Sept. 2.—To Mesers, Wickham & Pendleton: We are suffering terribly from yellow fever. Can your city contribute a few dollars for relief? Answer. DELLII, Sept. 2.—To Scharff & Bernheimer: This town is nearly down with fever. For God's sake send some funds for relief. It is a terrible signt.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Sept. 2.—To P. J. Kennedy, care Solls & Co.: Great destitution here. The Peabody Association need supplies. Help them if possible. I heartily indores this Association.

A: P. SOUTHMAYD.

To Sells & Co. -GENTLEMEN: Our citizens ar distress from yellow fever. Any assistance e acceptable. W. M. Milles,

PORT GIRSON, Miss., Sept. 2.—Meyer & Guye-Epidemic raging here. Much destitution. Aid urgently needed. A. & W. BURNETT.

MENTHIS, Tenn., Sept. 2.—To Sells & Co.—Wo need money and supplies for the use of the sick and destitute. Use your influence, and help us as soon as possible.

JAMES S. PRESTIDER, Chairman of Fund Committee. C. G. GUTHER.

The work of relief-subscriptions still goes on here, and large arkitions were made to-day to the Merchants' Exchange contributions. The Young Men's Sodality of St. Louis sent \$25, the proceeds of the collection yesterday, to the Sodality at Memphis, for the benefit of the yellow-lever sufferers.

yellow-fever sufferers.

TUSCOLA, ILL.

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TUSCOLA, ILL.

\*\*TUSCOLA, Best, Col. Phocien Howard shall Dr. J. L. Reet made extended addresses, The following Relief Committee was then named: W. H. Lamb, John C. Russeil, P. C. Stoah, N. A. Eddy, C. A. Dole, J. M. Smith, E. C. Finney, D. S. T. Spees, T. B. Foster, and H. B. Madison. Tuscola is a town dependent: upon agricultural prosperity, and three years' failure of crops leave the people somewhat poor, but this deserving charity appeals to their deepest sympathies, and a liberal contribution will be made.

DECATUR. H.L.

Special Dispatch to The Trill Fire, Ill., Sept. 2 - Activ

being made here for the relief of yellow fever sufferers. Collections were taken up in all the churches of the city yesterday, which are said to have been liberal, though the amounts are not yet known, except that of the Presbyterian Church,—the Rev. W. H. Presby,—where \$120 were raised. This amount will be increased by contributions of members not present at yesterday morning's services. The Good Templars have held a festival, the proceeds of which are for the good cause. Contributions are being made from other sources.

made from other sources.

JOLIET.

Special Dispatch so The Tribune.

JOLIET. Iil., Sept. 2.—Contributions were taken vesterday in the several Pretestant churches of this city for the benefit of the vellow-fever sufferers, and the following amounts realized: Central Presbyterian, \$35.50; Episcopal, \$18.53; First Lutheran, \$1; G.A.Buck, of Manhattan: \$25; Ottawa Street Methodist, \$400; First Presbyterian, \$12; Universalists, \$47.85. This, with \$85, the proceeds of a promenade concert, makes 4 total of \$328.13, which Mayor Elwood has forwarded to the Howard Association at Memphis.

Association at Memphis.

FORT WAYNE, IND.

Species Dispatch to The Tribunz.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Sept. 2.—The proceeds of the entertainment for vellow-fever sufferers, amounting to \$500, were sent to Memphis and Vicksburg to-day. Bishop Dwyer also sent \$100, the Light Catholic Secretar, \$100, and the amounting to 5300, were sens to sent \$100, the Irish Catholic Society \$100, and the Hebrew Aid Society \$100,—all to Memphis. Drs. Myers and Hamilton leave for Memphis to-morrow, their services having been accepted by the Howard Association.

by the Howard Association.

DIXON, ILL.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

DIXON, Ill., Sept. 2.—At a meeting held at the Court-House Saturday night a committee. was appointed to canvass the city in behalf of the vellow-fever suffers. The Committee have been at work to-day, and \$300 is undoubtedly related.

raised.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

Galesburg, Ill., Sept. 2.—Contributions toward the vellow-fever fund are rapidly increasing. The ward committees are having unlooked-for success. The churches are acting in the matter, and yesterday collections were taken up to be donated to the fund. Four hundred dollars were to-day forwarded to the Howard Association at Vicksburg and Memphis. Mr. John Dolan, a well known tarmer, gave \$25 this evening. LINCOLN, NEB

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 2.—Drs. J. G. Davis and J. P. Leslie leave to-morrow morning for Memphis to tender their services where most needed in yellow-lever districts. Dr. Davis has had the yellow fever, and both gentlemen think it a duty to go. They will take with them over \$500 contributed from Lincoln and Beatrice, and tonder their carriers feely

\$500 contributed from Lincoln and Beatrice, and tender their services freely.

KEWANEE, III..

Special Dispatch to The Pribune.

KEWANEE, III., Sept. 2.—In response to the call in The Sunday Tribune for aid to relieve the yellow-fever sufferers of the Fire Department at New Orleans, a meeting of our fire company was held this evening and \$75 were raised and forwarded to their reflect. More will follow.

ADRIAN, MICH.

Special Dispatch to The Probune.

ADRIAN, Mich., Sept. 2.—A public meeting at the Opera-House last evening raised \$335 for the relief of yellow-fever sufferers. The contributions to-day by Freemasons and citizens have added nearly \$200, and a canvass of th

crease the amount.

\*\*RALAMAZOO.\*\*

\*\*RALAMAZOO.\*\*

KALAMAZOO.\*\*

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probably be raised.

JACKSONVILLE, ILL.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

JACKSONVILLE, III., Sept. 2.—Contributions were taken up in all the different churches on Sunday for the relief of the yellow-fever sufferers. Subscriptions are also being made by the citizens and benevolent organizations. Seven hundred dollars have already been raised, with a prospect of swelling the amo

a prospect of swelling the amount to \$1,500.

DAVENPORT, 1a.

Special Dissuch to The Pribuse.

DAVENPORT, 1a., Scot. 2.—The work of raising tunds for yellow-fever sufferers progresses steadily. Some \$300 were raised in the different churches yesterday, and the total contributions from this city now exceed \$2,000.

MARTINSVILLE, IND.

Special Dispatch to The Tribuse.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 2.—The little Town of Martinsville, Morgan County, has raised \$108 for the relief of yellow-fever sufferers at Memphis.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—This city has raised \$100,000 for the reliet of the vellow-fever sufferers, and Robert Bonner, of the Ledger, starts the second hundred thousand with a check for \$1.000. Theatre benefits and church collections

\$1.000. Theatre benefits and church collections are now beginning. At a benefit in the Fifth Avenue Theatre Thursday atternoon, Mary Anderson, John McCullough, Edwin Booth, and Joseph Jefferson will appear. McCullough and Jefferson delay their departure for Chicago that they may play. The Grand Officers of the city Masonic Lodges held communication to-night, and \$1,000 were collected. Lodges throughout the State are appealed to for aid. Other organizations are also

MILWAUKEE, WIS.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., Seot. 2.—Up to to-night (1,000 has been contributed by the different dasonic Lodges in this city for the benefit of the vellow-fever sufferers. Grand-Secretary Woodhull says remittances from country lodges are just beginning to reach him, and are very liberal in amount. INDIANAPOLIS.

INDIANAPOLIS.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 2.—The yellow-fever relief from this city amounts to over \$4,500. This does not include the amount contributed by secret societies. The Odd-Fellows' fund amounts to \$800, with less than one-fifth of the lodges in the State heard from. Grand-Secretary Foster estimates that this fund will reach \$5,000.

PACIFIC COAST. SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 2.—Subscriptions to the vellow-lever fund now aggregate upwards of \$8,000. Another remittance will be made to-Eureka, Nev., sends \$450; the Typographical Union of Virginia City, \$150; and the Mechanics' Union, \$250.

chanics' Union, \$250.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 2.—Additional subscriptions to the Merchants' Exchange fever-fundhave increased it to over \$16,000, and outside donations will reach fully as much more. Remittances by the Committee to-day were \$250 each to Delhi and Port Gibson, Miss.; \$400 to Memphis; \$25 to Grenada.

Memphis; \$25 to Grenada.

CINCINNATI.

CISCINNATI, Sept. 2.—The total collections in this city for the fever sufferers to date, as near ascan be estimated, is \$15,000. Money is still being collected daily in considerable sums through subscriptions and by means of entertainments for the same purpose.

PITTSBURG.

PITTSBURG. Sept. 2.—Contributions to the

PITTSBURG, Sept. 2.—Contributions to ellow-fever fund to date, \$11,622. SAVANNAH.
SAVANNAH, Sept. 2.—Contributions, \$5,500, and to-day Dr. Cheves and two nurses were

AUGUSTA, GA.
AUGUSTA, Sept. 2.—Contributions, \$1,300. CHICAGO.

THE CITIZENS' COMMITTEE Relief of Yellow-Fever Sufferers held a neeting at half-past 10 o'clock yesterday morning in Secretary Randolph's office, Board of Trade Building, Murry Nelson in the chair, and present the Rev. Samuel S. Harris, W. A. Fuler, W. F. Baker, and J. Brown. The Rev. Mr. Harris had received a letter from a banker in New Orleans, which he read, suggesting that of the funds raised in this city 25 per cent should be sent to the Howard Association and 15 per cent to the Y. M. C. A. of New Oreans; 20 per cent to Memphis, 20 cent to Vicksburg, 10 per to Grenada, and 10 per cent to Port Gibson. Mr. Nelson also read a letter which had been addressed to him by a banker in New Orleans, suggesting that the funds sent to New Orleans from Chicago be equally divided be ween the Howard Association and the Young Men's Christian Association of that city. A letter from the Mayor's office in St. Louis stated that there was a kelief Association there, and it mad been concluded that it was best to hold a portion of the amount collected in reserve for a time, as the scourge was liable to break out in some of the smaller towns of the South, when money would be needed. oney would be needed.

Mr. Brenn, Clerk of the Committee, who has kept a record of the contributions of other cities, as reported by the Associated Press, made the following reports showing the amounts col-

the following reports showing the amount lected at the various points and the arsent to the infected districts: sent to the infectes districts:

Received at Boston, \$3,000; New York and Brookiyn, \$30,000; Philadelphia, \$18,302; Cincinnati, \$12,000; Indianapohs, \$3,700; St. Louis, \$21,700; Chicago, outside sources, \$6,420; Chicago Citizens' Committee, \$18,740; Baitimore, \$7,725. Total, \$232,350. The distribution of this fund has been as follows: New Orleans, \$20,263; Vicksburg, \$12,870; Memphis, \$17,392; Grenada. \$4,812; Port Gibson, \$10,000; Canton, \$250. Total, \$55,537. He also showed that the

victual was making superhuman but unsuccessful efforts to obtain subscriptions for the Journal at 20 cents per week.

The matter of sending runds to Memphis was then taken up, and it was finally decided to remit \$50 to the Treasurer of the St. George's Society of that city. Individual subscriptions to the amount of \$30 were also obtained.

THE OULDED PROPLE. mittee has now about \$18,000 in each on hand.

The method of appropriating this was thee discussed. All the members of the Committee agreed that it would be wise to appropriate the money so that the relief coming from this city should extend over a period of six weeks. The disease would not be abated in Memphis probably before the 10th of October; in Vicksburg by the 15th; in New Orleans it would reach its height by the 15th of September, but would not disappear before the 15th of December or 1st of January.

A meeting of colored retrieved as a color of colored citizens was called at Olivet Baptist Church, on Fourth avenue, last evening, to devise means of assisting their scourge-cursed brethren of the South; but, as not over half-a-dozen persons responded, those who did come went to their homes without accomplishing anything, or even calling the meeting to order.

disappear before the 15th of December or 1st of January.

Mr. Baker thought that the Board of Trade would make an appropriation of \$10,000, so that the Committee would probably have about \$30,000 to disburse. Taking this as a basis, they could afford to send \$5,000 a week.

Subsequently it was thought best only to use the amout on hand as a basis for their calculations, and if they got more in the future the appropriations could then be increased. Acting upon this, it was voted to send off \$3,000 this week, and to the following points: Memphis and Vicksburg, \$1,000 each; Port Gibson and Grenada, \$500 each.

A dispatch from Vicksburg asked that extract of beef, mustard, condensed milk, and cham-

complishing anything, or even calling the meeting to order.

At the meeting of the Veteran Club yesterday, Gen. Julius White called attention to the appalling condition of the yellow-fever stricken South. He said that all were under obligations to render all aid possible to the afflicted people. He thought that the Club should extend its sympathies to the sufferers.

Col. Scribner spoke of the meeting held yesterday afternoon by the county and city employes at the rooms of the County Commissioners, the result of which meeting was a determination to arrange a picnic, the proceeds to go to the Southern sufferers. He suggested that the Club join with the county and city employes in that picnic, and use all endeavors to make it a great financial success. He moved the appointment of a committee of three to take action in the matter.

make R a great mancial success. He moved the appointment of a committee of three to take action in the matter.

Col. Ricaby moved as an amendment that a Committee of nine be appointed from the Club to get up an independent enterprise, acting as a body and contributing as a body. Anything else the members chose to do was of course so much the more in addition.

The amendment was carried, and Gen. Beem was, by Gen. White's motion, made the Chairman of that Committee. The other members are volunteers. They are: Gen. Julius White, Mr. Hawks, Mr. Jones, Col. Ricaby, Mr. Stewart, Capt. Cook, Mr. James Morgan, Mr. Nickerson, Mr. Root.

Gen. White wished to renew Col. Scribner's motion to appoint a committee to consult with the originators of the picnic above mentioned, and extend the Club's support to the movement.

ment.
The motion was carried, and the Chair appointed as such Committee Messrs. McGrath, Hall, and Sexton,
THE CHICAGO, BOCK ISLAND & PACIFIC BAIL THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC BAILBOAD

recently issued a circular to their employes, calling their attention to the destitution and want in the cities and towns visited by the yellow fever, which appealed so strongly to the sympathy of those living in more favored locations, and suggesting that they contribute such sums as they might feel disposed to give, which, with the list of contributors, would be turned over to Mr. Purdy, the local Treasurer, who would see that the money was handed to the proper disbursing officer and duly credited. The response to this appeal has been prompt and gratifying. All connected with the road, from President down to the lowest laborer, show themselves eager to contribute, and it is expected that a large sum will be raised by this railroad for the ald of the Southern sufferers. The heads of departments alone have contributed \$500, which has been sent South. It will be some time before all portions of the road are heard from. When the totals are received they will, according to all appearances, be gratifyingly large.

they will, according to all appearances, be gratifyingly large.

THE UNITED STATES EXPRESS
yesterday forwarded to Mr. M. J. O'Brien, General Superintendent of the Southern Express
Company at Memphis, the sum of \$550, contributed by fits employees in this division, and other sums will soon follow. Mr. J. Shepard, the Superintendent of the United States Express Company, received the following dispatch yesterday from the agent of the Southern Express Company at Memphis: "Four our of men have been taken down. Help us if you can."

Mr. Hemmingway acknowledges the following receipts for the yellow-fever sufferers: Cash, \$2.50; Union S. S. picnic of Bloom, Ill., by the Rev. E. R. Davis, \$17.30; "Tis only a mite, but goes with an earnest prayer that it may do a little good. May fold add His blessing," \$2; W. L. Sampson, \$5; cash, 50 cents; a friend, \$5; eash, \$5; A. R. Rich, \$1.50; Mrs. C. C., \$2. Total amount received to date, \$609.91.

PBOF. PATTON'S CHURGH.

'Altough many had previously given liberally through committees representing various departments of business, Prof. Patton's Jefferson Park Presbyterian congregation last Sunday collected \$160 for the relief of the sufferers by yellow fever in Memphis. The money was yesterday forwarded to the Rev. W. E. Boggs, pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church, Memphis, a man abundant in labors by night and day among the sick and the dying.

The Mayor received \$55 for the yellow fever sufferers, it having been collected by William McA. Cregier from the employes of the Water-Works. Special Disp DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 2 .- To-day the police are making it hot for parties who got up a Sunare making it hot for parties who got up a Sun-day-Beer drinking demonstration in defiance of the Liquor law. The President of the Saloon-keepers' League, the lessee of Arbeter Hall, the Committee of Arrangements, and their attor-neys, Bloom & Dupper, are to be arraigned to-morrow for conspiracy to perform an unlawful act. The parties engaged in selling beer are also to be prosecuted under the State law. The saloon-keepers say they have a fund of \$10,000 to fight with. Works.

Horine Bros. & Co., of the Union Stock-Yards, and their employes, sent \$100 to the Howards at New Orleans.

Mrs. M. E. Owens leaves in a day or two for the Sbuth, to act as a surse.

THE COUNTY AND CITY EMPLOYES met at the rooms of the County Commissioners at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, in obedience to a call to provide some means by which some assistance might be rendered to the suffering poor of the Southwho are stricken with the yellow fever. The meeting was called to order by James Stewart. and L. L. Wills. State's Attor-

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Sept. 2.—Elizabeth ron, in this county, committed suicide yester day by hanging. She left a husband and six children. No cause for her act has been learned

yet.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

DETROIT, Sept. 2.—Frederick Galloff, farmer in the suburban village of Spring Wells, hung himself in his own grove Sunday night. His domestic relations were unhappy.

BAPTISTS

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

JACKSONVILLE, Ill., Sept. 2.—The Baptist Association of the Springfield District has been in session in this city for the past four days, and formally adjourned to-day. The attendance was large and the meetings interesting. The pulpits of all the Evangelical churches were oc-cupied Sunday by members of the Association. The next annual session will be held in North Church, Springfield, in August, 1879.

GEN. SHIELDS.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

OTTAWA, Ill., Sept. 2.—Gen. James Shields Missouri, arrived in this city this evening A large concourse of citizens, accompanied by the Twelfth Battalion Band and several veteran of the Mexican and Civil War, were at the station to escort him to the hotel. He will deliver the annual address at the agricultural fair to-mor row, after which a public reception will be tendered the yeteran hero of two wars.

OBITUARY. MILWAUKEE, Sept. 2 .- A special to the Sentinel from Juneau, Wis., says Henry Bertram, late Major-General, U. S. V., died there to-day SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 2.—Ex-Gov. Henry H. Haight died to-day at the office of his paysician, where he had gone for medical assistance in case of sudden illness. The cause of his death is not yet fully determined.

NO QUORUM. New York, Sept. 2.- The House of Bishops still lacks one of a quorum. Bishop Talbot, bathing at Coney Island Saturday, fractured a NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—The House of Bishop this evening secured a quorum, and after a short secret session (Bishop Smith, of Ken tucky, presiding), adjourned till to-morrow.

GOV. CULLOM. Special Dispatch to The Tribune.
Springfield, Ill., Sept. 2.—The Governo left to-night for Chicago, to meet the Presidential party and to attend the fireman's tourna ment. Fire-Marshal Rhodes also left for the

FINANCIAL Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

MUSCATINE, Ia., Sept. 2.—The Muscatine Naonal Bank voted to-day to go into voluntary liquidation. The banking business will be continued under the name of G. A. Garrettson &

Kilpstrick's Reunion. Gen. Kilpatrick's Reugion.

Gen. Kilpatrick, who is always "up to some shine," has just held a three-days' reugion on his farm near Deckertown, N. J., of veterans of the War. About 1.500 attended, paraded, had a sham battle, and so on, collecting an immense crowd. It was not altogether a success, being a trifle too much like the devastation of actual war. He allowed no assistance in the arrangements wisch all broke down under the first war. He allowed no assistance in the arrangements, which all broke down under the first caset of the crowd, and the host had to take a musket and drive a hungry moo of veterans away from the camp-kitchen on the first evening. His barns were gutted of their harvest on the following night, his orchards ruined, his house-spring was bathed in by his rough glests, and a veteran from Pennsylvania was so mad because the General did not recognize him after twelve years that he marched his corps back to the railroad station, and telegraphed Gov. Hartranft not to attend. It seems to have been a bad investment for Kilpatrick.

Prefers the Penitentiary. Prefers the Penitentiary.

Thomas Walsh, having been at Sing Sing Prison eight years for burglary, prefers life there to making his living outside. No sooner was he discharged therefrom than he came to New York City, hunted up a companion of former years, against whom be had an ancient grudge, and, with the simple warning, "I'm going to shoot you, Jack," put a bullet into the companion's head. Walsh gave himself up, and said he did not misend to kill the fellow, but only to hurt him severely enough to pay the grudge and secure a comfortable home again in Sing Sing. from or every transmission of the case of a young man from Memphis, who wished to borrow \$10 from the Society, he having been driven away from his home by the yellow fever, was taken up and the request granted. On being asked what the man was doing for a living, a member created some laughter by stating that the unfortunate indiFOREIGN.

The Austrians Committing Excesses in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Revolting Bosnians Interned at Nicsics Killed by the Guards.

Russia and Turkey Negotiating Concerning the War Indemnity.

THE EAST.

AUSTRIAN EXCESSES IN BOSNIA.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 2.—According authentic information direct from Bosnia and Herzegovina, the Austrians are acting with great energy, but, at the same time, with moderation and perfect discipline. Nevertheless, reports are circulated that the army of occupa tion has been guilty of many excesses and cruelties. These accusations bear a singular resemblance to the charges brought against the Russian army in Bulgaria and Roumelia.

THE RHODOPE COMMISSION. This explains, perhaps, the change which recently occurred in the attitude of the Austrians in the Rhodope Commission. Until a few days ago the Austrian delegate gave his active cooperation in the preparation of the report, but now, to the surprise of his colleagues, he seems indisposed to sign the document. Gen. Todleben Gen. Prince Doudoukoff-Korsakoff, and other leading Russian officials, say the investigation was evidently made in a blased spirit, and the Commission, instead of studying seriously the question of how the refugees might be temporarily assisted and ultimately re-established in their homes, occupied itself almost ex for an indictment against the Russian army They declare that the dignity and self-respect of the army and Government prevent then from giving serious attention to such trans

RUSSIAN MINISTERIAL CHANGES. St. Petersburg, Sept. 2.—Several newspapers mention that Count Schouvaloff is about to be appointed Chief of the new Ministry of Police, including the whole gens d'armerie and police administration; that Prince Orloff will succeed Schouvaloff as Ambassador at London; that M. Novkoff, Ambassador at Vienna, will go to Paris; and that Prince D'Oubreil, Am bassador at Berlin, will go to Vienna.

VIENNA, Sept. 2.—It is said the insurrection at Trebinje was caused by the knowledge that the Turkish regulars intended to surrender the citadel to the Austrians, in obedience to orders from the Ports. ODESSA, Sept. 2.—The Czar arrived here ye

erday, reviewed the troops, and procee

ROLASCHIN.

RAGUSA, Sept. 1.—The Mahometan population of Kolaschin seized the fortifications after a conflict with two battalions of Turkish regulars. The latter subsequently proceeded to Novobazar, whither the majority of the Turkish regulars in Bosnia are marching.

regulars in Bosnia are marching.

NEGOTIATING.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 2.—It is reported that negotiations have been opened between the Russian Ambassador and Grand Vizier in regard to the war indemnity and expense of supporting the Turkish prisoners. The Russian uemands are said to be moderate.

REVOLT.

The Bosnians interned at Nicsics revolted. Great numbers were killed and wounded by the Montenegrins before the revolt was suppressed.

BATOUM.

TREBIZONDE, Sept. 2.—The attempt of the Lazis to obtain ammunition has been defeated.
The Russians refuse to permit further delay in
the evacuation of Batoum, which is proceed-

MEXICO.

THE FREE ZONE ABOLISHED. NEW ORLEANS, La., Sept. 2.—The Galveston (Tex.) News' special from Rio Grande City says that yesterday an edict went into effect abolish-ing the Zona Libra except as to Matamoras and course at other points. The people on the Mex-ican side are much exasperated, especially at Camarga and Mier, and have sent a violent and hreatening protest to the Central Govern

MISCELLANEOUS.

PARIS Sent. 2.-Reliable reports of th French harvest show it to be very good in two departments, good in twelve, fair in twenty three, poor in forty-six, and bad in seven. SEDAN.

BERLIN, Sept. 2.—The anniversary of the bat

le of Sedan was observed as a holiday, with elebrations and illuminations. THE PRENCH SOCIALISTS.

Paris, Sept. 2.—Notwithstanding the police prohibition of the proposed Congress of the Socialist Workingmen's party, they organized in the Rue des Ecoles Sunday, but the police lissolved the meeting.

dissolved the meeting.

ON TRIAL.

PARIS, Sept. 2.—Mathion, chief cierk of the Ministry of Marine under the Commune, has surrendered, and his trial has begun.

INTERNATIONAL REGATTA.

LONDON, Sept. 2.—At the Thames Internation Regatta to-day, for the championship fours, the Tyne crew beat the Thames and Putney crews by two lengths. Thames second.

In the final heat for the champion sculls Higgine caught a crab at the start, and Elliott won easily.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

New York, Sept. 2.—A report was circulated on Wall street to day that the Pacific Mail Steamship Company had resolved to raise its rates on freights to correspond with the recent enormous advance by the Union and Central Pacific Railroad Companies. It was said circulars announcing the new schedule had been prepared. Director Hart positivel had been prepared. Director Hart positively devied the report. He said his Company had not only not raised rates on freight, but had no intention of doing so. Neither had they prepared any circular. He was at a loss to understand what the railroad officials could mean, and could think of no plausible foundation for the story. The Acapulco, which left Saturday, carried thirty-five cabin and sixty-nine steerage passengers, and sufficient freight to bring the receipts for the voyage up to \$42,670.56. In the face of such a business, due to low freights, he thought the Company would be fools to increase their rates and drive shippers to the sailing-vessels.

STARCH. LOOK KINGSFORD'S

**OSWEGO STARCH** IN NEW WRAPPERS.

Bright and Handsome Shelf Goods, And the very BEST STARCH manufactured. Always uniform in quality. Pleases Families and Laundry Women ever

KINGSFORD'S CORN STARCH, FOR THE TABLE,

Is the Most Delicious of All

Preparations

FOR Puddings, Blanc-Mange, Cake, etc SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

RADWAY'S REMEDIES.

FROM THE Hon. Thurlow Weed Indorsing Dr. Radway's R. R. R. Remedies

ter Using them for Several Years. Dear Sir: Having for several years used your me cines, doubtingly at first, but after experiencing the efficacy with full condidence, it no less a pleasure is educated with full condidence, it no less a pleasure is a duty to thankfully acknowing the area resorred to often as occasion requires, and always resorred to often as occasion requires, and always resorred to often as occasion requires, and always resorred to the second of th

R. R. R. DYSENTERY, DIARRHEA. OHOLERA MORBUS. FEVER AND AGUE CURED AND PREVENTED

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA. DIPHTHERIA, INFLUENZA. SORE THROAT, DIFFICULT BREATHING RELIEVED IN A FEW MINUTES BY RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

BY RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

BOWEL COMPLAINTS Looseness, Diarrhera, Cholera Morbus, or painful di charges from the bowels are stopped in fifteen or isse-ty minutes by taxing Radway's Eacay Religi. No co-gestion or inflammation, no weakness or lassitude, mi follow the use of the R. R. Reller. R.R.R.

RADWAY'S READY RELIE CURES THE WORST PAINS In from One to Twenty Minutes. NOT ONE HOUR After Reading this Advertisement need any one Suffer with Pain.

RADWAY'S READY RELI CURE FOR EVERY PAIN It was the first and is the ONLY PAIN REMEDY

That instantly stops the most exeruciating pains al-ays inflammation and cures Congestions whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels or other glands or organ by One application. In from One to Twenty Minutes.

RADWAY'S READY RELIE WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE.

Inflammation of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Bowels, Congestion of the Lungs, Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing, Palpitation of the Heart

Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria, Catarrh, Influenza, Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Cold Chills, Ague Chills, Chilblains, and Frost Bita

The application of the Ready Relief to the parter parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford an and comfort.

Thirty to sixty drops in half a tumbler of water will a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasses, Sour Source. earthure. Sick Headache. Diarrhes, Dyssmor, ille, Windin the Bowels, and all internal Pains. I ravelers should always carry a bottle of RADWATS & ADT HELLISF with them. A few drops is water ill prevent sickness or pains from change of with. Is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a with.

FEVER AND AGUE.

DR. RADWAY'S Sarsaparillian

Resolvent THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER. CONTAGIOUS,
EN IT SEATED IN THE
LUNGS OF Stomach, Skin or Bones, Flesh or
Nerves.
CORRUPTING THE SOLIDS AND VETIATING
THE FLUIDS.
Chronic Rheumatiam, Scrotus, Glandular Swelling,
Nacking Dry Cough, Cancerons Affections, Suphillia
Compainia, Bleeding of the Lung, Dysperia, Wart
Brash, Tie Doioreaux, White Swelling, Turners,
cers, Skin and Hip Diseases, Mercurial Disease, Nemate Compilatats, Gout, Dropsy, Sait Rheum, are
chitis, Cousumption.

Liver Complaint, &c. Not only does the Saraaparillian Resolvent Ercel emedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrotche constitutional, and Skin Diseases, but it is the on onlive cure for

KIDNEY AND BLADDER COMPLAINTS

OVARIAN TUMOR OF TEN YEARS GROWTH CURED By Dr. RADWAY'S REMEDIES. DR. RADWAY & CO., 32 Warren-st., N.L.

DR. RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS,

READ " Fdlse and True." end a letter stamp to RADWAT & CO., No.

THE

A Too Efficient ed by an

Suydam Released and Imme

Receivers' Reports

The Last Bun o Now Defun

New Suits.

ments, Con A good manager is a v a company to insure it the Chicago Starch W. with one who is ent are anxious to get rid of this purpose yesterda Allerton was elected Pro Vice-President, and El and Treasurer of the C Spaids was about the Manager of the Comp mechanical operation of the starch, from issuing circular writing business-letters, ing sales, or in any of

province of the Secret scorned to be bound by on the 29th ult. he be Company by drawing a H. fiellman, of Galena, Company's name. He bookkeeper to cross from heads the name of the President, has been in the Company's letters, has behalf, and has lately its books. On the Sth t receipt to J. G. Smythe worth \$360 as security He also announces hi the business himself, an ment was made on the tween him and S. W. Astockholder, by which owner of the Company \$13,000. The Company \$13,000. The Company clusion ask that Spaids r issuing or collecting drai buying grain, interfering or Secretary, or in any of exceeding his agreeme when he was appointed a THE SUYD. The habeas-corpus case heard yesterday by Jue was discharged. Suydar bered, was held over to tharge of periury, in swe

charge of perjury, in swi that his mistress was his charge of perjury, in swe that his mistress was his that issue was entirely for the case, and could not be indictment for perjury.

Judge McAllister held it a rule of the common only be assigned upon a frial to the issue, or some case in which Suydam swe brought by him to mand chattels. The were the ownership of detention and value of the use. It was in no respectable the indicate of the cution claimed it was mat as a witness if he was live adultery. The Court he not have been compelled cause his credibility could that way; and secord, beef from criminating himself. from criminating him therefore, not material duration, for a choice from nearly all the Just ent, and he was soon pro-back to jail after a short

THE FIDELITY Dr. Turpin, the Recei ings Bank, yesterday file of his doings for the pa 

Total ... Paid bills .. ourt costs.... ecorder's fces.

Balance on hand .. The report was ordered Mr. O. H. Horton, Rec Savings Bank, filed his n

yesterday, which is as f Cash on hand as per last Total .... erty
Pecciver's expenses...
Taxes...
Abstract....

Balance on hand. up the lacking ones, and under the late Bankrupt now are in a hopeless so trying to get order out of two or three days before found by those who desire the order of the order

### DWAY'S REMEDIES. FROM THE

Thurlow Weed Radway's R. R. R. Remedies Ac. ing them for Several Tears.

wing them for Several Acade.

New York, Jan. 4, 1877.

Aving for several years used your med giv at first, but after experiencing the full confidence, it is no leas a pleasure that the property of the property of the property of the academy of the property of the property of the desired to a several property of the p

R. R. R. RY, DIARRHEA. OHOLERA MORBUS.

URED AND PREVENTED

TISM, NEURALGIA.

ORE THROAT,

THERIA, INFLUENZA

DWAY'S BEADY RELIEF.

DIFFICULT BREATHING

DWAY'S READY RELIEF.

EL COMPLAINTS

Diarrhera, Chelora Morbus, or painful disting bowels are stopped in afficen of twentaking Radway's Ready Relief. No consummation, no weakness or lassitude, will of the R. R. Relief.

One to Twenty Minutes.

ding this Advertisement need

Y'S READY RELIEF

FOR EVERY PAIN

Y PAIN REMEDY

om One to Twenty Minutes.

now violent or excruciating the pain. Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nerv r prostrated with disease may suffer.

ORD INSTANT EASE.

Congestion of the Lungs, t, Difficult Breathing.

Palpitation of the Heart Croup, Diphtheria, Catarrh, Influenza,

Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Ague Chills, Chilblains, and Frost Bites

ation of the Ready Relief to the part or the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease

arty drops in half a tumbler of water will ness cure Cramps, Spaems, Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Diarrhee, Dysentery, in the Bowels, and all internal Pains.

ER AND AGUE.

al agent in this world that will cure and all other Majarious, Billious, Scarlettion, and other Fevers (aided by Radway's lickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

REAT BLOOD PURIFIER,

THE CURE OF CHRONIC DISEASE.

CONTACIOUS

BE IT SEATED IN THE

RETORNACION THE SEATED IN THE

RETORNACION THE SOLIDS AND VETIATING

THE FLUIDS.

BEUMALISM, SCOOLIA, GIANDULE SWEITING,

FLUIDS, COUGH, CANCEROUS ARECTOMS, SUPHILITE

DIOTOCAUX, White Swellings, Tunforts, United Hip Diseases, Mercursal Diseases, Marcursal Diseases, Marcur

er Complaint, &c.

oce the Sarsaparillian Resolvent Excel al easts in the cure of Chronic, Scrotulous, at, and skin Diseases, but it is the only

AND BLADDER COMPLAINTS,

Womb Diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Drorsy, Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright

RIAN TUMOR

WAY & CO., 33 Warren-st., N.Y.

R. RADWAY'S

EN YEARS' GROWTH CURED

Resolvent,

R. RADWAY'S

aparillian

tion of the Bladder

on of the Kidneys,

Inflammat

R.R.R.

URES THE WORST PAINS

OT ONE HOUR

FEVER AND AGUE

New Suits, Divorces, Judgments, Confessions, Etc.

THE COURTS.

A Too Efficient Manager Squelch-

ed by an Injunction.

Suydam Released on Habeas Corpus

and Immediately Rear-

rested.

Receivers' Reports of the Condition

of the Broken Savings

Banks.

Now Defunct Eankrupt

Law.

A good manager is a very necessary person to a company to insure its financial success, but the Chicago Starch Works seem to be blessed with one who is entirely too efficient, and they are anxious to get rid of him. They filed a bill for this nurpose vesterday in the Superior Court Allerton was elected President, J. B. Robertson Vice-President, and Ebenezer H. Pray Secretary and Treasurer of the Company. Talmadge E. Spaids was about the same time appointed Manager of the Company, to superintend the mechanical operation of the making of the starch, but was prohibited from issuing circulars for the Company, writing business-letters, drawing checks, mal ing sales, or in any other way invading the province of the Secretary. Spaids, however, scorned to be bound by such narrow rules, and pany by drawing a draft on a creditor. J. H. fieliman, of Galena, and signing it with the Company's name. He has also directed the bookkeeper to cross from the letter and billheads the name of the President and Vice-President, has been in the habit of opening the Company's letters, has purchased corn on its shalf and has lately gotten possession of all receipt to J. G. Smythe for 150 boxes of starch worth \$360 as security for a purchase of corn. He also announces his intention of running the business himself, and of collecting all debts. It is sometimes claimed by him that an arrange ment was made on the 18th of August last be

ment was made on the 18th of August last between him and S. W. Allerton, the principal stockholder, by which he was to become the owner of the Company on the payment of \$13,000. The Company deny this, and in conclusion ask that Spaids may be prevented from Issuing or collecting drafts, collecting accounts, buying grain, interfering with the bookkeeper or Secretary, or in any other way violating or exceeding his agreement of May last, made when he was appointed I Manager.

THE SUYDAM CASE.

The habeas-corpus case of Albert Suydam was heard yesterday by Judge McAllister, and no was discharged. Suydam, it will be remembered, was held over to the Criminal Court on a charge of perjury, in swearing in a replicin case that his mistress was his wife. He claimed that that issue was entirely irrelevant to the Issue in the case, and could not be made the basis of an indictment for perjury.

that issue was entirely irrelevant to the issue in the case, and could not be made the basis of an indicement for perjury.

Judge McAllister held it was the statute and a rule of the common law that perjury could only be assigned upon a false statement material to the issue, or some point in issue. The case in which Suydam swore was a replevin sult brought by him to recover certain goods and chattels. The points in issue were the ownership of the goods, the lawful detention and value of the goods or of their use. It was in no respect material to any of those points whether the woman he had been hving with was his wife or not. But the prosecution claimed it was material to his credibility as a witness if he was living in an open state of adultery. The Court held the witness could not have been compelled to answer: first, because his credibility could not be affected in that way; and second, because he was privileged from criminating himself. The evidence was, therefore, not material as affecting his credibility. As no conviction could be had, it was the duty of the Court to discharge hlm.

Suydam's liberty, however, was of very short turation, for a choice selection of constables from nearly all the Justices' offices were present, and he was soon proceeding on a lively trot back to jail after a short interview with some of ack to jail after a short interview with some of

THE FIDELITY SAVINGS BANK. Dr. Turpin, the Receiver for the Fidelity Savings Bank, yesterday filed the following report of his doings for the past two months: Balance on hand last report....

Rents	. 2,713.2
Interest	
Real estate	
Court costs	
Safe depository	1, 202.4
Total	\$78, 269. 3
1:18BURSEMENTS.	
Paid bills \$ 2,222.24	
Rent 482.50	)
Repairs 26.51	
Insurance	7
Court costs 320.73	
Recorder's fees 6.55	
Abstract account 138.30	
Prior incumbrances 4, 238.70	
Legal expenses 1,560.00	
General expenses 102.20	
Office expenses 700.00	
Miscellaneous claims 10.00	
Savings deposits offsets 10,968.14	

.....\$56, 224.65 THE GERMAN SAVINGS BANK.
Mr. O. H. Horton, Receiver of the German average Bank, filed his monthly report in court resterday, which is as follows:

on hand as per last report ...\$ 705.38 250.00 ...3,996.18 310.50

| S5, 282.06 | Insurance | S 230.00 | Ground rent building on Wells street | 240.00 | Savings deposits paid by transfers of bank property | 3,850.00 | Pecciver's expenses | 201.00 | Taxes | 16.47 | Abstract | 10.00 | 4,547.47 | Balance on hand. . . . . . . .....\$ 714.59

par value \$500.

John B. Gerard, partner with Antonio Gateau the zine-cornice manufacturing business at Chicago avenue, Chicago. Preferred debts, 43; secured, \$1,229.07; and musecured, \$42,-44. Assets, lands, \$2,000, incumbered; notes, 1,30; stock of zine and ornaments, etc., \$2,-00; machinery and fixtures, \$10,000; open actuals, \$11,500. All the assets are in the possion of Adolph Heile, the Receiver appointed y Judge Farwell in the suit of Gateau vs. erard.

Robert F. Shinn. Chicago. Secured debts, 2,250; mecured, \$19.53. No assets. S. C. Hotchkiss, Chicago. Unsecured debts, 5 ar as given, \$3.75. No assets. Philip Breem, Chicago. Unsecured debts, 3,550. Philip Breen, Chicago. Unsecured debts, \$3.507. Assets, notes, \$1.010.

Abraham Brayshaw, Peoria. Unsecured debts, \$3.507. Assets, hads of unknown value.

Woodbury M. Taylor, Chicago. Secured debts, \$23.511; unsecured, \$7,133. Assets, lands, \$24.000, mortraged heavily; and 615 shares of took in the defunct 1 at and Mail Printing Company, par value, \$81,500.

James H. White, Peoria. Secured debts, \$1.700; unsecured, \$0.015. Assets, lands, \$2,500,

mortgaged for \$1,700; bills and notes, \$1,438; buggy, \$25; and open accounts, \$2,300.

Howard E. Laing, Peoria. Unsecured debts, \$11,795. No assets.

Harvev Powell. Oneida, Knox County. Secured debts, \$1,800; unsecured, \$876. Assets, lands, \$1,500, iontgaged for \$1,300.

C. A. Dean, Fishkill, Oneida County. Secured debts, \$5,000; unsecured, \$15,240. Assets nominal.

The Last Run of Shad under the

C. A. Dean, Fishkill, Oneida County. Secured debts, \$5,000; nusecured, \$15,240. Assets nominal.

Hugh White, a miller at Annawan, Henry County. Secured debts, \$57,025; unsecured, \$1,530.

Thomas Sanford, Chicago. Secured debts, \$180; unsecured, \$5,182. No assets.

Joseph D. Woodward, Chicago. Unsecured debts, \$180; unsecured, \$5,192. No assets.

Joseph D. Woodward, Chicago. Unsecured debts, \$2,192. Assets, notes, \$221; claims, \$591.08.

Jacob P. Sommers, Chicago. Unsecured debts, \$2,103. Assets, membership in the Board of Trade.

Ferdinand Herman Fromhold, Lake View. Preferred debts, \$14,50; secured, \$700; unsecured, \$4,831; and accommodation paper, \$210. Assets, lands, \$2,000, mortgaged for \$725; notes and judgments, \$112; and open accounts, \$628,41.

Freeman Campbell, Chicago. Secured debts, \$3,512; unsecured, \$16,328; bills discounted, \$3,003. No assets.

Charles C. Merrick; an involuntary petition was filed against him by J. F. Letshaw, \$2,962,49; W. F. Bates, \$1,751.88; James Patton, \$834.47; and B. W. Bates, \$331.32. Susponsion of payment of commercial paper only is charged. A suit to show cause Sept. 12 was issued.:

Walter R. Corneli, Hyde Park, Secured debts, \$3,028; unsecured, \$7,07; accommodation paper, \$30,782. Assets, some fully incumbered lands.

William H. Reed, Chicago. Unsecured debts, \$7,305. No assets.

In the case of Nathan W. Terchman the creditors accented a composition of 30 per cent, payable in thirty days.

A composition meeting will be held at 10 a. m. to-day in the case of Alexauder A. Ulirich.

The first dividend meeting in the case of Louis C. Daemacke is set for 2 p. m.

DIVORCES.

Lizzic Close filed a bill yesterday against her husband. Boower, K. Close extend of a content of the secure of the payable in the case of Louis C. Daemacke is set for 2 p. m.

DIVORCES.

Lizzic Close filed a bill yesterday against her husband, George E. Close, asking for a divorce on the ground of desertion.

Henry Smith is another applicant for divorce, and he charges his wife Rebecca with adultery, drunkenness, and crunkty.

and he charges his wife Rebecca with adultery, drunkenness, and cruelty.

Elizabeth J. Johnston also wants a like favor on account of the cruelty. drunkenness, and desertion of her husband, George W. Johnston. Judge Moore granted a decree of divorce to John McCutchin from Maggie McCutchin.

Friday next will be the last day of service and for filing trial notices to the September term of the Circuit Court.

Judge McAllister will not be in court until a

Judge McAllister will not be in court until a week from to-day.

The Superior Court is running in full blast again.

To-morrow is default day in law and chancery.

Judge Blodgett was in court yesterday, and

Judge Blodgett was in court yesterday, and will be in town to-morrow.

UNITED STATES COURTS.

The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company filed a bill yesterday against John and Sarah E. Freeman, W. A. Brookover, P. F. Biesen, and J. C. Hames to foreclose a trust-deed for \$2.500 on Lot 15, in the Circuit Court partition of Lot 4, Block 8, of Rockwell's Addition to Chicago.

Mary C. Beach filed a bill against John W. J. Culton, Fatrina C. Culton, John DeKoven. Trustee, and others, to foreclose a trust-deed for \$5.500 on the S. 12 feet of Lot 27, and the N. 8 feet of Lot 26, Block 8, in the Assessor's Division of the S. W. fractional 4 of Sec. 22, 39, 14.

John H. Chandler began a suit for \$20,000 against Fred W. Patrick on a charge of false imprisonment.

against Fred W. Patrick on a charge of false imprisonment.

SUPERIOR COURT IN BRIEF.

The Odd-Fellows' Benevolent Society commenced a suit yesterday by attachment against their defaulting Secretary, Sefroit L. Hurst to recover \$4.310.56, with which he is alleged to have decamped last Wednesday.

Henry Metz began a suit in replevin against Charles Kern and H. P. Galpin to recover possession of the stock of boots and shoes, leather, tools, etc., valued at \$19.200, situated in the shoe factory Nos. 89 and 82 Wabsh avenue.

CIRCUIT COURT.

shoe factory Nos. 80 and 82 Wabash avenue.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Frank B. Zdrubez commenced a suit in trespass against Joseph Laugmeyer, claiming \$3,000 damages.

Emily C. Le Fevre began a suit in debt for \$10,000 damages against. Edwin H. Sneldon.

Pierce & Son sued Philip Goldman for \$1,000.

THE CALL.

JUDGE GARY—336, 337, 339, 341, 342, 343, and 346 to 360, inclusive. No case on trial.

JUDGE JARESON—1, 2, 3, 15, 16, 19, 21 to 24, 29, 30, 32 to 39, inclusive. No case on trial.

JUDGE MOORE—4, 5, 6.

JUDGE MOORE—4, 5, 6.

JUDGE MOORE-4, 5, 6.

JUDGENORENTS,
SUPERIOR COURT-CONFESSIONS-Carl Schroeder vs. Johann and Marie Borgwart, \$673, 30.—First National Bank vs. Philip Goldman. \$6, 100.—Nelson Morris vs. Philip and Samuel Goldman, \$10, 105, 56.—Herman Felsenthal et al. vs. Philip Goldman, \$2, 520.—Matthew P. Brady vs. Philip and Samuel Goldman, \$7, 188, 86.

CHECTE COURT-CONFESSIONS—Morris Rosenberg

### RELIGIOUS.

THE METHODISTS The first meeting of the Methodist preachers of this district since the summer vacation was held yesterday morning. Elder Willing in the chair. After devotional exercises, conducted by the Rev. Messrs, Craven and Spencer, Messrs, Potter of the Northwestern Iowa Conference, and Slyde of the Michigan Conference, were introduced. The subject of a contribution for the vellow fever sufferers was discussed, and a committee of three was appointed to look after the matter. The

Committee was made up of Messrs. Clendenning, Gurney, and Patton. A brother named Miller, who had written a book and been charged with heresy therefor, asked some defense, but no way appeared open.

After some discussion, the hour for meeting was continued at 10:30. The Committee above noted reported that they recommended that the churches take up collections for the yellow fever sufferers, and hand them direct to John De Koven, Esq., Cashier, unless some other way seemed open. Adopted.

The Rev. Mr. Caldwell spoke of his work at the Poor-House for the last four months, and said that Mir. Craven had undertaken it for the next four months.

The Presiding Elder announced that the Dixon street Church had just been freed from a debt of

THE BAPTISTS. THE BAPTISTS.

The Baptist ministers resumed their regular weekly conferences yesterday morning at the denominational headquarters. No. 71 Randolph street, Nearly all of the pastors have returned to the city after their summer vacations. The Rev. Dr. Owen presided.

nominational headquarters, No. 71 Randolph street.
Nearly all of the pastors have returned to the city after their summer vacations. The Rev. Dr. Owen presided.

After the opening prayer the Rev. Dr. Curtis, of the Michigan Avenue Catrch, reported that he had been absent for one month. In that time one person had been received by baptism.

The Rev. Kermott, of the Ilaisted Street Church, announced that his concregation had moved their edifice to Emerall avenue, near Forty-fifth street, and that it would hereafter be known as the Emerald Avenue Church. About the first of last month a piece of property had been purchased and the old edifice moved. The total expenses incurred thus far—about \$1,900—had been met, and money was being collected to compete all arrangements and improvements. The members were reinvigorated with the change, and great results were confidently expected.

The Rev. Mr. Perren. of the Western Avenue Church. reported six additions to the fold by letter, two by baptism, and one by experience. Morning prayer-meetings had been, and would be, held with gratifying success.

The Rev. Mr. Kimbail said that the church at Englewood, which had been struggling with a debt, was coming out shead in the streggle, and the indebtedness was fast dwindling down. The meetings at Grand Crossing were still continued,—not, however, with any great results.

The Rev. Robert Allison, of the North Star Church, told of two additions by baptism and one by letter. Sunday just past was the most enjovable one he had spent for weeks, becames the services were not spoiled by street-music and noise. Every Saobain thereforore for weeks religious services had been impossible, and once he had been obliged to dismiss the congregation. The picnic processions and bands and hordes of street gamins and people had kept op smil a noise that he could not preach. The Mayor had promised protection from the torture of band music, and the police had stopped the playing in the neighorhood of the church. But there was no law to keep people off

the control of the co

the rooms at reasonable rates to whomever chose to apply. The proceeds of this arrangement, he thought, would be enough to pay the interest on the debt of the building. He said that the Baptists would eventually need to use the building for their own accommodation, and they would be doing the greatest folly to allow it ever to pass out of their hands.

The Rev. Dr. Everts, who has recently passed into bankruptcy, explained the cause of that action on his part. He had put his name to paper for his friends. Those friends had been unfortunate, and he had suffered thereby, and was unable longer to bear the load which he labored under.

The Rev. Mr. Ventices, formerly a pastor at Hudson, Mass.; the Rev. Mr. Scott, pastor of the Third Baptist Church at Cleveland; and the Rev. C. A. Hobbs, of Mason City, Il., were introduced to the Conference. They cach spoke a few words of their respective fields of labor.

THE PHESTYTERIAN MINISTERS met in McCormick's Block yesterday morning, about twenty-five being present, and hetened to a statement of the Rev. Mr. Worden. Superintendent of Sunday-Schools. He had visited the schools in different States, and felt sneourated at the progress of the work. He is endeavoring to organize it more thoroughly. Some discussion followed. Mesers, Johnson, Trooridge, and Davis were appointed a committee to arrange a programme for future meetings. White many of the ministers have returned from the country, the subject of vacation experiences was deterred until the next gathering.

### SENNE'S FIFTEEN.

Annual Meeting of the Board of County The annual meeting of the County Board was held yesterday afternoon, all of the members

Hospital was submitted setting forth that the foundation of the bake-oven had settled so that it could not be used, and recommending that the county hereafter buy the bread needed, instead of continuing to manufacture it.

Mr. Wheeler moved that the communication be referred to the Hospital Committee, with power

to act. Mr. Spofford spoke on the subject, but was not very clear as to what he wanted. Mr. Bradley wanted the matter referred to the Committee on Public Buildings and Public Service, and the motion prevailed.

THE COCRT-HOUSE.

A communication was read from the Architect of the city's half of the Court-flouse calling on the Board to take some immediate action in the matter of the rotunda. Referred. A communication was read from Architect Egan setting forth that the contractors on the Court-House had failed to provide the necessary derricks, etc., for the prosecution of the Court-House work, and recommending that the joints in the granite work be calked at once.

Mr. Bradley hoped that the Architect would Mr. Bradley hoped that the Architect would be instructed to supply the derricks at ouce, and that the county would not allow the contractors any further payments tutil the necessary machinery had been supplied. The Board was to blame in the whole matter, and unless it took a positive position he hoped to see such members of the Board as persisted in screening the contractors indicted for criminal carelessness.

Mr. Burling was in favor of withholding all Mr. Burling was in favor of withholding all estimates in favor of the several contractors until the derricks had been supplied. He understood that Walker was erecting one derrick, but this was not enough, inasmuch as two derricks had been ordered.

Mr. Fitzgerald wanted the whole matter referred to the Committee on Public Buildings and Public Service, but Mr. Bradley objected, on the ground that the Committee had had the same matter under consideration for some time and had done nothing. He wanted the contractors forced to live up to their agreements.

tractors forced to live up to their agreements but it was all to no avail, for the motion finally prevailed by a vote of 9 to 6.

An estimate in favor of P. J. Sexton for \$10,399, for work on the Court-House, was submitted and rejerred.

mitted and referred.

COMMUNICATIONS AND BILLS.

A communication was read from Recorder Brockway, asking the Board to fix the pay of "extra" employes ordered. Referred to Finance Committee.

A large number of bills were read and referred. Among the bills was one for \$4,649.75 for dieting prisoners in the jail for the last quarter.

Quarter.
The "experts" appointed to pass upon the The "experts" appointed to pass upon the patent smoke-burner used in the County Building reported that they had found the burners all they had been claimed to be, etc., that the machine consumed the smoke, and also saved considerable in the consumption of coal. Mr. Wheeler said he had atways been satisfied that the graphing my nutting in the machinery Mr.

wheter said he had always over satisfied that the gentieman putting in the machinery, Mr. Maginnis, was entitled to his pay, and moved the showance of his bill. \$800.

Some further discussion followed, and the motion was concarred in by a vote of 11 to 3. Those voting in the negative were Messrs. Avars. Boses, and Senne. Avars, Boese, and Senne.

Ayars, Boese, and Scene.

SHERRIP'S DEPUTIES.

The old fight on fixing the salary of several of the Sherril's Deputies was renewed, resulting in reinstating the Jalier's salary at \$2,400 per year, and the new Deputies at \$2,000, by a vote of 8 to 7.

The Committee on Judiciery reported in the matter of the claim of P. J. Sexton to \$3 per thousand "extra" for brick-work on the Court-House. The Committee submitted with its report an opinion from the County Attorney touching the subject, in which it was set forth that it was in the power of the Board to cut off the "extra" allowance at its pleasure. The whole matter was referred to the Committee on Public Buildings and Public Service, in accordance with the recommendation of the Committee.

On motion the rules were suspended, and the disputed pay of the Sheriff's Deputies for the disputed pay of the Sheriff's Deputies for the past several months was allowed.

past several months was allowed.

COUNTY FINANCES.

Mr. Senne submitted a lengthy statement, setting forth the expenditures of the county the last quarter as compared with a year ago. The statement showed a saving in the expenditures on the part of many of the committees, and a reckless extravagance on the part of the other committees, but conveyed no idea of the real condition of the county's finances as compared with what they were a year ago, or what they are at present. are at present.

Attached to the statement was a series of

whereases reviewing the defects in the statutes in the matter of making assessments and col-lecting taxes, and the following resolution: lecting taxes, and the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Committee on Judiciary be directed to consult the County Aftorney, as also the Treasurer and County Clerk, in regard to the feasibility of changing the time of assessing property from the 1st day of May to the 1st day of January, and have the time for returning Assessors' books and everything pertaining thereto so changed that the Collectors' books can go into the hands of the Collector the 1st day of September, the commencement of the fiscal year, instead of January following, as is the case at present, and make taxes concetor the lat day of september, the commencement of the fiscal year. Instead of January following, as is the case at present, and make taxes
payable the year in which they are assessed, and
made it an inducement for people to pay their taxes,
either by adding I per cent per month from ano after
the 1st day of January until paid, or by allowing
a discount on all taxes paid promptly when due,
the same people will do in many business transactions, and if, upon due consideration, such
change of time shall be deemed practicable, the
Committee, with the assistance of the County Attorney, is hereby directed to 'prepare a bill with
such provisions embodied as will secure the coliection of taxes in such time as the money will be
needed, so that county orders can be paid on presentation to the Treasurer at any time, instead of
having them remain unpaid for six months or
over, and see that such bill is brought before the
Legislature, when convened at Springfield, and
use all honorable means to secure the passage of
the same.

Beside this was a whereas and resolution re-

the same.

Beside this was a whereas and resolution reviewing the fact that the statutes required that the County Board should present annually a statement of its expenditures, which he desired to call attention to, especially from the fact that the assessments this year were lower than former years, and from the further fact that the tax-payers would either have to vote the is-suance of bonds or have the work on the Court-House stop.

The following was also introduced and adopted, but all the other matters were laid over:

Hesolved. That wheneverthe county orders issued, and bills audited and contracted for up to the first Monday in September, are paid, so much of the balance of the tax-levy of 1877 and back taxes belonging to the General Fund as may be necessary to pay the temporary loans against Cook County be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for that purpose; and further.

County be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for that purpose; and further, Resolved. That no bills for the payment of any money shall be hereafter audited by this Board until an appropriation is made to cover the same. Mr. Wheeler presented a resolution providing for closing the county offices to-day in respect to the Firemen's Tournament and the visit of President Haves. to the Firemen's Tournament and the Yist of President Haves.

Mr. Bradley said that the Board had not been informed of any such demonstration, and, insmuch as the Commissioners had been shribted in the matter, he wanted the resolution placed on the

in the matter, he wanted the resolution placed on file.

Mr. Cleary thought to-day would be even greater than St. Patrick's Day,—a great and glorious occasion,—and was in favor of the resolution being adopted. For one he wanted to shake the President's hand, notwithstanding that the idea had gone forth that he would drink neither beer nor wine, and in the matter of innocent games knew nothing. He wanted to see the nation's Chief, and wanted every employe to see him.

mploye to see him.

Mr. Fitzgerald wanted the resolution laid over under the rules, and the motion prevailed by a party vote.

The Board then adjourned until Thursday.

### THE COUNCIL

Vetoed by the Acting Mayot.

for Two Years Over \$20,000.

The Ordinance Regulating the Cost of Gas to Consumers Placed

A communication was received from the Act-ing Mayor, returning without his approval the rdinance repealing the ordinance for widening West Eighteenth street, for the reason that there was no provision in it requiring the property assessed to refund pro rata the amount expended by the city as costs for making and levy-

ing the assessment.
On motion of Ald. Cook, the vote by which the ordinance was passed was reconsidered.

Aid. Cullerton was at a loss to know where

ment Department.

The Chair said the costs were made up of ourt and jury fees, etc., for which there was no provision.

two-thirds being required,-yeas 16, nays 10,

Shaper States, Mayor submitting an ordinance repealing the ordinance for the curbing, filling, grading, and

This was due to the fact that the street is to be haved by private contract.

The ordinance was passed.

An ordinance authorizing the improvement, and providing for an assessment on lots, the owners of which have not signed the con-

### CURRENT OPINION.

The New York Tribune is of the opinion that "Massachusetts deserves to be visited with Butler as Governor, for one term at least, for having worried the country with him so many times as

The South will remain solidly Democratic, or solidly anything partisan, only as long as Northern politicians struggle for a restoration of the old-time bayonet policy. Once it is assured that the force of the Government is not to be used to up-hold corrupt carpet-baggers, the colored man will be permitted to work out his own salvation unmo-lested, and it will be as impossible to have a united South on a Democratic platform as it is to have a united North.—Milwaukee Sentinel (Rep.).

Grant himself could not re-establish the military domination. The last important act of his Administration was to acknowledge that Federal interference in the South had been a failure. and prohibit it in behalf of Packard and Chamber and promote it in behalf of rackard and Chamber-lain. The Hayes policy of leaving the Southern States to themselves, which is the Democratic pol-icy, must be the recognized rule of action in the future, no matter who is President, nor what party controls Congress.—St. Louis Republican (Dem.).

in the largest cities of the West the violent agita-

The claim of the Pullman Palace-Car Company that it will not feel such a loss as the re cent big defalcation of its Treasurer Angell rein-

leeches who have fattened on the live-stock trade to the tune of milious without rendering a cent of equivalent, is the best piece of work the railroads equivalent, is the best piece of work the railroads have done for themselves and for the business public in many a long day. According to a Tribune correspondent at Saratoga, the trunk railroad lines have resolved to appoint a commissioner of their own, to equitably distribute the live-stock tradic among the several lines, and the \$15 per car-load

which the shippers of cattle have hitherto been compelled to pay as tribute to the Eveners' Association is to be cut off. This tax has always been a shameful imposition.—it was, indeed. a chief abuse among those armed at by the Anti-Discrimination bill so much talked of in Congress isst winter,—and it cannot be ended too quickly.—Buffalo Express.

Eighteenth - Street Ordinance

Extra Municipal Legal Expenses

The Council held a regular weekly meeting last evening, Ald. Gilbert in the chair. The absentees were Tuiey, Biddler, Wetterer, and Ald. Lawler, by consent introduced a resolu-

tion directing the city offices to be closed to

The charm of Butler's canvass, to an impartial spectator, is its grotesque andacity. There is no art of the demagogue, no trick of the politician, and no inconsistency of the turnout, to which Butler is a strangor. He is master of all these. He knows how easily the mass of voters can be fooled and deceived; and, if he winks his sinister eye at the more intelligent of his supporters, as if he would say. 'See me fool these people, "he does it with such an excess of humor that even the most conscientious cannot withhold a grain of swingathy from a man who is so clever, so cunning, and so audacious withal. Butler's beginning of his canvass is a stroke of genius in its way. It may be the desperation of despair, for he cannot secure the nomination for Governor from any existing party. But it is the very best thing that he can do under the circumstances. He wants to be Governor of Massachusetts as much as Daniel Webster ever wanted to be President of the United States, and that is saying a great deal. He wants that office more than ever now, because he has been told so often that he cannot and shall not have it. If he was at his wis' end to secure the nomination, it was not for long. He conceived the notion of nominating himself by acclamation. An ordinary man could not have invented such a deligniful political surprise. Sometimes a theatrical or musical performer "works up" a complimentary testimonial by having a request for a public performance and benefit numerously signed oy reading citizens. But who, except Buffer, would have thought of applying this harmless little expedient to the voting population of a whole State!—New York Times (Rep.). the expenses came in, since an appropriation was made to pay the expenses of the Assess-

A motion to pass over the veto was lost .-

Yeas—Ballard, Sanders, Cary, Phelps, Tuly, Loading, Cullerton, Riordan, Oliver, Lawler, Smyth. McNarney, Engager, Stauber, Niesen,

paying of Canal street from Madison to Har-rison, and annulling the assessment therefor. This was due to the fact that the street is to

and providing for the way and the contract, was passed.

A communication was received from the Mavor returning the papers in the Michigan street improvement matter. Mr. Bradly, trustee of the Kingsbury estate, made sflidavit that he had not signed the private contract.

The documents were referred to the Committee on streets and alleys, North Division.

LEGAL EXPENSES.

A communication was received from Comptroller Farwell, in compliance with the resolution passed Aug. 19, submitting a statement of the amounts paid for extra legal services during the two years for Aug. 1, 1876, to Aug. 1, 1878. Some of the bills, however, were for services rendered in prior years and under former administrations. The total amount was \$24,760.35. The biggest fee was \$5,000, Sidney Smith's in the Gage case.

Van Buren.

It was sent to the Committee on Streets and Allers, West Division.

Ald. Seaton presented a resolution authorizing the West Division Railway Company to use the track on Western avenue south of Madison street, until the question of their right to use it shall have been adjudicated in the Courts. It was passed under a suspension of the rules. The Council then adjourned.

We are to discover in November whether sound ideas on economical and financial issues are to rule; or whether the country is to be swept into he vortex of crude, wild theories of trade, industhe yortex of crude, wild theories of trade, industry, and social relations. This is a living and most important issue, and upon it all parties must eventually crystallize, unless the wronz-headed aritators are at once hurled under a snowfall of opposition votes at the ballot-boxes.—Baltimore American (Rep.).

ang worried the country with him so many times as a Congressman. But the trouble is that Butler is so thoroughly diffusive that the affliction would not be confined to the Bay State, but would be visited upon the whole country. No pent-up Massachusetts contracts his powers for making a general nuisance of himself.—St. Paul Globe (Dem.).

With an outlet for its surplus labor, even

tion of the Communistic spirit is necessarily con-fined to those sham workingmen whose labor confined to those sham workingmen whose labor consists in grog-shop oratory and incendiary mischief. This class is happily small everywhere. In the West, not being reinforced by the legitimate discontent that prevails in manufacturing regions during a season of stagnation, it is not even able to make a false and temporary show of strength. That is to say, Kearneyism appears in the West, in its natural proportions—and netty enough they are.—St. Paul (Minn.) Pioneer-Press (Ind.).

cent big defalcation of its Treasurer Angely reinforces the popular demand for a reduction of its rates. The prices demanded on almost all drawing-room and sleeping cars are fully 50 per cent larger than they onesh to be, and it is more than time that they should follow the universal downward tendency. The introduction of these cars has greatly dominished the fatigue of long journeys, but the traveler too often finds his enjoyment dulled by the conectousness that he is paying a great deal more than ought to be required of him.—

Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

The entition of the "Evenera" those The cutting-off of the "Eveners," those

MEDICAL.

J. AIKIN, M. D., 70 STATE-ST., CHICAGO, Specialty: lung, female, chronic diseases, and vering. Artifacial eyes, medicines, etc., Corres-dence collected.

CITY REAL ESTATE

A three-line advertisement inserted in this co during week days for 50 cents; each additional tr cents. On Sunday 20-cents a line is charged. 7 a apprace a line. POR SALE-BY T. B. BOYD, ROOM 7, 179 NADI It occurs to us that the spectacle of Butler in the Gubernatorial Chair and five or six Democratic Congressmen from Massachusetts, would be a much more edifying spectacle than that presented by another Gov. Rice and only two Democratic Congressmen. Massachusetts Democracy is of the finest grain. but sometimes it is just as necessary to stoop for one's country as it is to die for it or live for it.—Washington Post (Dem.).

When a short time since, we mentioned that the National leaders were openating a statle. When, a short time since, we mentioned that the National leaders were organizing a strike among miners, in order to have them out of work about election-time, the fact was denied. We now see by the labor-paper that on Monday evening, Sept. 2. a meeting is to be held to form associations and elect officers, and to make such arrangements as may be necessary to precipitate the movement we had before alluded to. This fully confirms our previous statement, and shows at the same time the utter heartlessness of those who would betray the poor miners into a needless strike in order that they may be used to belp on a set of graceless political demagogues. Let the fact be noted.—Puttaburg Commercial Gazette (Liep.).

offered in city. I am surpresent as some-front dwelling and iot on thodes-av., near Thirty-third-St.; gress bargain.

\$3,500-81,500 down-Octagon stone-front dwelling shad iot on thodes-av., near Thirty-third-St.; gress bargain.

\$3,500-Thir is an elegant original brick dwelling stone sidewalks, everything modern, which front on Congress-at. near Morgan. It is a first-doub bargain.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE. BOARDING AND LODGING.

146 STATE-ST. - FURNISHED ROOMS AND

West Side.

11 CENTRE-AV.—FRONT AND BACK PARLORS and other rooms, furnished, with or without board; gas, bath, hot and cold water. Terms reasonable. 47 SOUTH ASHLAND-AV.-FURNISHED AND unfurnished sufter and rooms, with board; references.

47 WEST WASHINGTON-ST. -TO RENT WITH board handsomely furnished sloove suite, to man and wife or single gentleman.

503 AND 503 WEST MADISON-ST., SHELDON-ST., SHELDON

DARNES HOUSE, CORNER CANAL AND RAND dolph-sis - Terms, \$1.50 per day, \$5 to \$8 per
week rooms \$1.25 to \$3 per week; 21 meals, \$4.

(LARENCE HOUSE, NOS 351, 353, 355, AND 357

State-st., four blocks south of the Palmer House Roard and room, per day, \$1 as to \$2, per week, \$6,
\$7, \$8. Furnished rooms to rent without board. PARKER HOUSE, MADISON AND BALSTED sts. -Kates from \$1 to \$1 25 per day. ROOMS, WITH FIRST-CLASS BOARD, AT THE Hastings House, 1d and 18 East Adams st., be-tween Wabash and Michigan-avs. THOMPSON HOUSE (ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN), Nos 183 and 185 South Clark st. - Rooms elegantly furnished; rates \$1 per day. WABASH HOUSE, 288 WABASH AV.—NICE AS sortment of furnished or unfurnished rooms to rent with or without board. Duy board also,

Meech's office.

At the appointed hour the little court-room was well filled. There were present a number of peo-PIANO AND ORGAN
HOUSE OF
W. KIMBALL.
CORNER STATE AND ADAMS-STS.,
seen the finest stock of Planos ever ex-

The charm of Butler's canvass, to an im-

THE CLARK CASE.

Close and Haley Discharged.

Close and Haley Discharged.

The continued case of George Close and Michael Haley, arrested on suspicion of being accessory to the murder of A. B. Clerk, of LaGrange, was called in Justice Haines' Court at 10 o'clock yesterday morning by Justice Meech, who was acting in place of Haines, absent on a vacation. Detective Woods, of Turtle's Agency, was on hand with the prisoners, and Dan Munn was there for the people. The latter said his side was ready to go on with the case, but the defense protested that they were not quite

the defense protested that they were not quite ready; they wished to get another witness from La Grange, and requested another continuance, which was granted until 3 o'clock, at Justice

during the two years for Auy. 1, 1876, to Auy.
1, 1878. Some of the bills, however, were for services rendered in prior years and under former administrations. The total amount was \$24,760.35. The biggest fee was \$5,000, Sidney Smith's in the Gage case.

On motion it was laid over.

The Committee on Judiciary recommended that the ordinance providing for the payment of interest on the scrip he placed on file. The question was before the Supreme Court, and action by the Council might give the paper a faise and fictitious value.

It was laid over.

An invitation was received to attend the lecture of Gen. Shields, at the West Side Opera-House, Sept. S, on "The Pact, Present, and Puture of the frish Race."

It was accepted:

An order was passed directing the refunding of the taxes of 1873 and 1874 to the Sinat Congregation, the churen property having been sold because delinquent.

The Committee on Judiciary reported back the resolution in reference to fixing the price of gas to private consumers, with a recommendation that it be piaced on file, since the Council had no power to fix the price.

The report was concurred in.

The Committee on Fire and Water recommended the bassage of the ordinance directing the Comptroller to purchase a lot for an enrine-house in the vicinity of Division street and Ashland avenue, the money being in the treasury. The report was concurred to.

By consent, Ald. Thompson introduced a resolution, which was massed granting the use of the was massed granting the use of the was massed granting the use of the way massed granting the use of the way massed granting the use of the way massed granting the use of which was massed granting the use of which was massed granting the use of the way massed granting the use of which was massed granting the use of the way massed was the way arona and his wife. George Close was with hi o'cick, and he and close drank some buttermilk the resort was concerned in.

By consent, Aid, Thompson introduced a resolution, which was passed, granting the use of the Council chamber this week to Marshal Benner and visiting firemen.

An order was passed changing the name of Fabius street to Seminary avenue.

A large number of orders and ordinances were reported by the Committees and deferred under the charter.

WESTERN AVENUE RAILROAD TRACK.

By consent, Ald, Seaton introduced an ordinance providing for the laying of another railroad track on Western avenue from Madison to Van Buren.

It was the base of the money was. He offered to show with the was found the pockets of the two men when they were arrested. Witness asked Haley where the rest of the money was. He said at first he had no more, but afterward admitted that he had a revolver where his valuables were hidden, but afterward the construction of the control of the

where his valuables were hidden, but afterward refused to do so. Haley said that witness was stating untraths! Monday night he was in Chicago and spent about \$20 with Close.

Mr. O'Brien did his cest to break down the witness, but he succeeded but indifferently, and the immovability of the man exasperated the lawyer.

John Kectan, a detective, testified that a gold ring and bracelet were found unon Haley, which he first told him belonged to his wife, and afterwards he said that he bought of them at a pawn-shop on Handolph steel. His testimony was the same as Mr. Woods.

THE DEFENSE.

Mr. Shofwell testified for the defense. He was a land-speculator at Riverside, and the prisoners worked for him prior to their arrest. He testified as to a conversation with Mr. Woods. Witness acknowledged that he had sworn before the Coroner's jury that the last time before the murder he saw Close and Haley was Wednesday, at 11 o'clock in the morning, but that since he had called to his recollection that he had seen them Wednesday evening, at about 7 o'clock. They were then going north.

Mirs. Lena Harms, the old German lady at whose house Close and Haley boarded at he time of their arrest, testified that the two men were out Wednesday evening a portion of the time, but came home early, played cards, and went to bed at about 10 o'clock. She gave them hot butternilk before they went to bed. She was sure that this was the night of the murder. In the cross-examination witness stated that if might have been Wednesday night—that have been wednesday night—that have been frish higher that the two men played cards and drank butternilk. She didn't exactly know, for she was sick at the time. Close and Haley had told ner Thursday that Clark was shot. Theodore Harms, husband to the last witness, testified that he first heard of the death of Mr. Clark Thursday night following the murder.

Michael Haley, one of the defendants, testified as to his arrest Tuesday night, the 20th. He had agreed to stay at Turtle's office rather than go to jail. He

THE TRIBUNE BRANCH OFFICES IN ORDER TO ACCOMMODATE OUR NUMEROUS pairons throughout the city we have established branch offices in the different Divisions, as designated below, where advertisements will be taken for the same price as charged at the Main Office, and will be received until 8 o'clock p. m. during the week, and until 9 p. m. on Saturdays: J. & it. SIMMS, Booksellers and Stationers, 123 Twenty-second-st. Bookseners and standors, 125
S. M. WALDEN, Newsdealer, Stationer, etc., 1000
West Madison-st., near Western-average of the Management of the Management of the Station of Halated-st.
H. C. Herstick, Leweler, Newsdealer, and Fancy Goods, 720 Lake-st., corner Lincoln.

A three-line advertisement inserted in this column during week days for 50 cents, each additional line 15 cents. On Sunday 20 cents a line is charged. T words average a line.

GEORGE WILLIAM MACEWAN, SOMETIME OF No. 6 Chrence st., Edinburg, Scotland, will hear J No. 6 Clarence st., Edinburg. Southerland will hear matters of concern and pecuniary interest to him by communicating with his sister. MISS MACEWAN. No. 10 Regent Square, Lewite, near Glagow. Scotland. Any information regarding Mr. Macewan will be thank-tully received by Miss Macewan. NFORMATION WANTED-OF PETER J. ROOney, Captain Company II Fifth Massachusetts Cavairr. Any person sending his address to MOSES F.
MITCHELL, P. O. Box 200, Melrose, Mass., will be
suitably rewarded. DERSONAL-M., Wifts NOT RETURN AS SOON the 20th. Personal delay unavoided; much me Friday.

CAST OFF CLOTHING CASH PAID FOR CAST-OFF CLOTHING AT 1

POR SALE-BY T. B. BCYD. ROOM 7, 179 MADIson-at.
255 per foot—300x175 on Indiana-av.. and 300x175 on
Prairie-av. This property is between Forty-second
and Forty-third-sts., and is the handsomest residence
property at the price is the city; horse-care pass on
indiana-av. It is splendidly set with shade trees; will
sell 30x175 feet if wanted; all cash. Look at is.
81,550—8550 down—here is a lot. 25x100; on Statest., between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-futh-sts.,
that is worth \$100 per foot. Offered for almost sothing;
\$2,500—Frame fit is a fine business lot.
\$2,500—Frame fit is a fit is a business model cost more to build to-day; 17s a bargain.
\$2,500—Frame fit is subjected and Adams-sts.,
\$2,500—Frame fit is a fit is subjected and Adams-sts.,
\$4,500—Frame fit is subjected and Adams-sts.,
\$4,500—Frame fit is subjected that it is not taken before this.
\$3,500—81,500 down—Octagon stone-front dwelling. JOR SALK-SL, Sub-BUSINESS LOT 283,163. O State-st. between Twenty-fourth and Twenty fith-sts; this is certainly were cheef for this lot; it he only chance you will have to buy at this price; on are looking for a bargain here it is; Sourdown. 7 8. HOYD. Room 7, 729 Mailson-st.

OR SALE-\$100 WILL BUY A BEAUTIFFL LOT one bluck from depot, at Lagrauge. 7 miles from bleage; \$15 down and \$5 monthly; cheapest property market, and shown free; abstract free: railroad fare, cents. IRA BIGOWN, 142 Lassaigh-at, Koom 4.

South Side.

121 AND 123 CALUMET-AV -AT THIS SUPE.

121 rior location desirable rooms with board; refer-

5 AND 7 NORTH CLARK-ST.—FIRST-CLASS plane and bath. 247 EAST INDIANA-ST.—NICE FURNISHED from the Exposition. Frices reasonable.

WINDSOR HOUSE, 178 STATE-ST., RIGHT OP-posite Palmer House-Room and board, \$6 to \$7 per week, : transient, \$1.50 per day. MUSICAL.

Can be seen the finest stock of Planos ever e. in this city RIGHTS, GRANDS, SQUARES, Of the following well-known makes:
Hallet, Davis & Co.
W. W. Khimball,
Emerson Plano Company,
J. P. Halt.

500 Organs in stock. Second-hand instruments taken in exchange. FOR SALE-CHEAP-A SECOND HANDED COM-bash-us at 122 Twentieth-si., near Wi Dash-av.

H ALLET, DAVIS & CO. 'S

UPKIGHT PIANOS.

These exiebrated pianos, with others of best makes,
can be found at the warerooms of

W W. KIMBALL,

Corner State and Adams-sta.

Corner State and Adams-sta.

NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS.
NEW SQUARE PIANOS.
NEW ORGANS.
To rent or for sale on installment-plan.
W. W. KIMBALL.
Corner State and Adams-sta.

THE MUCH-ADMIRED CHIME ORGANS.
THE PUPULAR KIMBALL ORGANS.
FOR sale only at Plano and Organ Warerooms of
W. W. KIMBALL,
Corner State and Adams-sts.

WANTED-TO PURCHASE, AT A FAIR PRICE, a first-class Stelloway upright plano, second-hand. Address F 86, Tribune office.

LOST AND FOUND. OST-IN STEPPING FROM A COTTAGE GROVE.

I av. car. a lady's pocket-book, containing a receipt from Genetic, protographer, a Coob's library ticket, and about \$40 in money. The flader will be suitably rewarded by leaving same with J. COHN & CO., 80 and 82 Wanssh-av. LOST-GEAY MARE AND OPEN BUGGY. LIB-eral reward offered. F 92, Tribune office. OST-ON WEST INDIANA-ST. SUNDAY AF-ternoon, an ivory-handled gold-mounted carriage with. A libers reward will be given for return of property to 80. 3 Chamber of Commerce.

JOST-ON SUNDAY, SEPT. 1, A GOLD CHAIN.

I OST-ON SUNDAY, SEPT. 1, A GOLD CHAIN.

with a ring attached and blue locket set with two
or three pears, on John's-ts, between Fulton and Lake,
or on Lake, between Ashibad-av. 2nd St. John's-st. By
leaving at 562 West Lake-st., finder will be suitably
rewarded. L OST -ON THE 1 O'CLOCK P. M. TRAIN BOUNE L for Evansion, on the Northwestern Rallroad, as ver watch and gold chain. The finder will be libers rewarded by leaving same at 57 South Canai-st. REWARD-LOST-EARRING. WHITE CAMEO, set in gold, on Adams, between Clark and hearborn on Clark from Adams to 261 Clark-sc. A liberal reward will be paid for its return to 18. B. MOOKE, 261 South Clark-st., third-floor. SITUATION WANTED-BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK; good city references; private family. Call at 253

TAKEN UP-A LARGE GRAY MARE, ABOUT IL years oil, with left forcieg sore from hoof to knee at N. S. PiPER & CO. S barn, corner Ashland-av, and Levee-st. Owner please call, pay charges, and take away. N. S. FIPER & CO., lee dealers, SS West Iwelfth-st. FINANCIAL

A DVANCES MADE ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, bonds, etc., at LAUNDERS' private office, 120 Randolph-st., near Clark. Rooms 5 and 6. Established 1854. CASH PAID FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER Of every description at GOLDSMIP'S Loan and Button Office (heensed), 50 East Madison-st. Established 1835. MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS TO SUIT ON FOR niture, planos, diamonds, etc.; also small sums of real estate. Room 3, 118 Kandolph-st. Pennies can be had in exchange for currency at the counting-room of the Tribune. SILVER 25 AND 50 CENT PIECES IN PACKAGES of \$10 in exchange for currency at counting-room of Tribune Company.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES. AT GREAT SACRIFICE—TWO EXTENSION-TOP carriages, nearly new: all kinds of top buggles, road-wagons, phaetons, made by the best makers, scarcely solied, and will be sold at less than half price to pay charges and storage; top delivery wagon; top express-wagon. Horses to let by the day or week; money advanced. Will sell on monthly bayments, or exchange. Come and look for yourselves, and see the largest assortment in Chicago, and be convinced that you can buy chesper than any place in Chicago. H. C. WALKER, 249 and 251 State. WALKER, 249 and 251 State.

Third Top Side Spiring Buggles, Nick Top
Side bur buggy, fine phacton, all of our own make;
slao due light Stiver's make top clee-bar, three spring
Concern current wagons, and others, all in perfect
order, but byte worn, and will sell much below their
value. PRENOYER & CO., 380 to 396 wabsah-ar.

WILL TAKE THE BEST OF CARE OF A RIDING pony for its use this winter at Lake View. GRANGER SMITH, 174 Lasalie-st. MISCELLANEOUS, A RARR GHANCE TO OBTAIN A VALUABLE to anoldier's land claim. I have control and can secure to an ex-officer or soldier a splendid quarter section of land adjoining the new town of Collyer, Kan. the site of the Chicago Soldiers' Colony. C. N. PRATT, so Washington st. WANTED-A YOUNG SKYE-TERRIER DOG. ADdress. with price, E 57. Tribune office,
WANTED-A. COFFEE-MILL. ADDRESS F 96,
Tribune office.

NOR SALE—IN OUR MILITARY DEPARTMENT
We are prepared to make officers' sulfa for companies
partitions, also turnish full equipments in arms,
opanicus, awards, camp-equipage; also cavairy an
artillery uniforms, embracing in the 18th hats, caps,
dress sulfs, private U. S. uniforms, dress swords, noncommissioned officers' words, military saddles, brities,
etc. Also fents, runber and woolen blankets, campkettles, and all that perfaints to military infeand usages.
Col. O. LIPHINCOTT, 79 East Handolph-st.

BUSINESS CHANCES. A RABE OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTMENT I POR SALE-INTEREST IN PATENT ALREADY introduced and in successful operation, cheap. Best reference given. Address for three days P as, fribune office. Tribune office.

UPERIOR BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY—THE PRO
D preiors of a highly-successful staple specialty will
arrange with suitable parties to conduct the business it
office accions: \$1,000 to \$5,000 capital will not \$5,000
to \$20,000 yearly. BIGADFORD & NEWTON, 12 South
Clark-st.

MACHINERY. TACHTABLE.

TOUSALE—CHEAP—THREE DOUBLE-CYLINDER holding engines; saliable for foundry and missing purposes; one eigene described for foundry and missing purposes; one eigene described for all bearing new who in fractioned the allowed the control of the control

PARTNERS WANTED. PARTNER WANTED-TO TAKE HALF INTER-est in an old-established manufacturing hashessa, for particulars address F 52. Tribung office WANTED-MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers, Clerks, &c.
WANTED-TWO YOUNG MEN TO WORK IN
store; must come well recommended. Inquire at WANTED-AN EXPERIENCED HAT SALESMAN. W AN TED-AN EXPERIENCED CLOTHING salesman; American. Address, with references and wages wanted. FS, Tribune office.

W ANTED-A YOUNG MAN POR GENERAL OFfice work; a good writer and correct at figures; must come well recommended. 'Address, for two days, E 54, Tribune office.

E 54. Tribune office.

Trades.

WANTED - A FIRST-CLASS IRON-MOLDER.
Sherwood School Furniture Co., 2:5 Wabash-av,
WANTED-TWO GOOD MEAT-CAN MAKERS,
who have had experience in meat-am making;
none but experienced men need apply. Chicago Meat
Preserving Company, Michigan and LaSalle-ats.

WANTED-PRACTICAL CUTTERS WHO HAVE
had experience in a wholesaic citothing house.
Inquire at SIMON, MYER, STRAUSK & CO.'S. WANTED-TWO FIRST-CLASS CARPENTERS, Inquire of H. L. PORTER, corner of Fifty-fourth-st., and Kimhark-av., Hyde Park. WANTED-TEN STONECUTTERS. CORNER OF Western-sv. and West Inniana-st., Sept. 3. at WANTED-TWO GOOD BLACKSMITHS TO BENI wrought fron pipe. Inquire of S. W. ADAMS Secretary, 10 North Jefferson-st. WANTED-FIRST-CLASS TRUNK-MAKERS AT WILT'S, 144 State-st. WANTED-A BLACKSMITH, ATPAINTER, AND a triminer, to go out of the city. Apply, from 1 to 3 o'clock to-day, to A. RIMES, Gault House.

Employment Agencies.

WANTED-20: LARORERS TO WORK ON RAILroads, farms, wood-chopping, saw-mills, and
other isloring work: the highout wiges paid; free fare.
CHRISTIAN & CO., 268 South Water-at.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED-10.000 AGENTS TO SUPPLY THE public with the great historical document entitled "The Administration of the United States Government at the Beginning of its Second Contury." send for our circulars containing fac-simile autograph indorsements from the President and his Cabinet. Senators, Representailyes, etc. Columbian Publishing Company, Lock Box 1690, Philadelphia, Pa. WANTED-FOUR EDUCATED, WELL-DRESSED salesmen to stand in the prirecipal hotels of Chicago and exhibit a late ascientific novelve during the coming six weeks. Call at Moorn 6 Tribune Building, this day between 4 and 5 p m. WANTED MEN FOR ONE YEAR TO BEGIN
Monitor Glass Works, Chachmatt, O.
WANTED WHITE WAITERS (MALE) AT ANderson's Dining-Room, 119 Fifth-av. WANTEDA A YOUNG MAN TO ASSIST IN PHO-tograph gallery and learn the business. Apply at Gallery 57 West Madison-st.

WANTED-MEN TO SELL NEW FAST-SELLING WANTED-FEMALE HELP.

Domestics.

WANTED-A COMPETENT COOK: GERMAN ORACCOUNT Twentletha.

Apply at 548 Prairie-WANTED-A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSE-work at 625 Adams-st. WANTED-A GERMAN OR NORWEGIAN GIRL for general housework. 83 South Peoria at. WANTED-A GIRL TO DO HOUSEWORK. 211

Seamstreases.

WANTED-A FIRST-CLASS DEESSMAKER TO go to a live Western town; goot wages. Call at GAGK BROS. & CO. Tuesday morning, 0 o clock.

WANTED-50 OPERATORS TO WORK ON OIL cloth aprons. H. WOLF, 573 South Canal-st. WANTED-A WET NURSE. CALL AT 411 WEST Monroe st. at 9 a. m. or 1 to 3 p. m.

Mincellancous.

WANTED-TWO LADIES TO INTRODUCE A NEW article in city and country; liberal inducements offered. Apply to SMART & BollEss, 105 Fifth-ar. offered. Apply to SMART & BOLLES, 105 Fifth-av.

WANTED-TWO LADIES OF REFINED TASTE
who are looking for light and genteel employment. Apply to MOONEY & SMART, 145 Souta
Clark-st. Clark-st.

WANTED-TWO WOMEN. ONE FOR PLAIN
Laundry work, and one for taking care of bathing-rooms; must be acquainted with the work. Apply
at WHELAN'S barber-shop, southeast corner of Clark
and Washington-ste.

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE Bookkeepers, Clerks, &c.

SITUATION WANTED—THE SERVICES OF A
Schoroughly competent business man and first-class
alesman, local or traveling, or in the Exposition, can
be secured by addressing F 60, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A MAN OF 10 YEARS'
C experience; hardware line proferred. Address F
94. Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED-BY A FIRST-CLASS CON-fectioner or pastry cook. Address F 51. Tribune. SITUATION WANTED-BY A FIRST-CLASS TIN-ber (German), city or country. Address, for two days. Fou, Tribune office.

Employment Agencies, STITUATIONS WANTED-FAMILIES IN MEED OF good Scandinavian or German fomale neils can be supplied at G. DUSK E'S office, 172 North Halsted-st. Miscellaneous. Miscellaneous.
Situation Wanten-By an Experienced salesman from New York; has large first-class trade in Northern Indiana and Central and Southern Menigan; dry goods preferred; reasonable arrangement with an A No. 1 Chicago house. Address F 91. Tribun

SITUATION WANTED-BY A YOUNG MAN, Signaduate of Harvard University, as chemist or an-alyst in some works. Address J M W. 49 Monument-av., Charlestown. Mass. SITUATIONS WANTED-FEMALE. Domestics.
SITUATION WANTED-BY A GOOD GIRL TO Cook, wash, and Iron in a private family; good reference if required. Call or a diress 91 onario-st.
SITUATION WANTED-BY A GOOD GREE TO DO general foundwork; reference if required. Call in rear of 422 West Indiana-st. SITUATION WANTED-BY A GOOD GIRL IN A small private family; best of references. Call at 221 North Clark-st. SITUATION WANTED-BY A GERMAN GIRL TO do light housework. Address F 07. Tribune. SITUATION WANTED-BY AN FASTERN GIRL; is the neatest of cooks and laundress; North Side preferred. Address 240 Michigan-st.

CITUATION WANTED-BY A GIRL TO DO SECOND Twork or general housework; best or two days, at 68 North Peoria-st. Miscellaneous. CITUATION WANTED-BY A YOUNG LADY OF Capperlence as saleslady, copylst, or to fill a position in an art gallery. Best references given. Audress FLORENCE DAGGETF, 223 Broadway, Coccinnati, o.

SITUATION WANTED-BY A Y-UNG LADY speaking English and German, of acceptable appearance, in the Exposition. Address Miss A, 364 Hubbard-S.

TO RENT\_HOUSES. TO RENT-\$12 PRI MONTH, FINE NEW BRICK houses, 26, 30, and 13 Fillmore-st, \$12, 2-story brick 442 irving-place. Inquire at 385 Western-av.

TO RENT-\$12 PRI MONTH, FINE NEW BRICK brick 442 irving-place. Inquire at 385 Western-av.

TO RENT-\$12 PRI MONTH, FINE NEW BRICK BRI

TO RENT-NEARLINGOLN PAIK AND LINCOLN-by, cars, a fine petagon brick, three rooms does, hot water throughout, and all improvements; a 10-room octagon brick, \$35; a good light basement flat, strooms \$1.250. CHAS. K. RALE, 153 Handolph-si

Suburban.

TO RENT -COMPLETE FORNISHED HOUSE AT Kenwood, close to depot: board for rent if degreed. Room 8 Methodist Church Block. BILLINGS. TO RENT\_ROOMS. North Side.

TO RENT-TWO EGOMS FACING LINCOLN PARK, center of Clark, Centre, and Franklin-sta, over Laux's drug store; all modern improvements. Inquire at drug store.

TO RENT\_STORES, OFFICES, &c. TO REXT-THE FLOURING MILL ON SOUTH-east corner of Westworth-av, and Sixteenth-at, in good caming order, for one or more years; capacity, too barrels per day, Mill open for laspection, WALTEL WATTOWNS 46 Dearborn-st. Room 1. WANTED TO KENT.

WANTED-TO RENT-A 7 OR 8 ROOM HOUSE, Union back standards, if on the West Side near Trendletts North Side, good blocation, tiles atreed, number and price. Rock washingtoned, Advess E. B. DUNKLE, ed East Washingtones, care F. E. Hooker. WANTED-TO KENT-STORK ON STATE-ST., between Randolph and Monroe. Address Room G Palner Rouse. WANTED TO RENT-UNFURNISHED LOCK-UP room within cight of ton blocks of the Post-Office. Rent about \$5. Address for three days Fol, Tribuse. WANTED-TO RENT TWO OR Thirty Rooms for home keepings reat must be reasonable. Address Fee. Tribune office. WANTED-TO MONT-APAIRMENTS WITH OR without board by gratement and wife on south or North Side: must be liveled to give thanks. Answers with particulars only noticed. Feel Tribune.

TO EXCHANGE ABOUT 2 00.0 GALLONS IMPORT ed Hungarian which in original pockages very flow itele. J. W. WILLIAMS, for Washington st., see a floor. ond floor.

TO EXCHANGE-I WISH TO EXCHANGE FIRST:
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AMUSEMENTS.

McVicker's Theatre. Madison street, between Dearborn and State Hooley's Theatre.

th street, between Clark and lent of John T. Raymond. "The Haverly's Theatre.
Dearborn street, corner of Monroe. Engage to Colville Folly Company. "Robinson Cru

New Chicago Theatre. street, between Randolph and Lake. Engage Tony Denier's Pantomime Troupe.

White Stocking Park. Lake Shore, foot of Washington street. Champion ship game between the Providence and Chicago Club at 3:30 p. m.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1878.

Greenbacks at the New York Stock Exchange yesterday closed at 99}.

According to the monthly Treasury repor the decrease in the public debt during August was \$6,475,405. The decrease in the private debt of the country has not yet been computed, but the aggregate must be con-siderably larger than the sum stated above.

The arrival to-day in Chicago of Presider HAYES, and the great procession of firemen from all parts of the country which is to form the opening feature of the Firemen's Tournament, together furnish an occasion of great public interest, as is shown by the nce in the city of crowds of visitors, other thousands will arrive on the trains this morning. The capacity of Chicago to comfortably entertain a big multitude of strangers will be tested this week as it has never been before, and we think it can be safely promised that the visitors will have no reason to complain of the extent or character of the accommodations provided.

The failure of the Canadian people to build the banana railroad across the steppe of British America and over the snow-rifts of the Northern Rockies has so embittered the British Columbians that they sigh for the separation politically from Canadians which they now possess to so perfect a degree in a physical sense, and an imploration for speedy divorce from their recrean fellow-provincials east of the great lakes has Lord DUFFERIN to the Pacific coast had not cemented relations enough to get back ex-

contracts were yesterday awarded by the oners of State Contracts are suc as to raise the suspicion that the awards have not been made in good faith, and that in the end the State will be the loser and some favored contractor the gainer by a reaward at largely-increased rates. With an honest measurement composition cannot and ought not to be done as low as nine cents now it, and it must follow either that th contract will be thrown up and handed over to somebody else at a higher rate, or else that the contractor expects to make up the difference through favoritism in the meas urement. The thing has a crooked look on

The Government of Quebec has been openly defied for a whole week by a railroad contractor, who, upon an alleged failure by the Government to pay him for his work upon the railroad in controversy, assumed transacted on that portion of the work which had been finished, and refused to turn over the property to the authorities by whom he had been empowered as contor. Yesterday the military force of the Province was called upon, and the road was seized without a single Kanuck singing his death-song, although for a fortnight the feel ing had been general that the testy contractor would wash out the culverts of his tramway with the gore of the oppressor ere

It will be found as time passes and the need continues that there is almost no limit to the ways and means that will be adopted in Chicago for increasing our contributions to the yellow-fever relief fund. Yesterday ball game between the Chicago and Boston Clubs, both of with donated their services, netted \$681 for the fund, and various other projects are under way for combining amusement and charity so as to keep up Chicago's end of the work. hand the sum of \$18,000 to be forwarded according as occasion shall require. It will all led, and much more, as there is no shood that the Southern scourge will before the 1st of October: so that there should be no cessation in the effort to

The suggestion that yellow fever should be treated by reducing the temperature to a degree in which the germs of the disease, whatever they are, will not survive, is re-ceiving a good deal of attention. We do not ther it is new or not. A gentleto THE TRIBUNE, on the 6th of last month seems to think it is, and that it origi ith him; another-a physician-writes of tion with the water treatment, as ion, and he likewise approves CHOPPIN, of New Orleans in one instance by sprinkling the patient with ice-water; there seemed to be temporary relief and improvement. the patient subsequently ded. It is true | him with the thr

that, in this case, the victin almost dead when the experiment was tried, but it is probably only in cases where life is utterly despaired of that physicians will be willing to try the treatment, for human life is a matter that even doctors don't like to treat experimentally. It is to be hoped, howthe treatment, which is be theory that the same temperature will kill which generally prevents the disease, will receive as full a trial as may be given it without endangering human life. If there is anything in theory or science which wil stay the terrible plague at the South, the united voice of humanity will bless the dis-

It is believed that the actual extent of the revalence of the yellow fever in New Oreans has never been made known, and that many thousands of cases of a mild type have not been reported to the health authorities. People in that city seem to have largely reovered from the consternation which at first attended the appearance of the disease, and to have made up their minds to take things as they come, trusting to cool heads and unwearying vigilance and attention to alleviate the distress as far as possible. happens fortunately that there is no lack of nurses to be employed at the moderat wages of \$2 per day to take care of the sufferers. The pestilence has fallen far more heavily in proportion upon the smaller cities and towns, such as Memphis, Vicksburg, Grenada, and Port Gibson. At the latter place there are 400 cases, while at Grenada there are but three of the original denizens who remained throughout that have scaped the fever up to this time.

THE CAMPAIGN IN THE SOUTH.

The Congressional campaign in the South, so far as it has developed itself, is not without some signs of encouragement from the Republican point of view; that is, it may be possible, if the Republicans hold their own in the North and recapture seats stolen from them, to save districts enough in the South to overcome Democratic gerrymandering in the North.

At the outset, however, it must be conced-

ed that in at least four Southern States-

Arkansas, Mississippi, Alabama, and South Carolina—the Democratic delegations will be elected solid, as the Republican majority will be stamped out, if not by fair means, then by foul. To such an extent is this apparent that in the first three States the Republicans have made no nominations, and in South Carolina but two candidates have appeared, RAINEY in the First District and SMALLS, the negro pilot, in the Fifth. Although the ormer saved the records of the last Congress from utter confusion by loing his duty in the midst of general inebriety, and was elected by over 1,500 majority, there is little hope for him his time. In SMALLS' case there is still less chance, as trumped-up criminal charges are already held over him as a menace to prevent him from running. In Arkansas the Mississippi plan has been adopted. The modus operandi in Phillips County will serve as a type of the method all through the State. In that county the Democrats had two problems before them to solve. The first of these was a Republican majority which, ever 'since 1866, has averaged about 2,000, and the second was the fact that the ounty Judge, who is a Republican, and under the law appoints judges of election, would not under any circumstance: put a Democratic majority on the Board of Election Judges. They solved the problem, however, in a very simple way, by bringing two six-pounder guns from Memphis and forming an artillery company. Then they formed a rifle comand then a shot-oun cor kept on organizing until every Democrat in the county was under arms. Having done this, a committee of "prominen citizens" waited upon the County Judge and notified him that the climate would not be healthy for him if he failed to appoint a strictly Democratic Board of Judges. If he refused to do it, then the militia can get in ts work by suppressing the Republican vote If he appoints a Democratic Board, the service of the militia will not be needed since any Democratic Board of even ordinary industry can with 1,000 voters get more ballots into a box than 3,000 voters can who are not Democratic. Of course, under such cirumstances as these Phillips County will go Democratic, and the other Arkansas district will be carried in a similar manner. We need not dilate upon Mississippi and Alabama, as no Republican votes will be cast in those two States, though both of them have large Republican majorities. The "Plan" originated in the former State, and was adopted by the latter two years ago, and in each it works perfectly. The two States by their patent process of destroy

ing Republican majorities, will re

turn fourteen Democratic members of

Congress without any vote to speak of

against them, except the few that may be

ast by the Nationals, and here and there a

cattering Independent, the Independent in

those two States as a rule being more Demo-

cratic than the regular nominee. In South

Carolina, the campaign was opened a few

weeks ago at Spartauburg. The speakers

vere all military men, -- Gen. HAMPTON, Gen.

forse, Gen. HAGOOD, Gen. GARY, and Capt.

RICHARDSON. The audience was a military

one also. There were the JENKINS Rifles

the Spartan Rifles, the BUTLER Cavalry, the

Gordon Rangers, the Evins Troop, and

twelve other organization. These were not

militia companies organized under the laws

of the State, but armed Democratic clubs,

' Red-Shirted Democracy." The purpose of

this organization may be inferred from the

declaration of the Charleston News and

Courier, that " if the negro does not vote

with the Democratic party he must not vote

at all," and from a still later utterance, that

the Radicals should run a ticket, their

the aggregate of which is known as t

meetings can be broken up or their leaders an be clapped into jail. While these four States may be considered hopelessly Democratic, under the shot-gun policy, there are other States that present some gleams of hope. In Tenne ginia, and North Carolina the National Greenbackers in alliance with the Republic ans and dissatisfied Democrats may make break in the Bourbon ranks. In Tennessee the Republicans will hold the Second (THORN-BURGH's) District and perhaps one other, and may possibly carry one or two in North Car-olina, and one in Louisiana, and have good prospects of capturing both the Florida dis-tricts in which Conover and BISBEE are the Republican candidates. Nothing can be predicted of Georgia, except that whatever of loss there may be will fall most heavily upon the Bourbons, owing to the Independe version and the general split-up of tickets. In every district of the State, except the Eighth, in which ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS, who is not a very reliable Bourbon,

times four candidates running, represent Republicans, Democrats, Independents, and Nationals. In the Third, Fourth, and Fifth Districts the Democrats have held Conventions, and, failing to nominate after taking nearly 300 ballots, have adjourned to try it over, with the certain prospect that the regular nominee will have to meet some disappointed candidate as an Independent. With such scattered help as the Republicans may get in the South, and recapturing seats stolen in the last Congress which belong to them, there is good reason to hope that, with hard, earnest work, they may have a majority in the Forty-sixth Congress to offset against the certain Democratic majority. in the Senate.

OUR TRADE WITH MEXICO. During the present week the Ambassador from Mexico to the United States, Don Max-UEL DE ZAMACONA, will visit Chicago, the guest of the Manufacturers' Association of the Northwest. He comes as the advocate of a larger, more direct, and more general trade between the United States and Mexico, and especially between Mexico and the Northwestern States, of which Chicago is the general centre. On Thursday evening the Association will have a reception at Hershey Hall, at which there should be a full attend ance of business men, to greet Don Zamaco-NA, an accomplished and progressive statesman, engaged in a mission of such large and important interests. There is no more reason why Mexico

should not carry on a trade with the United

States than there is that Louisiana, or Texas, or California should start off and deal with European nations. Mexico is on our border. She is part of Republican America, and her destiny, as the home of a free and industrious people, is closely connected with our own. The peculiarity of trade in Mexico is that it is not governed by ancient ties; the intercourse between Mexico and Spain is limited. The foreign trade of Mexico is carried on through English and German houses. We import largely from Mexico, and instead of paying therefor in American manufactures we pay for them in gold bills on London, where the money is expended in buying cotton and other manufactures which should have been purchased here. For the year 1877 our total imports from Mexico were about \$15,000,000, of which \$10,000,000 was in silver and silver coin and \$5,000,000 in merchandise, while our exports were only \$4,500,000. The total imports of mercha dise into Mexico in 1876 was \$28,500,000 and of her exports \$25,500,000. Here are \$50,000,000 of commodities exchanged by Mexico with all parts of the world, all of which trade might be carried on with the United States instead of being distributed among the States of Europe. What is true of Mexico is true of all Spanish America. The statement is made, we believe from off cial facts, that the foreign trade of Spanish America-the West Indies, Mexico, Central America, and South American States-exceeds \$500,000,000 annually, and that of this sum only about one-fifth, and that princi pally with Cuba, is done by the United States.

Close, direct, and liberal trade relations with Mexico and the West India Islands and with Central and South America would secure to this country not only all this trade, but would add largely to its volume. Commerrelations on a broad, reciprocal basi would enable the manufacturers of the United States to sell their wares in Mexico in exchange for her silver, her dye-stuffs barks, sugar, and hardwoods, thus not only enlarging our own market, but giving a fresh stimulant to the industry of Mexico. The annual export of Mexico, now only \$25, 000,000, could, under the encouragement of an exchange for American manufactures on lib eral terms, be doubled or quadrupled, and, instead of sending there, as we do now, less than \$5,000,000 of our products, we could furnish that country with a full list of exchange commodities, to the mutual advantage of both countries, and to the promotion of the industry of both peoples, who would be brought into closer and more amicable social nd political relations. While all this extension of our trade, especially in manufactured goods, is true as regards all the American States it is especially true of Mexico The United States are especially interested in having a stable and enterprising Government firmly established in Mexico. The nost certain way to have such a result is to encourage industrial production in Mexico. When Mexican labor and industry can annually add to the value and quantity of the surplus products to be sold, then th beneral prosperity of the country will grow with vigor. To secure this increase in Mexican industrial progress there must be a market in which Mexican silver, ma hogany and barks, spices, jute, dye-stuffs coffee, hides and skins, and sugar can be exchanged for cotton and woolen cloths, for petroleum and other oils, for machinery, for iron and steel, for glass and earthenware, candies, breadstuffs, tools, fire-arms, leather, paper, provisions, seeds, soap, lumber of all kinds, and all the variety of product for which American ingenuity is remarkable. visit of the Mexican Minister to this city is striking illustration of the progressive virtue of commerce. Here, in the heart and centre of the great Northern Republic, is the representative of the Mexican people, asking for an interchange of commodities, the establishment of a new and enlarged commerce, and with such commerce the establishment of free, liberal, and friendly relations between the peoples of the two countries. The establishment of such trade with Mexico will be but the forerunner of like commercial relations with the West Indies, with Central America, with the enlightened Empire of Brazil, with all South America, and eventually to the Englishspeaking States of the South Pacific. The merchants and manufacturers of the city should present themselves at Hershey Hall on Thursday evening and give to Don Zam. ACONA the greeting which befits a represent-

ative of a foreign nation visiting Chicago on such a friendly mission. Senator Conkling's letter to his next friend and admirer, Mr. ALONZO B. CORNELL, s pervaded by a spirit of parriotism and encouraging in these days of selfishness and mean ambition, and fills one with hopes for the future. People have been looking for "the greatest effort of his life " for a long time, and hope so often deferred has made the public heart sick, and if this letter is not such an effort it certainly has some characteristics that make us respect the great Senator more than we ever did before. Senator Conkling has always been looked upon s a proud, imperious, dictatorial, haughty kind of a personage, who was too much inflated with his own importance to properly consider the rights of other people, and to buildozed the Democracy into nominating fairly estimate the relations that existed behim with the threat that he would run in-

was dependent, there will be three and some- the Creator; but in this letter there is a streak of self-abasenent and that does one good to read. The great Senator seems to have aken a look at himself in the glass, and thei went to his desk and wro te that "Certainly the time is fit for the Republicans of New York to come togethe in earnest harmony ignoring personal and minor issues, and joning heart and hand in one just and high purpose to preserve national security and protect human rights." THE TRIBUNE has repeatedly speared this idea at the Repubicans of New York, to-wit : That the interests of the Republican party of the Empire State and of the nation at large were trifle greater and of more consequence than the personal interests of Senator COE CONKLING, and that it would be well oc isionally to subordinate Conkling to the rest of mankind. The Senator and his friends have entertained the ppinion for a long time that they are the Republican party of the State, or at least that they are all there is of it worth preserving and perpetuating; but a very large number of good and true men have not shared this coinion with them, and now the Senator hunbly acknowledges the rror incidentally himself. The simple truth s that Conkling has been honored and pro oted by his fellow-citizens far above his eserts; and against the unity and success of the Republican party of New York he should not be allowed to have a feather' weight any longer. The humble tone of this etter we like, because it looks as if he seen nimself as others see him, and that he is willing to come down from his high horse.

THE BANKRUPT LIST.

Yesterday we closed the list of applicant for relief under the Bankrupt law, which law expired on the 31st of August. The lis ems more formidable than it is in fact. The great majority, if not all of the applicants, since June last have been persons whose insolvency has been of long standing and whose formal petitions as bankrupts carry with them no significance. rely make that of judicial record which has long been a well-known fact. Still the list is numerically formidable, and

n paper represents a large nominal sum of lebt and a small nominal sum of assets. The reason that such list is longer here than lsewhere is readily explained by recalling rtain peculiar circumstances not existing elsewhere. About seven years ago this city was swept by fire, which within twenty-four hours destroyed \$100,000,000 of property over and above all salvage and collected in burance. Under the impulses of the then delusive inflation of credit, Chicago was rompty rebuilt,-the competition in the ork of rebuilding-the haste to begin again on a new and grander scale-leading to much xtravagance in expenditure, and adding im ensely to the cost of reconstruction. The ost of labor and materials was greatly in creased, and the style of building as well as area covered were unnecessarily exaggerated The land we had, but we borrowed \$100. 000,000 at high rates of interest to rebuild and restore the personal property destroyed The city had progressed in this work of expenditure nearly two years when the panie f 1873 prostrated the whole business of the ountry, and fell with extraordinary severity upon Chicago. Real estate here, as rea estate all over the United States, became un salable, and to that extent valueless. Build. ings erected at large cost were either not rented or rented at rates less than the taxes and mortgages. A result was that the interest on mortgages could not be paid. Hundreds of persons who, owning the land, bad borrowed money to erect the new buildings, or who had bought improved and unimproved roperty on speculation, or who had be rowed money with which to buy stocks of goods, have been struggling and hoping ever since for that restoration of better times which has never come. During the year just closed perhaps 1,200 persons thus situated have taken refuge in bankruptcy. Had is not been for the fire in 1871, or subsequen ly the panic of 1873, Chicago, despite the general hard times, would not have suffered

long list of bankruptcies would seem to in dicate. During the interval since the financial break in 1873 this city has enjoyed an alnost exceptional prosperity in trade. There has been no retrogression. Annually there as been a large increase in the volume of rade and in the productions bought and sold, and, notwithstanding the great shrinkage in the prices of all commodities, the aggre gate value in cash of the business transac ed has exceeded each year that of the preceding year. Outside of those who, under the cir umstances we have described, were canch by the panic in 1873 in debt and burdene with unproductive and unavailable real es tate, all others have generally prospered during the five years. Property now i mostly in solvent hands: these bank, ruptcy proceedings will disentangle large unounts of property, and make flated values; and a few years hence the effects of the fire and of the panic will be effaced, and the two calamities will be remembered merely as historical events Many, if not most, of the bankrupts will take a fresh start, and prosper. The vital springs of Chicago's life are untouched, and unimpaired. Individuals have been burt, weakened, and some overwhelmed, but the pros perity of the city is uninjured; enterpris and industry continue as active as usual. and the ever-increasing volume of commerce that flows into and out from Chicago goes on unbroken and with enlarging vigor.

that distress and embarrassment which this

The proceedings in bankruptcy appealed during the last week will settle many arge and extensive estates, and will re ease much real estate that is complicated and embarrassed. Nearly all the bankruptcies during the last month were prouced by real estate operations. Thus where land was bought on speculation at fancy prices, and where land and buildings vere mortgaged to cover 40 per cent of their value at the time. All this land has been unsalable, and the accumulated principal, interest, and taxes are far in excess of any im mediately prospective price offering. rendering the land to the mortgagee would not release the debtor; the mortgagee would self-abnegation that is really refreshing and not take the land in satisfaction of mortgage, except when buying in the property at a nominal price; he would also take judgment for the balance against the mortgagor. Thus the debtor losing the land and property, would find himself burdened with a judgment at interest for the debt. These proceedings in bankruptcy will bring all these estates to a settlement. Mortgages will be foreclosed and the property will pass to the mortgagees and be for sale at prices something like real values. The applications for bankruptcy during the last week were mainly of person embarrassed with property which the mortgagees would not take in satisfaction of their debts, but held subject to fore-

case the insolvency of the applicant had long been known, and was traceable directly or indirectly to the fire and to the succeeding calamity of the panic. Hardly any of the cases were of a commercial char acter; and it is supposed that all of the speculative real estate operators have now closed their books. The regular, legitimate, and ordinary commerce of the city and of all its manufacturing enterprises are in no wise embarrassed, but are enjoying to-day a prosperity and activity which know no faltering, no disturbance, no embarrassment, and fears no distress or bankruptcy.

The position taken by France in the Monetary Conference was misrepresented to the people of this country by the reporter who prepared the cable dispatches to this country. In the Paris correspondence of the London Times of Aug. 21 we find that LEON Say made the important statement in the session of Aug. 20 that "The policy of France was to await the moment when she could revert to the free mintage of silver. This, and not a gold standard, was her goal, and the Conference should recommend the various States to legislate so as not to interpose any obstacle to the free mintage of both metals" M Sav's remarks were thus reported by the cable:

LEON SAY, French Minister of Finance, said the

It will be seen that the reporter has been guilty of a gross falsification. The declara-Treasury was the most important brought out by the Conference. It proclaims that France, the most successful in finance of all the European nations, has the same views and the same purposes with regard to silver as this country has. The four millions of American readers of daily newspapers were made by this cable dispatch to believe the opposite of the truth. The reporter, whoever he is, has committed a grave offense,the gravest that can be committed by a newsgatherer. The same system of falsifying the news in British interest was carried on over the cable during the recent war.

"It is a shame," writes an esteemed corre spondent, "for you newspaper men to occupy so much space as you do with that brainless idiot and ass. DENNIS KEARNEY, who has no deas worth a fig upon any subject whatever that are worthy of the attention of intelligent men." This rebuke, so well administered, well deserved, perhaps; but that depends alto gether upon the view one takes of it, or the standpoint from which he makes the tion. On his own account simply, Mr. KEARNEY is of no consequence whatever, but as the representative of a great element of our population, and as he is constantly coming before the footlights in that role, he must be dealt with as the type of his class and as the spokesman of those observe that we daily devote a very large space to accounts of the vellow fever, not that we ove it, but because it is raging; and so DENNIS KEARNEY is the Yellow Jack of the social fever for which we are trying to invent or discover specific. There is still another point in the case that we beg our correspondent not to lose sight of. It is this: DENNIS KEARNEY has done more to bring his side of the question into dis repute than any other ten men that have vet turned up in the discussion. His profanity, rulgarity, and ignorance have disgusted the workingmen everywhere, and he is being gen erally repudiated and ignored by the rep thinking, intelligent portion of them. KEARNEY Terriva's lancer comes in olay occasionally.

The following State Conventions have been called to assemble during the month of Sep-

Minnesota Prohibition, Waseca.
Minnesota Recublican, St. Paul.
Kanasa Pjemocratic, Leavenworth.
Minnesota Democratic, St. Paul.
New Hamushire National, Manchestei
New Hamushire Republican, Concord
Massachusetts Prohibition, Worcester

Massachusetts Fromtonia, Worcest New Hampshire Democratic, Conco Louisiana Hepublican, New Orlean Connecticut Democratic, New Haw Massachusetts Democratic, Worcest Massachusetts Republican, Worcest Newada Republican, Eureka, Louisiana National, New Orleans, Newada Democratic, Carson

23. Nevada Democratic, Carson.
24. Connecticut Republican, Hartford.
25. New York Democratic, Syracuse.
On the 10th the Republican State Committee meets at Nashville, Tenn., to decide upon some ourse of action.-Mr. Emerson Etheridge, the nominee for Governor at the State Convention held on the 22d ult., having declined. On the 28th, the California Constitutional Convention

One would hardly believe that, in the wellbehaved and prim old City of Philadelphia, they would need a Society for the Protection of Children against the Cruelty of Their Parents Teachers, and Guardians. But such a society exists; and the other day its agent took a gir 12 years old out of the hands of her stepmoth er, on account of inhuman treatment. showed the Court the scars where she had been burnt with hot irons, and her arms and back bore marks of scourging, while her scalp was disfigured from the effects of having her hair orn out by the roots in handfuls. The Judge gave the child into the custody of the Society, and held the inhuman stepmother to answer i the sum of \$500.

Mr. BLAIR, the Chairman of the Indiana Re publican State Central Committee, has written letter in which he says that "The prospects in that State are most encouraging; that he will guarantee a Republican Legislature, which will substitute a Republican for VOORHEES, and that the Republicans stand an equal chance with the Democrats for the State ticket; that with outside help the election of HIBLMAN, the Retrict, now represented by FULLER, is beyond all question of doubt." The people of Indiana have lost all confidence, he says, in Democratic rule owing to the exhibition of imbecility and political heresies so notoriously displayed by the Democratic House.

The Richmond Wh'y (crazv Lat-Bourbon) says THURMAN's mistake was not in going back on his hard-money record, but in trying to vindicate his action in so doing. It says that " The est superstitions that ever gained control over the human soui; but that's no reason it should hold its baneful sway forever." The Whig likes THURMAN's speech because it proves he is on the move-that ne is making progress, and adds He realizes the fact that some other material

To the Editor of The Tribune.

FAYETTE, In., Aug. 31.—Will you blease answer the following questions in your daily and enlighten us? (1) What is the paper-money of France based upon? (2) Is it redeemable in gold and silver, and, if so, in what manner? Yours truly,

(1) The paper-money of France is exclusively issued by the Bank of France, and is not a legal tender. (2) The bank-notes are redeemable on demand by the bank in gold or silver, at the option of the bank. The bank paper is generally of large denominations, none being issued for less than 20 francs, equal to about \$4

If our ANGELL rather went back on his name and did a naughty thing such as an angel shouldn't, it is refreshing to hear of a man whose patronymic does not belie his career. Advices from India by overland mail record the

public benefactions reached the sum of \$1,000,000 Ready money was no mispomer with this good man, and no great public enterprise in South-western India lacked his counsel and assistance for more than a quarter of a century, and the magnificent charities of Bombav bear witness to the catholicicity of his beneficence. When in 1869, he was Knighted, and in 1872 was mad a Commander of the Star of India, it was feit that the Queen's counselors had honored them-selves more than him by their happy selection of a recipient for those distinctions

New York ('ity has not a noble example in he onations for the lever-stricken districts of the South that 'other cities will do well to imitate Rer contributions already amount to \$70,000 The opening of numerous boxes for the recen ion of nickels has made the thing popular and everypody is giving. If such vellow level boxes were opened in Chicago, the poorer peo ple would give hundreds of dollars every day.

The presence in Chicago of the Hon. CHABLES . WILLIAMS, who has so truly and ably repre sented the First District of Wisconsin in Con gress for six years, makes it in the line of our duty to say that if the Republicans of this city are anxious to have the campaign opened with rousing speech, Mr. Williams is the man to lo it for them. He is one of the most effective and eloquent stump-speakers in the West, and always pleases an audience immensely. Not content with the "Ohio idec," the editor

of the Roanoke Valley comes forward with a Virginia idec, which is for Congress to authorize each State to issue money enough to pay of its indebtedness, such money to be legal-tender.
If that editor will accept of an amendment, let some one suggest that Congress make black berries and persimmons a legal-tender. It would save paper. Gen. Jo Johnston, of Confederate fame, has finally been nominated for Congress, but it took two days of hard voting to do it. After he

manimous, as is the custom, but it met with so nuch opposition that it had to be abandoned LEE being dead, JOHNSTON is undoubtedly the most conspicuous soldier alive of the old Rebei The courage of the New York Mail is sub lime and refreshing in these days of despond-ency and half-heartedness among Republicans.

t lays out a good fail's work for the boys in the State of New York, which is to elect a Re publican Legislature and to gain six Republican Congressmen. It is an object worthy of Gen. STEEDMAN has taken the stump again FRANK HURD, the Democratic nominee in the Toledo (Ohio) District. STEEDMAN SDOKE ON

Saturday night to a large crowd, declaring that

he would Jefeat HURD if he could, and would

assume the responsibility of it after it was done

His speech hurt HURD

It is said that DENNIS O'KEARNEY is anxious to have all the workingmen "pool their issues into his hat, because it will enable him to own vacht like BEN BUTLER.

When we read the Kansas and Iowa Republican platforms we gladly recollect that Mr. HAYES agreed to confine himself to one tarm.

PERSONALS. Col. Forney will return from Europe in

Augustin Daly is going to Europe for his It seems lonesome without the Potter

Von Moltke has approved the telephone Mrs. Tilton's new book is to be entitled

Tales of the Elizabethan Era," Mr. Haves must not blame us. ot Ohio men, but we couldn't help it.

Beecher is in San Francisco, -on the ragged edge of the continent, as it were. The Mexican Greaser is a slippery cuss.

I'll make n for you before long. - Samuel V. Tilden. It is not sour-mash but the summer tion which painteth the nose red. O yes!

This city gave Tilden 5,000 majority, but Gath threatens to sit down hard on some body pretty soon. Gath must avoid a concussion

Theodore Thomas doesn't care so much for Cincinnati and a big salary, but he longs to be an Ohio man

There's a land that is furrow than this Ar Alabams farmer has plowed the same field for

New York will be obliged to accept of Gilmore as her musical tooter, now that Thomas oes to Cincinnati. Indiana, we are told, prides herself upon

her vigilance committees; but we observe that om Hendricks is at large yet. Julia Ward Howe is going to Egypt, and now the Sphinx will be obliged to own up and tell all he knows or be talked to death.

The Workingmen's party is being gradually weakened by the withdrawal of men who are going to work to keep from starving to death. No, my boy. The Thomas cat is musical.

but it was not named after Theodore Thomas. Von have fallen into a very natural ecros Smith Ely, an ex-Mayor of New York has een convicted of writing poetry, but his wealth and social influence may secure an early pardou The number of bankrupts in this city thrown out of employment will doubtless result

the organization of a good many new savings Don Carlos, his Aide-de-Camp, and his brother-in-law Count de Paris, set out from Paris recently in a balloon, intending to land somewhere

According to the Buffalo Express, S. J. Tilden says he hopes to gracious that when A. G.
Thurman tries to get over the fence again he will
tear his panialoons.

Boston will have another baby-show next onth. This is doubtless the effect of Kearney's sit to that city. He told them down there pool their issues.' Now it is explained that Kearney

"lecherous" to mean "resembling He should have said "the blo sukerous bondholger." 'An exchange says that the leading New

York ladies keep missionaries in their employ. The principal work of these missionaries should be The peach-brandy crop of Delaware will

be very large this season, and somehow this ap-pears to encourage the belief in an increased Democratic majority this fall. When Theodore Thomas takes up his residence in Cincinnati, no pig will be allowed to squeal off the key, and there must be no discords in the clinking of beer-glasses.

Jefferson," says an exchange, "will be after a design of which he himself was the author." A long. very long, time after, we fear. A Virginia man has written to the Trenen

"The monument over the grave of Thomas

ry Department for a loan of \$150 to buy a pair of ules. It is a reproach to the Government that it You must not ask the young man about to

be married who are his spiritual consolers, and if he has made his peace with his Maker. It sounds too much like a reference to hanging. Vice-President Wheeler has appeared at Elizabethtown, N. Y. He declares that Zimmer-man himself never knew the solitude, the deep, unbroken solitude, of the Vice-Presidency.

Mr. Bonner must not accept the Mayor-Advices from India by overland mail record the death at Bombay, July 20, of the eminent Parsee banker, Sir Cowasjee Jehangie Readymoner, Knight Commander of the Star of India, whose business of the I WASHINGTON.

The Cincinnati Whisky Problem Still Puzzles the Revenue Officials.

An Agent Who Has Been There Gires His Views on the Subject.

And Has Much to Say About Hot, Cold, Shrinkage, Etc.

The Greenbackers' Story About Seven-Thirties Officially Exploned.

WHISKY.

HOW THE CINCINNATI DISTILLERS MANAGE IT. Special Dispatch to The Ti WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 2.—Revenue-Agent intehell, who is investigating the charges made by the Chicago distillers against those of Cin nnati, has furnished the Department with a that Mitchell is of the opinion that the Cinchnati rectifiers pay for the additional gallon in each barrel, and can afford to do so, for the reason that they are allowed a rebate by the distillers of two cents on every gallon purchased. In other words, the Cincinnati rectifiers re allowed some 18 cents more drawback that the cost of the additional galion for which they ave to pay in compensation of volume.

Inverto pay in compensation of volume.

United States Internal Revenue Collector's Office, Chickinshi, Aug. 31, 1878.—The Hos. Green B. Haum, Commissioner of Internal Research and Collector's Chickinshi, Aug. 31, 1878.—The Hos. Green B. Haum, Commissioner of Internal Research and Collector and C UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE COLLECTOR'S

THE SEVEN-THIRTIES.

CONCLUSIVE EVIDENCE THAT THEY WERE NAVIOUS USED AS LEGAL-TENDERS.

Spectal Disputch to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 2.—The Green backers still insist that the 7-30s were legal ender, and the attention of the authorities has been called to the following section of the Revised Statutes:

S. Re 3,500. Treasury notes issued under the authority of the set of March 3, 1863, Chap. 73, and June 30, 1864, Chap. 1, 372, shall be ignificant to the same extent as United States notes for their face value, including interest. Application having been made to the Treasure an answer, the terms of which were as follow tenor excludes the \$600,000,000 of 7-30s were issued under the act of June 30, 1865. It the act of June 3, 1864. This is only a however, from the fact that the Revised Sta omit the limitation upon 7-80s, which alone could make them legal-tender. This limitation provided that such 7-30s might be legal-tender as were made principal and interest ; t maturity. No 7-30s were so issued, but all at maturity. No 7-30s were so issued, but all were coupon-notes, interest payable semi-abnually. This limitation was omitted from the revision, but even if the revision could be construed to apply to the \$200,000,000, the section is inoperative, as those notes had all been redeemed or converted seven years before the Revised Statutes were enacted, and by the very same clause of the revision itself at the end of the Revised Statutes the apparent change in the law could not affect acts which had been accomplished, or rights which had accrued before the law could not affect acts which had been accomplished, or rights which had accrued before the revision, and the 7-30s had been converted or redeemed, so that the apparent change in the revision which, by the omission of the limitation as to the principal and interest being payable at matarity, made the legal-tender clause intoperative as to the smaller issues of \$200,000,000, and, of course, has no application wherever to the course, has no application whetever to issue of \$600,000,000 made under authority the act to which this revision does not reliable. tue act to which this revision does not relegand which act by its terms provided that no 7-30s issued under it could be legal-tender until they were made interest and principal papable at maturity. The section which makes Sec. 3,590 inoperative as to even the \$300,000,000 is Sec. 5,697.

NOTES AND NEWS. SOUTH CAROLINA LAMB DUCKS. Special Dispatch to The Tribune.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 2.—Earl, of South Carolina, who has been employed in trying rev enue cases there, is here to-night. Speaking in general upon the South Carolina situation, says Gov. Hampton is not discouraged at bis fallure to secure Kimpton in Massachusetts that he will pursue him wherever he can be found. As to Senator Patterson, Earl says that Gov. Hampton will entertain no ec and that he will secure his return to the after the expiration of his Senatorial March 5 next, if not before. Earl also says that

Hampton will be almost unanimously cle the successor of Patterson, THE PUBLIC DEST STATEMENT. Washington, D. C., Sopt. 2.—Pho debt statement is as follows 

Total coin bonds ..... .8 400.572.8 Total without interest.

.\$2,364,216.9 2, 122, 171 Special deposits held for re-demption of certificates of deposit.

Total in Treasury .. Debt less cash in the Tre Occease during August
Decrease into dute 30
Bottels issued to the Partie Raily
patries. Interest payable is
money
Principal outstanding.
Interest paid by the United Stat
Interest paid by the United Stat
Interest repaid by unaspect

lance of interest paid by the United 

says that interruptions for a time ing at the Opera House came from a five persons in the gallery, and did amov him. Otherwise there was for complaint, and the processings

POLI

Sparks' Fight in the Six

Judge Lathrop Winnebago publ

The Arkansas Plan

at Yesterda SPA HIS FIGHT FOR VANDALIA. III., Sept. this year the Bourbon vention to select a can Sixteenth District. A l Sparks was elected

majority over Gen. lican candidate. but in the Convention t he only wanted one to he only wanted one ter Convention met the del his word. He remained canvass, but his friends for a third term. To-morrow another of different delegates. comery, Clinton, and out of seventy-one del ette County holds the b astructed for Fouke. ette, and that he wil: ballot regardless of we incremen the Lewis Farsons and Case for Sparks, and for Westcott, a Method hour Case and Sparks hour Case and Sparks, the Convention is held hit is safe to say that Sparks, is and Fouke, Man. Ord. Springfield, Hammond Marion; Hardin Case, or Favette, Gen. Parsot Merritt, of March.

ILLIN FOURTH Special Dispatch ROCKFORD. Ili., Sept delegates of this county House this afternoon to

gates to the Congression for the Fourth District. and good will prevailed. tions were presented

Accorded. That Winneha
dores and approve the Go
Representative, the Hon,
pecally his position and ve
the tariff, and his efforts to
inc interests of inventors,
for renomination, and requ
posing the Fourth District i
ing bim back to Congress.

Reso ted. That the deler
vention be and are hereby au
cust, and to cast the fait vei
iy at said Convention, and
to vote as a unit upon all
come before said Convention
spructed to present the nan
zen, the Hon. William Lati
of the Republican part tions were presented :

zen, the Hon. William Lati
of the Republican party
this district, and to use a
secure his nomination, and
said Convention first, last,
These resolutions were
and (oudly auplauded, aft
was sent for Lathrop. O
was loud huzzahs. He ac
pliments bestowed upon t
touching upon the fluan
day; that the appointme
should not be used by me
perousites; the present. perquistes; the present the country should be lef followed by State's a brief speech, indor-course in Congress. appointed as Congression Crawford, A. C. Spafford French, J. B. Merritt, J. Giles C. Hard. Senato Cowles, D. W. Dav, C. long, William Marshall, Agard, R. H. Tinker. The A telegram from DeKall gates voted, and have Lathrop. Boone County two towns for Lathrop.

DE KALB, Ill., Sept. 2. vention heid here to day ed for the Fourth Cong and instructed for the Holegates to the State Street instructed to vote for candidates as Representat ham, with Brees as lirst ereceived she normation for received she normation for enthusiastic andiene afternoon on the final ant questions. It was 6,000 to 8,000 people were Special Dispatch to Elgis, Ill., Sept. 2.—Th

to the Republican Congress be held in Elgin on Friday at the County Convention. at the County Convention, received their instructions of Geneva, for Representa C. Caufield, and E. R. A Bareiav and S. L. Taylor, St. Charles; H. J. Alien Hawley, Dundee: N. N. K. W. Brown, Blackberry; A. J. A. Gactieid, Campton; v. Carlinville, Special Inspace to Carlinville, Ill., Sept. County Convention in this

Convention was the larges ous body ever assembled in James H. Wolfe, of Nil nominated by acclamation. Williams, of Medora, for Gen. John I. Rinaker, of the able and telling speech. for the Republican comp Central Illinois. He array for incompetency and atte Government. His speech echo, and aroused the old ism that had been sleer party are united, and into

RANE CO

Resciat Dispatch to

GENEVA, Ill., Sept. 2.ressional Convention to pressional Convention, the District Convention, structed its thirteen There are several prono

TESTERDAY's LITTLE ROCK, Ark., 1 to-day passed off very cratic State ticket has ski) county. The vote is rns yet received, and is

INDIA The State of the Treas

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Se under belief that somethis with the county managem pointed to make an exam report was made hur L. Wright, \$3,225 685.19; and B. F. Riley

The Has Been There Gires

Views on the Subject. Much to Say About

old, Shrinkage, Etc.

ackers' Story About Sevenes Officially Exploded.

WHISKY. CINNAPI DISTILLERS MANAGE IT. at Departs to The Tribung.

N. D. C., Sept. 2.—Revenue-Agent is investigating the charges made to distillers against those of Cindrath and the Department with apport, received to-day, which shows to of the opinion that the Cincinpay for the additional gallon in-pay for the additional gallon in-ind can afford to do so, for the they are allowed a rebate by the two cents on every gallon pur-ther words, the Cincinnati rectiliers time 18 cents more drawback than he additional gallon for which they

ES INTERNAL REVENUE COLLECTOR'S ENAIT, Aug. 31, 1878.— The Hon. n. Commissioner of Internal Revenue to the state of the st m mily satisfied that the rectifiers in y for the apparent contents of casks, during the summer months the disdurent the summer months the disdurent the summer months the disdurent twee sor spirits at such a temperativitie of the summer of the regular wines or spirits at such a temperativity of the summer of the summer of the commercial or from the receiving eisterns, and operature has declared. The goods particle has declared. The goods plant of the commercial or for one of the finds the casks fill, and makes for correction, of volume. I do not at the Government is defrauded by smaing the correction table in the rect twinter I do not dought. The of the casks, if regarged at 63 onld be found substantially-as cut staves. As regards the fractions of bod of volume gained in the city, I hat this district is no exception that prevails in all spirit-product, which is all intelligent distrilers the sharp competition of traders so pacity of their casks and proof of at the full advantage of all fractions the sharp competition of traders so pacity of their casks and proof of at the full advantage of all fractions the full advantage of all fractions must rectifier is so imporant of his pay more than he gets? Relative to buy wines two cents less than the Chicago is to their advantage to bny Chicag

VEN-THIRTIES.

EVADENCE THAT THEY WERE NEVER
HED AS LEGAL-TENDERS.

ON, D. C., Sept. 2.—The Greeninsist that the 7-30s were legalattention of the Treasury seen called to the following

Treasury notes issued under the he set of Marca 3, 1863, Chap. 73, 1864, Chap. 1, 372, shall be legal-same extent as United States notes value, including interest.

having been made to the Treasury aw, the officials to-day returned rms of which were as follows: if the Revised Statutes by its re \$600,000,000 of 7-30s which er the act of June 30, 1865. It des the \$200,000,000 issued under m the fact that the Revised Statutes ion upon 7-80s, which alone could al-tender. This limitation pro-17-30s might be legal-tender rincipal and interest payable

s, interest payable semi-annution was omitted from the revision could be converted seven years before the were enacted, and by the very e revision itself at the end of ites the apparent change in the est swhich had been accommend to the 7-30s and been converted seven years before the were enacted, and by the very e revision itself at the end of ites the apparent change in the est swhich had been accommend, so that the apparent revision which, by the he hentation as to the he hintation as to the erest being payable at matunities of \$200,000,000, and, of no application whatever to the \$0,000,000 made under authority of which this revision does not refer by its terms provided that no der it could be legal-tenders made interest and principalative as to even the \$200,000,000.

TES AND NEWS. TH CAROLINA LAMB DUCKS. D. C., Sept. 2.—Earl, of South re, is here to-night. Speaking in on the South Carolina situation, he ton is not discouraged at his Kumpton in Massachusetts, and

pursue him wherever he can be to Senator Patterson, Earl says that will secure his return to the State, xpiration of his Senatorial term, xt. if not before. Earl also says that Il be almost unaulmously elected as E PUBLIC DEST STATEMENT.

the Western Associated Press. TON, D. C., Sept. 2.—The public

.\$1,818,670,509 11.773.050 316.713.256 43.460,030 9 10.351,728 0.15cates. 44.017,850 Interest...... 6 450, 872, 834

2, 122, 171
actional current 10, 000, 000
odts held for reof certificates 49, 460, 000

\$2,023,165,020 6,470,504 6,691,811 eash in the Treasury ..... s ring August. re June 30. to the Pacific Railroad Conterest payable in lawful

10, 241, 749 est paid by the United be United States Mints in

SECRETARY SHERMAN.

Sherman resumed his duties to day, es hinself as much pleased with his to thin. In reply to a question concertrate of the statement that the oledo did not want to hear him, he interruptions for a time wally spease opera House came from about twenty and the gallery, and did not seriously.

Otherwise there was no occasion of and the processing passed please.

POLITICAL.

Sparks' Fight for a Renomination in the Sixteenth Illinois District.

Judge Lathrop Indorsed by the Winnebago County Republicans.

The Arkansas Plan Generally Successful at Yesterday's Election.

DIS FIGHT FOR A RENOMINATION.
Special Dispatch to The Private.

VANDALIA. Ill., Sept. 2.—For the second time this year the Bourbon Democracy meet in Convention to select a candidate for Congress in the sixteenth District. A month ago the delegates failed, after two days' balloting, to agree. Sparks was elected in 1874 by 800 majority over Gen. Martin, the Republicen candidate, who, in 1872, beat Siles Bryant. In 1876 Sparks beat A S Craft. but in the Convention that nominated him said he only wanted one term more. When the last Convention met the delegates beid Sparks to his word. He remained at home, and made no canvass, but his friends insisted on running him The Convention, however, made no choice-To-merrow another Convention, made up of different delegates, meets. Sparks has Mont-comery, Chnton, and Washington, thirty-three out of seventy-one delegates instructed. Fay ette County holds the balance of power, and is instructed for Fouke, but Sparks claims Payette, and that he will be nominated on the frs: ballot regardless of instructions. There are fwo lug-emen in this district. Gen. Lewis Parsons and Hardin Case. Two Lewis Parsons and Bardin Case. Two causes are in session, one led by Case for Sparis, and one led by Parsons for Westcott. 2 Methodist preacher. At this hoar Case and Sparks have the inside and as the Convention is held here in Fayette County, it is saie to say that Sparks will be nominated. Among the distinguished Democrais present are candidates Sparks, Bryan, Holles, Westcott, and Fouke, Maj. Ordendorff and Patton, of Springheid, Hammond and Judge Watker of Manond, Hardin Case, of Clinton. Soo Rossol Favette, Gen. Parsons, of Clay, and Tom Merritt, of March.

ILLINOIS.

FOURTH DISTRICT.
Special Dispatch to The Tribuns. ROCKFORD, Ili., Sept. 2-The Republicas delegates of this county assembled at the Court House this afternoon to elect and instruct dele gates to the Congressional Convention at Eigir for the Fourth District. The atmost harmon and good will prevailed. The tollowing resolu

and good with prevailed. The following resolu-tions were presented

Assolved. That Winnebago County heartily in-forces and approves the course in longress of our Representative, the Hon. William Lathrop, es-pecially his position and votes upon the Silver bill, the thrift, and his efforts to pronote and protect the interests of inventors, and we present his name for renomination, and request the counties com-posing the Fourth District to unite with as in send-my him back to Concress.

pasing the Fourth District to unite with as in sending bim back to Congress.

\*\*Reo ted\*\*. That the delevates to the Elgin Constitution be and are hereby authorized to fill all vacantess, and to cast the full vote of Winnebudo County at said Convention, and they are also instructed to tote as a unit upon all questions which may come before said Convention; and they are also instructed to present the name of our beloved cut-sen, the Hon. William Lathrop, as the candidate of the Republican party for Congress from this district, and to use all honorable means to secure his nomination, and to vote for Lathrop at aild convention first, last, and all the time.

These resolutions were unanimously adopted

These resolutions were unanimously adopted and joudly applauded, after which a committee was sent for Lathrop. On his appearance there was loud huzzahs. He acknowledged the com-pliments bestowed upon him in a short speech, touching upon the financial questions of the should not be used by members of Congress as perquistes; the present financial condition of the country should be left as they are. He was followed by State's Attorney Garver in a brief speech, indorsing Mr. Lathrop's course in Congress. The following were appointed as Congressional delegates: R. F. Crawford, A. C. Spafford, J. C. Garver, C. F. Lee, James Ferguson, W. A. Talcott, Irvin French, J. B. Merritt, J. H. Kirk, J. P. Perkins files C. Hard. Senatorial delegates: D. E.

Giles C. Hard. Senatorial delegates: D. E. Anams, J. M. Rhoulds, B. S. Sanborn, H. P. Cowles, D. W. Dav, C. E. Martin, John Budlong, William Marshall, Evans Blake, J. B. Asnd, R. H. Tinker. The meeting adjourned. A telegam from DeKalb County says its delegates voted, and have been instructed for lathrop. Boone County goes for Huribut, with two towns for Lathrop.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

DE KALS, Ill., Sept. 2.—At the County Convention and instructed for the Fourth Congressional Convention and instructed for the Hon. William Lathrop. Delegates to the State Senatorial Convention were instructed to vote for two De Kalb County condidates as Representatives, Byers and Brig-

when instructed to vote for two De Kalb County endidates as Representatives, Byers and Brigham, with Byers as first choice. R. J. Holcomb received the nomination for his fourth term as Sheriff. Gen. John A. Logan addressed a large and enthnstastic andience at the public park this afternoon on the finalicial and other important questions. It was estimated that from 600 to 8.000 people were present.

Special Diapatch to The Triuna.

ELEIN, Ill., Sept. 2.—The following delegates to the Republican Congressional Convention, to be held in Eligin on Friday, were to-day elected at the County Convention, held at Geneva, and received their instructions for John C. Saerwin, of Geneva, for Representative: W. H. Miller, C. Camfield, and E. R. Allen, Aurora; D. F. Barciav and S. L. Taylor, Elgin; C. A. Miller, St. Charles; H. J. Allen, Hampshire; E. S. Ilawley, Dundee: N. N. Ravlin, Kaneville; W. W. Brown, Blackberry; A. H. Arnold, Batavia; J. A. Garlieid, Campton: W. B. Turner, Geneva.

A. A. Garlieid, Campton: W. B. Turner, Geneva.

CARLINVILLE, Ill..

Special Disputch to 1th Tributa.

Carlinville, Ill.. Sept. 2.—The Republican County Convention in this city met to-day, with H. J. D. Mettelf, of Girard, as Chairman. The Convention was the largest and most harmonious body ever assembled in Macoupin County James H. Wolfe, of Nilwood Township, was nominated by acclamation for Sheriff, and J. D. Williams, of Medora, for Coroner, after which Gen. John I. Rinaker, of this city, delivered an able and telling speech. It was the key-note for the Republican campaign in Southern and Central Illinois. He arrangued the Democracy for incompetency and attempts to cripple the Government. His speech was applauded to the echo, and aroused the old spirit of Republicanism that had been sleeping. The Republicanism that had been sleeping. The Republicanism that had been sleeping. The Republicanism that had been sleeping.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

GENEVA, Ill., Sept. 2.—Kane County Congressional Convention, to select delegates to the District Convention, held to-day, mildy instructed its thirteen delegates for Sherwin. There are several pronounced Lathrop men in the delegation.

ARKANSAS.

YESTERDAY'S ELECTION. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Sept. 2.-The election to day passed off very quietly. The Demo-eratic State ticket has no opposition. The Greenbe k-Labor party has a ticket in this (Pu-laski) county. The vote is very close. No re-turns yet received, and it is impossible to an-ilymetable results.

INDIANA.

The State of the Treasury—Indiana Saving Her Big Educational Apple to Eat After a While—Secretary Thompson.

Auction Dispute to the Tribute.

INDIANAPORIS, Ind., Sept. 2.—One year ago, under helief that something was radically wrong with the county management, experts were appointed to make an examination for the last ten years. After several months' work, a partial report was made to-day. George F. Mayer, ex-Treasurer, is reported \$5,201 in debt; Arthur L. Wright, \$5,225.17; Erdelmeyer, \$2,685.19; and B. F. Riler, \$5,005.72. The last 5.19; and B. F. Riley, \$5,005.72. The last Treasurer preceding the present one was Jackson Sanders, whose books have not yet been examined. These amounts do not necessarily represent deficiencies, for every Treasurer is compelled to make settlement for errors long after his term expires, and it is probable that most, if not all, of these balances have been settled for in that way. The whole difference is probably only in the shape of errors, and to discover this has cost nearly \$4,000 in payment of experts. The Common-School Fund of the least sow amounts to \$3,007,055, an increase

of \$40,000 last year. This is the largest fund in the Union. Secretary Thompson arrived in the city this evening, and will remain during to-morrow.

THE RAILROADS.

THE NEW EAST-BOUND POOL. The official report of the Seratoga Railroad Convention has just been received. It contains but little that has not already been published in THE TRIBUNE.

The resolutions offered by Mr. Jewett regard-

ing the formation of another East-bound pool were as follows;
WHEREAS, It is a duty which the railroads owe to the business public to give them reasonable and

to the business public to give them reasonable and uniform rates for the transportation of the produce and other articles of commerce of the country to market; and

to the observed public to give them reasonable and uniform rates for the transportation of the produce and other stricles of commerce of the country to market; and

Wuenkas, It is bedieved by this Convention that such reasonable and uniform rates can only be established and maintained by a fair and equitable division of the traffic observed the competing roads, securing to each its legitimate and proper proportion of the whole; and

Washas, it is believed that such division can only be made and preserved through some general booting arrangement; it is therefore

Resolved. That this Convention is in favor of, and that the companies herein represented will agree to, such pooling/arrangement, or agreement, as may be hereafter devised for the pooling or division of the business East-bound, and controlled by or passing over the roads of the companies now here represented. That during the pendency of, the preparation of such programme for the pooling or division of the business the companies herein represented will maintain and enforce such rates as may from the to time be established for the transportation of such programme for the pooling or division of such traffic over their roads and between any given points. That the Executive Committee of the trunk lines, together with a representative of the Vermont Central Commany, prepare an agreement for the pooling or division of such traffic to the several seaf-board cities, and by each of such traffic to the several seaf-board cities, and by each of such traffic to the several seaf-board cities, and by each of such traffic to the several seaf-board cities, and by each of such traffic to the several seaf-board cities, and by each of such traffic to the several seaf-board cities, and by each of such traffic to the several seaf-board cities, and by each of such cities for the government for the pooling or division of traffic to the agreement for the pooling or division of or the traffic to the several west. The traffic to the several west. The traffic to the several west.

In accordance with the above resolution a meeting was called yesterday by Mr. J. N. Mc-Cullough Chairman of the Western Executive Committee, to be held by the Committee at the Grano Pacific Hotels in this city next Phursday, to take preliminary steps for the preparation of a oboding arrangement of the East-bound busness. The Committee consists of J. N. Mc-Cullough, Vice-President Pennsylvain Combany J. C. McMullin, General Manager Chicago & Aiton, John Newell, General Manager Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, John Simpson, General Manager Vandalia Line, A. L. Hossins, General Manager Vandalia Line, A. L. Hossins, General Manager Wabash Line, J. H. Deverean, President and Receiver Atlantic & Great Western, John King, Jr., Vice-President Saltimore & Ohio. In accordance with the above resolution a

Trustee Sibley filed an appeal to the Supreme Court, but died before his bond was approved. Certain bondholders who wouldn't. Judge Baxter, of Nashville, Mich., was applied to for an order restraining Mich., was applied to for an order restraining the sale, but refused. Sunday night Alfred Russell, attorney for the disaffected bondholders who claim that their rights have been infringed upon, took a freight train and secretly went to Corunna, where he filed a bill before Judge Turner, of the Thiawassee Circuit, asking for the removal of the Trustees who would not appeal, and the appointment of those who would; also for an order restraining the sale. The other side heard of it at noon, and a dozen prominent lawyers, boarding a special train, went to Corunna, only to find that Judge Turner had granted the order and gone to another town. A special only to find that Judge Turner had granted the order and gone to another town. A special train overtook him at a way-station, and he sent a note to Russell requesting him not to serve the injunction, and promising to come here to-morrow and hear a motion for its dissolution. Arrangements have been made by the rival factions that the sale shall be held open until argument can be heard.

Mr. Godfrey Macdonald, for some years past General Western Foreign Freight Agent of the Michigan Central and Great Western Railroads, has been appointed General Western Foreign Freight Agent of the Merchants' Dispatch Transportation Company, which now does all the foreign freight business over Vanderbilt's lines. Mr. John Crampton, General Western Forlines. Mr. John Crampton, General Western For-eign Freight Agent of the Merchants' Dispatch, has been appointed Chief Assistant to Mr. Mac-donald, and will have charge of the office busi-ness in this city. A better team to handle the foreign freight business over Vanderbilt's lines could not have been selected. Mr. Macdonald is an expert in this business with great experi-ence, and cannot be beaten in doing the outside work, while Mr. Crampton has an equal experi-ence in the office work, having been Assistant General Manager of the Great Western, and later Secretary to Commissioner Fink, and still later Commercial Agent of the Southwestern Raijway Association at Kansas City. Mr. W. Railway Association at Kansas City. Mr. W H. McIlhanny will be General Eastern Foreign Freight Agent of the Merchants' Dispatch Transportation Company, with headquarters in New York.

REORGANIZING. Mr. W. B. Strong, Vice-President and General Manager of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad, has just issued the following gen-

eral orders:
The office of General Superintendent is this day The office of General Superintendent is this day abolished.

The duties of said office will be assumed by the General Manager.

All reports and communications heretofore addressed to the General Superintendent will herefiter be sent to the andersigned.

Mr. C. F. Morse is hereby appointed Division Superintendent (Eastern Division), with headquarters at Topeka, vice Mr. J. D. Gunn, transferred to another department.

Mr. Frank M. Smith has been appointed Purchasing and Supply Agent for this Company, with headquarters at Topeka, to take effect this date.

No material of any kind whatever will be purchased on account of the Company except by him or his direction.

him or his direction.

He is charged with the care, distribution, and disposal of all material (old and new), and his instructions with regard to the same will be observed.

UNION PACIFIC. Archison, Kan., Sept. 2.—The Central Branch of the Union Pacific Railroad has been completed north, and is now open for business to Beloit, 180 miles west of this city. A large excursion party left this city this afternoon for Beloit, where the completion of the road will be celebrated with general rejoicing. The Company has also finished the grading for a branch from Concordia to Sendia, twenty miles. Beloit is in the Solomon Valley.

KANSAS PACIFIC. NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—In reference to the pe-tition of the Kansas Pacific Railway Company filed in the United States Circuit Court, District of Kansas, for the removal of Henry Villard as Receiver of said railwar upon certain charges therein named, Mr. Villard announces that said charges will be duly met and answered at the proper time.

ITEMS. The Central Branch of the Union Pacific Rail-road has been completed from Atchison to Beloit, and was opened for business vesterday. Mr. J. R. Wood assumed the duties of Acting General Ticket and Passenger Agent of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad yester-terday. Mr. Wood has appointed Mr. R. T. Bryton, formerly with the Ohio & Mississippi Railroad, his chief assistant.

Bryton, formerly with the Onto & Alsosseppe Railroad, his chief assistant.

Mr. D. B. Morey, General Freight Agent of the Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans Railroad, who was atricken down with yellow fever at New Orleans a few days ago, is reported to have passed the crisis, and hopes for his speedy recovery are now entertained.

Mr. T. H. Fonda, for several years past in charge of the depot ticket office of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, has resigned. Mr. H. W. McKewin, agent at the city office No. 83 Clark street, takes charge of the depot ticket office in addition to his other duties.

Mr. L. W. Towne, General Superintendent of the Atchison & Nebraska Railroad, is in the city to consult with the managers of his Chicago connections regarding the traffic over his road during the winter. Mr. J. E. Utt, General

Freight and Ticket Agent of the same road, is in the city, and is the guest of Mr. H. J. Glea-son, local Freight Agent of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific. As there have been reports circulated that the Illinois Central Railroad is taking no freight to the yellow-fever infected points in the South, the managers of the road wish to have it understood that they are still taking all the freight that offers to Memphis, New Orleans, and other

points.

Mr. Henry C. Wentworth, the popular General Ticket and Passenger Agent of the Michigan Central Radroad, was at his desk again yesterday. During the past two months he has been East to recuperate his health, which had been greatly impaired by too steady application to duty. He returns fully recovered, and looks better than he has for many years past.

The General Western Passenger Agency of the Great Western Railroad of Canada in this city was to have been abblished vesterday, but Mr. Porter has received orders to keep the office open and continue to perform his usual duties until further orders. It seems that the managers of the Great Western, after fully considering the matter, have come to the conclusion. ering the matter, have come to the conclusion that it will not be for the best interests of their road to abolish the agency in this city, and the likelihood is that the Company will insist on being allowed to retain their office here.

AMUSEMENTS.

GENEVIEVE WARD.

New York, Sept. 2.—Before an audience Genevieve Ward made her American denut tonight at Booth's Theatre. The great auditorium was densely packed by people who rank first in almost every profession and branch of business. John McCullough, Clara Morris, John Gilbert, Rose Coghlan, Dionysius Boucleault, Tom Murphy, Mayor Eiy, the American Rifle Team, and others of equal prominence were among those who witnessed the first production here of "Jane Shore." It was an expectant assemblage, snd, when George Vandenhoff, with stilted elecution, exclaimed, "Mistress Shore, mylords, approaches," there was a hush, a rustle of preparation, and then a burst of applause which made the foundations tremble. From that point on, the stamping and clapping were renewed at every available stage, and at some which were not available. The people saw before them an actress of mature years and robust figure, of practical method, medium strength, and little which was sympathetic or winning. It was olear from the outset that here was a struggle of talent highly cultured, but unaided by sponcaneous passion or great power. It was also easily visible that Miss Ward was heavily handicapped with Mr. Wills' play. first act dragged. The second hung Section Dispatch to The Tribune.

DETROIT & MILWAUKEE.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

DETROIT & MILWAUKEE.

The third was a dereaty string tout sake allow the original play ire. The third was a dreary string of platiand good taste, and they helped to bolster up a play which, in less careful hands, would have ended with a performance of "one consecutive night." There will be better opportunities to judge of Miss Ward's capability, perhaps, after she grows used to American audiences. But, if she finds them all so predisposed to friendli-ness as they were to night, she may well call her visit a success.

devery part of the house There was hardly a departure to be noted in the performance from the time-honored panto-mime of old, save in the introduction, which was a bright, humorous sketch full of quips and verbal eccentricities, depicting the Court of old King Cole, and giving an appropriate foretaste of what was coming by ringing in snatches of familiar nursery rhymes. The business of the familiar nursery rhymes. The business of the pantomime proper was intrusted to Grimaldi. Anveri, Eunice, and Boshell, who fulfilled their duties to admiration. The tricks are eleverly contrived, and several of them have the merit of novelty, but a pantomime, we imaging, would lose half its interest if it did not to a large extent acide by the old traditions. Grimaldi is an examined clown, one of the best representatives of that delightful personage to be found on the American stage representatives of that delightful personage to be found on the American stage since Fox went away and Tony himself has dropped into management. Miss Boshell is a sprightly and graceful dancer, and Eunice makes a good harlequin. In the olio a very pleasant and diversified entertainment was given, including some melodic gems by Miss North, a remarkable exhibition on stilts by Grimaldi. gymnastic exercises by Clifton and Fox, Mid. Moulton's Indian club act, the exquisite Charles Diamond in his vocal selections with harp accompaniment, and a pretty exhibition on the velocipede by the little Venus and Adonis.

OTHER THEATRES. Colville's Folly Company reopened at Haver-ly's Theatre last evening, and gave an excellent

performance of the extravaganza of "Robinson Crusoe," which was received with great appliause by a large audience.

"Diplomacy" entered upon its second week at McVicker's Theatre last night to a rather

at McVicker's Theatre last night to a rather light but intensely appreciative audience. It will be remembered that this is to be the last week of this excellent play.

John T. Raymond opened his second week at Hooley's in his celebrated portrayal of Co. Selers, the character with which he has been so long identified and which he alone can adequately represent. The present cast is not particularly strong as a whole, but the actors are sufficiently well up in their business to give fair support to the star. Miss, Eithe Cummins rendered the part of Laina with a great deal of support to the star. Miss, Elika Cummus rendered the part of Lanca with a great deal of spirit, and gained the deserved approbation of the audience. Raymond himself, of course, was the life of the piece, which is essentially a "one-man play," and, aside from the portrayal of the irrepressible Coone, a singularly ill-constructed piece of dramatic manufacture. So long as Raymond moves and has his being in, it, however, it will continue to afficed abindance of amusement despite its many faults. It will be given during the week.

CANADA.

British Columbia's Rick-Capture of Me-Donald's Road by the Government-A Fast of Forty Days-Small-Pox-The Mounted Special Disputch to The Tribune.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 2.-The Legislature has passed an address to the Queen to the effect that, in the event of the Dominion Government failing to carry into effect the bargain ith British Columbia, made in 1874, on or before the 1st day of May next, that her Majes y will be pleased to direct that British Columbia shall thereafter have the right to exclusive-ly collect her customs and excise duties, and to withdraw from the Union, and shall also, in any event, be entitled to be compensated by the Dominion for losses sustained by reason of past delays and the failure of the Diminion Government to carry out their railway and other obli-

gations to the Province.
Victoria, Sept. 2.—Rich diggings have been discovered in the Horse-Fly country, Cariboo. Chinese miners are making \$40 to \$80 daily.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

MONTREAL, Sept. 2.—This morning the troops sent from Montreal to St. Therse took ossession or the station and rolling-stock at that place, there being no opposition made by the contractors' men. The Government has now possession of the road along the whole line, and trains will resume their trips to-mor-row. C. A. Scott has been appointed Smarin-

tendent. The men along the road are all anxtous to get back to work under the new regime.
This afternoon the pilot engine started from
St. Therse with a body of soldiers on board,
with the object of getting a train through to Ottawa. The Government will appoint their

Ottawa. The Government will appoint their own conductors and engineers.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

OTTAWA, Sept. 2.—The quantity of lumber sent to the Albany and New York markets from Canada, during the present season, is 38,321,652 feet,—a decrease of over 5,000,000 feet from last

The value of goods entered for consum in the Dominion of Canada, exclusive of British Columbia, during the month of July, was \$7.-580,432, of which amount \$4.911,073 was dutiable goods,-the amount of duty collected being \$1,075,062.

being \$1,005,002.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

TORONTO, Sept. 2.—The Ontario Official Gamette contains the following: "His Honor the zette contains the following: "His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint Pullip A. Hoyne, of the City of Chicago, attorney-at-law, to be a Commissioner for taking affidaytes for use in the Courts of Optario."

Mr. John Malloy, who for thirty-seven years had been an officer of the Law Society in Oscoode Hall, is dead. He was in his 90th year, and had resided in Canada fitty-six years. He was an officer of the Royal William, said to have been the first steamer that ever crossed the Atlantic. He settled, on first coming to this country, in 1822, in Lower Canada, where he aided Sir James Stewart in quelling a rebellion, and took an active part in politics.

QUEBEC, Sept. 2.—The Chronicle says, semi-officially, that the statement which has appeared in public prints, that it will be necessary for the Governor-General to return to Ottawa, is incorrect; and that the address ne delivers at the opening of the Ontario Provincial Exhibition, at Toronto, will be his last prior to his departure.

The President of the Quebec Board of Trade.

The President of the Quebec Board of Trade, at its quarterly meeting, complained bitterly of the depressed condition of trade. The ship

at its quarterly meeting, complained bitterly of the depressed condition of trade. The shipping, he said, was anything but satisfactory to those engaged in it; and the lumber business was in the same unfortunate condition. It was a subject of sincere regret that, even with all the public works which were going on in the city and port, including wharfage-repairs, harbor-improvements, and departmental buildings,—giving employment to 1,000 or 1,500 men,—three-quarters of the working population of the city were idle.

Special Disfatch to The Tribuna.

HAMILTON, Sept. 2.—A Mrs. Pearce, of this city, is said to have been fasting for the past forty days,—not taking any food or drink, beyond a glass of water. She is laboring under the conviction that God has sent her here to perform some divine commission, and that she would be sustained by heavenly means for the forty days and forty nights. Her long fast has been coilcluded, and the woman has commenced to eat a lattle. The doctor, and those who were in constant attendance upon, her, state that it was a wonderful case,—the woman being able to go round actively while thus starving nerself.

Montreal Sept. 2.—At a meeting of the Montreal Board of Health. Br. Kennedy revealed some startling facts which had come to his knowledge regarding the present state of the internal affairs of the civic small-pox hospital. He showed that the hospital was over-crowded with pattents, and that their lives were endangered

with patients, and that their lives were endangered by the fetul atmosphere. He was convinced that at least 25 per cent of the total cases in the ospital resulted from want of proper

hospital resulted from want of proper treatment.

The proposed scheme of building a Viceregal residence on Mount Royal Park as being field in abevance until the views of Lord Dufferin are ascertained with regard to it. The scheme meets with regard to it. The scheme meets

ascertained with regard to it. The scheme meets with general favor among those who have a stake in the city.

\*\*Special Dispatch to The Tribuns.\*\*

LONDON, Sept. 2.—The Battleford correspondent of the London Free Press declares that the mounted police force is utterly disorganized, and that, instead of being a protection, it has become a nuisance to the Northwest. He quotes the Stipendary Magistrate at Qu Appelle as saying, in passing sentence on several police for assaulting a woman. "From all quarters we hear of outrage and lawless conduct by the police; we hear of them rendering themselves a nuisance to the community in which they live; we hear of them leaving just debts unpaid, while they purchase abandoned women, whom ever and anon they tire of, and turn loose as moral lepers amongst society, only to repeat anew the disgusting transaction; and, if a check is not given soon and decisively to the infamous conduct of the police, the Government while have to seriously consider if it he not weer for among the expense. an note to Russell requesting him not to serve the injunction, and promising to come here to-morrow and hear a motion for its dissolution.

Arrangements have been made by the rival factions that the sale shall be held open until argument can be heard.

VANDERBILT'S FOREIGN FREIGHT

BUSINESS.

THE NEW CHICAGO.

This theatre was reopened last evening by Tony Denier's Pantomine Troupe in the farfamed and very old-fashioned comedy of "Humpty Dumbty." A hearty greeting was accorded to the familiar faces by the audience, and every part of tho house was crowded. tempt to seize it, except out of a glass.

FIRES.

CLOSE TO A HORROR.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 2.—The luke steam John D. Dix, belonging to Mr. Engelman, and running in the Engelman Line of steamers, was partially destroyed by fire while lying at the Goodrich dock in Milwanites River this evening. The Dix runs between Miwankee, Ludington and Manistee, and, though one of the Engelman Line, has had, for purposes of convenience, docking arrangements at Goodrich's wharf. Its time for leaving port to cross the lake is 7 o'clock p. m., but it was delayed fifteen or twenty minutes to-night he taking on freight. Just before preparing to steam out from the dock a blaze arose from the after-hold and a city alarm was given. The engines were soon on the ground, and reduced the blaze, which was rapidly reaching for the upper works, so that it was confined to the hold and cargo beneath decks. The officers of the Dix are Capt. David Cochran, Clerk John H. Sanderson, Mate Frank Tierray, Engineer James Benson. It was formerly a revenue cutter, was rebuilt here two years aro, and was valued, with machinery and furniture, at \$50,000, and had marine insurance for \$30,000, but no insurance against fire. The cargo, which had just been taken on was principally of feed, provisions, and iumber supplies, and was valued at \$2,000 or \$3,000, with no insurance. About twenty-five passengers were on board, but of course escaped to the wharf as the alarm was given. No Baggare was saved. Clerk Sanderson made sure of his dock a blaze arose from the after-hold the wharf as the alarm was given. No baggas was saved. Clerk Sanderson made sure of h books, and got ashore with them. The damas to the boat is doubtless equal to one-half it value, but cannot be definitely ascertained untiit is thoroughly overhauled. No other boat was near the dock, and the groupt arrival of the engines aved the mammoth Goodrich ware-houses from destruction.

IN CHICAGO. The ainrim from Box 562 at 5:30 yesterday morning was caused by a new in the hen-coop in the rear of No. 135 North Oakler street, owned by James McLaurfilm, who was energed at the time in smooting (bout. Damage, \$15. The sharm of fire at 2 o'clock yesterday morning was cansed by the discovery of me in a basket of chips stowed away under a stairway of Miss Sarah Campbell's boarding double. No. 212 North Clark street. The entire and premises were saturated with kerosene. Some of the boarders and the proprietress were nearly sufficiently by the smoke. Damage, \$50

AT GRIDLEY. Special Dispatch to The Tribune.
GRIDLEY, Ill., Sept. 24-The grain wareho Sykes, and the water-tank of the Toledo, Peoria & Wabash Road at this place, and one ilinois Central freight-car burned at 3 a. m. today. The fire originated in the warehouse so suddenly that it was impossible to save its contents. G. P. Avers, buying grain at the elevator for Haynes & Co., of Chenoa, loses 4.000 bushels of corn and oats. The warehouse was insured for \$1,500 to the Æina. Incendiary.

AT MILFORD, MICH. Tolebo, Sept. 2.—The Central elevator at Milford, Mich., occupied by Stephens & Roberts, with three adjoining sheds filled with manu-lactured lumber, burned Sunday morting. Loss on elevator and contents about \$5,000, and on the sheds and contents \$4,000. The whole is partially insured. The fire is supposed to have been the act of an incendiary. It. F. Howland, a prointinent citizen, has been arrested on the caurge of causing the fire.

THE FIFTH TIME. GRIND KAPIDS, Mich., Sept. 2.—Jenison's sawinth, at Cedar Springs, was burned this morning. Loss from \$8,000 to \$10,000, on which there was a small insurance. This is the fifth time the mill on that site has been burned withn a few years.

AT PETERSBURG, VA.
PETERSBURG, Va., Sept. 2.—The Library Building and R. A. Riley's grocesy store burned this

morning. Loss on Library Building not stated. fusurance, \$12,000. Riley's loss, \$30,000. In-surance, \$16,000. The adjoining stores suffered considerably, but are fully insured:

SPORTING.

BASE-BALL. The ball game yesterday for the benefit of the yellow-fever sufferers was a financial success, in that it added \$681.30 to the funds of the Chicago Citizens' Committee. At the close of the contest Mr. Murry Nelson, Chairman of the Committee, formally presented the thanks of the Committee to the players and officers of the

clubs for their kindness and courtesy.

The game was notable chiefly for the fact that it presented Harry Wright for the first time this season. He pitched the game through, and was a success. Spalding pitched five innings for Chicago, and Reis the other four. The fielding of the home team at first and second was not up to grade, but Ferguson, Powers, Hankinson, and Remsen were in good form. There was some excuse for Cassidy, because he was placed in a strange place. In view of the character of the game, it is necessary only to give THE SCORE.

Powers, c		4	1	1	1	11	0	0
Harbidge, 1. f		4	n	24 92	3	î		1
Cassidy, 1 b		6	1	3	3	11	o	3
Ferguson, s. s		A	- 0	0	0	-0	6	6
Hankinson, 3 h	** * * * * * *	1	ĭ	1	1	1	3	6
Hankinson, 3 b Spalding, p	** ****	1	â	1	9	a	1	1
Reis, r. f		1 2	0	ô	ñ	0 1 0	6 3 1 6 1	1
McClellan, 2 b		4	o	9	3	0	1	9
Remsen, c. f		3	0	ñ	2	0	ô	6
			_	-	_~	~	_	-
Total		37	2	10	15	97	17	10
BOSTON.				10	10	100		
Morrill, 3 b		1	0	1	1	1	3	0
Manning e f		4	9	î	20.02	12	0	ó
O'Rourke, 1 b H. Wright, p Leonard, I. f.	******	5	ĩ	0	-5	8	1	ĩ
H. Wright p		5	3	1	3	0	1	0
Leonard, I. f	115	5	0	3	1.3	1	0	Õ
Spitton, a. a.		- 5	0	1	1	3	4	1
Burdock, 2 b		5	2	3	3	4	3	Ô
Burdock, 2b Schaefer, r. f		5	020	1 3 2	2	342	0	0
Snyder, c		5	o	ĩ	1	4	a	1
		-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Total		44	10	13	18	27	12	3

19.

First base on errors—Chicago, 2: Boston, 5.

Errors affecting the score—Harbidge, Cassidy,
2. Rets, 2: McClellan, 2; Sutton, Suyder.

Left on bases—Chicago, 5: Boston, 8.

Bases on called balls—Off Reis. 1.

Double play—Burdock and O'Rourke,
Passed balls—Suyder, 1.

Struck out—Off Wright, 4; off Spalding, 1; off
Reis, 6.

Umpire—Big Anson.

The Providence Club will be here this morning, and will play their minth game with

ing, and will play their ninth game with Chicago this afternoon. The hour for com-mencing has been changed to 3:30. SUFFALO, Sept. 2.—Base-ball: Buffalo, 6;

Clickaro this afternoon. The hour for commencing has been changed to 3:39.

Riveralo, Sept. 2.—Base-ball: Buffalo, 6; Rochester, 2.

Special Dismatch to The Pritimae.

Problem, 11. Sept. 2.—Indianapolis, 14; Redia Dismatch to The Pritimae.

Clickinskill, Sept. 2.—Cincinnati, 6; Providence, 2.

Springrield, Mass., Sept. 2.—Springfields, 4, Mauchesters, 0.

BILLIARDS.

The exercises in connection with the reopening of the Brunswick Hall last evening were witnessed by a large crown of spectators, many of them strangers in the city, who were attracted by the opportunity of seeing the play of the two celebrated biayers, Schaefer and Rhines, and the former, while giving a few samples of his side-rati play, did not succeed in getting into the big figures, his best runs being 110, 77, and 54. Slosson was in rather better form, and in his game with Johnny Oberlander, of New Orleans, put in runs of 185, 183, and 70. Senafer, who is regularly employed at the Brunswick Hall, will hereafter settle down to steady practice, and get back the tremendous speed he was showing at the time the big match for \$4,000 was broken off.

CRIME.

BANK-ROBBERS ARRESTED.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 2.—The Rapublican's Sedalia special says three of the men who robbed the bank at Concordia, Mo., a few days ago were arrested in that vicinity to-day.

SEDALIA, Mo., Sept. 2.—The Daily Democratias the foliowing account of the capture of the robbers of the Concordia Bank: Constable Erdmann, of Concordia, and William Bradford.

Erdmann, of Concordia, and William Bradford and James Crouch have been close on the trail of the robbers since the robbery, and on Satur-day last traced them to their homes near Columday last traced them to their homes near Columbus, Johnson County, about twenty mises from Lexington. Exdmann lets Bradierd to watch the robbers while he returned to Lexington to procure a warnant and get more men. Sheriff Mountjoy, of Lafayette, accompanied by F. R. Tutt and Ed McKee, returned with Erdmann, and at daylight made a descent on the house of Ottie Offut, leader of the party. They surprised him while esting breaklast, got the drop on him, and secured him without firing a shot. They then proceeded to the house of Thomas Remick, whom they found in bed, and secured him without any trouble. The third man, Riley Carroll, they met going into a cornadel to cut corn, with a corn-knife in his hand, and captured him also, he mashand, and captured him also, he making no effort to escape. The captors took their prisoners to lexington and put them in jail to await identification. The Cashier of the jall to await identification. The Cashier of the robbed bank and one or two others who had a good look at the robbers while robbing the bank were sent for, and fully identified the met. Offut, leader of the gang, was one of Bill Anderson's men, was bushwhacking during the Wat, and is said to be a most dangerous man, ile is about 40 years old. The other two are younger, and have been suspected of being cattle-thieves in the vicinity where they five.

A FATAL BLOW. COLCMBGS, Sect. 2. -George Burke, a schooleacher living near Onto Furnace, Scioto Counat 4 o'clock by a man named Graighmeyer. Burke had secured the ill-will of the latter by paying attention to Miss Craighmeyer, sister of paying attention to shise Craigameyer, sister of the numberer. A difficulty grew out of the dis-pute yesterday atternoon, during which Craigh-natyer struck Burks on the head with a heavy instrument, knocking his brains out and caus-ing instant death. No information of the arrest of the inorderer has been received.

THE WOMAN-KILLERS NOT ALL CHICAGOANS.
Special Disputch to The Tribune.

MENASBA, Wis., Sept. 2-Michael Logstetter, n a fit of jealousy, shot his wife with a doubleparreled shot-gun this evening at 6:30 o'clock. She died in thirty minutes. The prisoner is a German and an early settler in this place, and has always been considered a quiet, inoffensive person, fle is under arrest, and a post-mortem examination will be held.

COMING HOME. Special Dispatch to The Pribune.
BUFFALO, Sept. 2.—Messrs. J. D. Smith and Charles F. Ward, of Chicago, accused of rob-bery, were to-day let to ball in the sum of \$500 each, H. D. Kirkover becoming their security. it is alleged that, with the sid of two prosti-tates, they levied blackmail on a couple of Buf-lalouians and stole a gold-neaded cane as par-nayment of \$1,000. Both young men lett for home to-day in care of Capt. Elifs, of Chicago.

HANGED BY A MOB. Baltinorg, Md., Sept. 2.—On Tuesday last Mike Green, colored, aged 35, committed a revolting assault on a young white woman in Prince George County. The same day he was lodged in jail. Early this morning about twenty-five men took Green from the jail and hanged him to a tree.

BLOODY BUSINESS. OMARA, Neb., Sept. 2.-in a drunken row in a occur-garden in this city last night. Auton Kotiza. s Bohemian, was stabbed in the neck, the knife severing the jugular vein. He died almost instantly. Several others were wounded. The supposed murderer has been arrested. TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

LaSalle, Ill., Aug. 2.—A very large number of cases of malarial fever have developed them-selves in LaSalle and Peru within the last few days, which has occasioned much suffering, but thus far has caused no deaths.

ERIE, Pa., Sept. 2.—The Morning Despatch, the only morning paper in this city, and the oldest paper in Northwestern Pennsylvania, be-came the exclusive property of James R. Wil-lard to-day, he having purchased the interests

MILWAUKER, Aug. 2.—Edward H. Bail, of the wholesale grocery firm of Ball & Goodrich, is lying dangerously ill at his residence in this city, and is not expected to survive till

morning.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 2.—The coal operators of the Schuylkill region decide to make no change in the last month's prices.

CASUALTIES.

BEHEADED. Special Disputch to The Pribuna.
PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 2.—Mr. Marshall Jones well-known and worthy citizen, met with an accident at the Exposition Building about 3 o'clock this afternoon which resulted in his instant death. He was assisting in arranging some machinery in Power-Hall, of which he was overseer. A large fly-wheel had been elevated several teet from the floor by means of a block and chain, in order to get it in position for lodgment in a deep pit. Mr. Jones was stand lodgment in a deep pit. Mr. Jones was standing underneath, in the act of lowering it, when the chain broke. In his haste to escape he stumbled over some blocks of wood, and fell with his neck resting on a piece of pipe. The snarp edge of the heavy wheel at that instant struck his neck, severing the head from the body as completely as if the operation had been performed by a guillotine. Mr. Jones was about 40 years of age, and leaves a wife and three children.

VESSELS LOST. SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 2.-Per the Oce anic, the loss of two British vessels is reported,
-the ship Lord of the Isles, from Australia to Manila, and the bark Queen, from Singapore to the Island of Palos. The crew of the Lord of the Isles have arrived at Hong Kong from Ma-nila. The Cantain and eight or nine tuembers of the crew of the Queen were drowned.

OTTAWA, Can., Sept. 2.-Three young fadles. Maggie and Lizzie Lee and Ada Edwards, were drowned at Pembroke Saturdny.

CUSTOMS.

ession of the Sub-Committee of Ways and Means of the House of Representatives at New York.

Special Dispatch to The Iribune.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—Three members of the Sub-Committee of the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives, appointed to investigate the customs system as illustrated by the workings of the New York Collection District, and endeavor to make recom endations for its simplification, met here this afternoon. Those present were Fernando Wood, Chairman; Gen. Banks, of Massachusetts. and Gen. Randall Gibson, of Louisiana. It is expected that Gen. Garneld, of Ohio, and Judge

THE WEATHER. OFFICE OF THE CRIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3-1 a. m.-indications—For the Tennessee or Ohio Valley, clear or partly cloudy weather, variable winds, mostly southerly, stationary temperature, and station ary or falling barometer.

For the Lower Lake Region, colder, partially cloudy weather, frequent rains, variable winds, stationary or higher pressure. For the Upper Lake region, partly clouds weather, occasional rain, tollowed by warmer, clearer weather, northwesterly winds, becoming variable, rising, followed by stationary or falling barometer.

For the Upper Mississippi and Lower Misson Valleys, warmer, clear or partly cloudy weather, southeasterly winds, falling berometer. The rivers will remain nearly stationary. LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.
CRICARO, Sept. 2.

Bar. Inr Hu. Wind. Vet. Ko. Weather

Time. Bar Thr Ho. Wind. Vel. Ro. Weather
6:53 a.m. 29.888 C8 84 W 6 Cloudy.
11:18 a.m. 29.886 77 53 W 8 Fair.
2:50 p.m. 29.886 80 44 N. W 8 Clear.
3:53 p.m. 29.886 80 44 N. W 7 .03 Clear.
9:50 p.m. 29.885 72 80 N E 4 Fair.
10:18 p.m. 29.885 72 80 N E 4 Fair.
10:18 p.m. 29.885 72 80 N E 7 Fair.
Maximum, W: gloidinum, 88.

General onsawrations.
Chicago, Sept. 2-Midnight.
Stations. Rar. Thr. Wind. Rain Weather. 

OCEAN STEAMSHIP NEWS. MOVILLE, Sept. 2 .- Arrived, steamship State

of Virginia, from New York.

Ngw York, Sept. 2.—Steamer Fire Queen, New York, Sept. 2.—Steamer Fire Queen, from New Orleans Aug. 18, for Liverpool, was towed into port to-day by a steamer from Baltimore for Bremen.

New York, Sept. 2.—Arrived, steamer Montana from Liverpool.

Sas Francisco, Sept. 2.—Sailed, steamer City of Sydney, for Sydney via Honolulu, carrying the British mails.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Asthma.—Thousands of the worst cases of actama have been relieved by using Jonas Whitcomo's Kemedy In no case of purely asthmatic character has it failed to give relief.
CINCINNATI, Jan. 31, 1878.—Resers. Joseph Burnatt 4 Co., Boston—Gentlenen: I am happy to be able to recommend to those suffering from the asthma, your vasuable relief, Jones Whitcomo's Asthma Kemedy. So far as I have used it my statement concurs with others with whom I am familiar, as to the most favorable results derived from the use.

Student at Cincinnati Law College.

XLCR Codfish—The best boneless Codfish in the world. Made from selected George's Bank fish. Ask your grocer for it. Put up by George P. Trigg & Co., 182 Duane street, New York.

Use " Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children waile teething. It cares dysentery and di-arrho's, wind colic, and regulates the bowels. 25 cts

Chew Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobscco FINANCIAL ESTABLISHED 1860.

RANDAL II. FOOTE, BANKER Having been for twelve years a member of New York stock Exchange and Vice President of Gold Board, the highest character and emergence in guaranteed. Stocks. Gold, and Bonds; also, Sock Confracts, such as "aradice." "puts, "and "calls" on large or small amounts, bought and soid on requiar commissions and moderale margins. Pamphlet entitled "Wall Street," and sook table contrasting valuable information, malled as rePIREMEN'S TOURNAMENT.

NATIONAL

TOURNAMENT.

TIME-TABLE OF TRAINS

Between Chicago and Union Stock-Yards from Wednesday, Sept. 4, to Saturday, Sept. 7, inclusive.

Trains will leave the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Rallway Depot, corner of Van Buren and Sherman-sts., as follows:

Trains will leave the Depot of the l'ittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway Company, corner of Canal and Madison-sts., as follows:

Leave Chteago... 8.20 a. m. 85 a. m. 85 a. m. 85 a. m. 11.15 a. Time of Running will be Twenty-five Minutes.

The Chicago & Northwestern RAILWAY COMPANY

Will run Special Trains from Wells-st, Depot, north end of Wells-st, Bridge, as tollows:

The last train on each of the above Roads will not leave until

the close of the Exhibition each day. Round-trip tickets, including admission to Dexter Park (75 cents), as well as single-ride tickets (25 cents), for sale at the Of-

fices and Depots of the above Companies. The coupons of the season tickets' issued by George M. How for the Fire Department are good for passage on any of the above

trains. C. & N. W. R. R. will be 10 cents more each way.

SOZODONT.

ESTABLISHED 1859.

THE PEERLESS LIQUID PRAGRANT SOZODONT.

THE STANDARD TOOTH ALL ITS INGREDIENTS THIS REMARKABLE DEN-TIFRICE may be described as a pure transparent ileutid, delightfully perfumed, a few drops of which, applied to the tooth-brush and rubbed on the teeth, produces a most agreeable from, which penetrates all the interstices of the teeth, and cleanses the mouth in a refreshing and pleasant manner. Discolored teeth are rendered white by its use. The BREATH derives fragrance from its aroma. It prevents and arrests dental decay. The gums become rusier and harder under its operation, and a sensation of perfect cleaniness of the teeth and mouth is produced.

All the liquid Dentifrices seen by the public since 1850, claiming the remarkable properties of the SOZODONT, are but abortive attempts to funtate this original and genuine article, not one of which has ever approached the SOZODONT for utility, efficacy, and excellence.

The SOZODONT has become justly oppular throughout the Ubited States, Canada, and other parts of the world, and has received the most flattering testimonials from many distinguished Dentists, Physicians, Clergymen, and others, who have carefully tested its merits, and from long and regular use are enabled to recommend it with confidence. At the Convention of Scandinaviao Dentista held in Covenhaven in 1872, after the article had been subjected to a very careful analysis, it was unqualifiedly indored as a most efficacious Dentifrice. In fact, wherever it has been introduced it has given entire satisfaction.

The public should know that a bottle of NOZODONT will test four to six months, that it is an exceedingly contomical and inexpensive Dentifrice, as well as an indispensable toise luxury. Purchasers are also asked to note the size and fluid capacity of the bottle, and particularly to remember that, unlike tooth powders and tooth pastes, there is no waste-half a dozen persons may use from the same bottle. Sold by all drucerists.

all druggista. LOAN EXHIBITION. THE CHICAGO SOCIETY DECORATIVE ART HAS DETERMINED TO OPEN A LOAN EXHIBITION

OF ARTICLES OF ARTISTIC VALUE or ARTICLES OF ARTISTIC VALUE.

In the coming fall. The members of the Society earnearly solient the co-operation of the citizens of Chicago
and its vicinity, and rely confidently on their libera-life
to make this Exhibition an honor to the city.

Mondes, specimes exhibited will consist of Bronzes,
Mondes, specimes exhibited will consist of Bronzes,
Mondes, specimes exhibited will consist of Bronzes,
Mondes, specimes and Mondes, the control of the contions, Ensured Metal and Porcelain, Antique Farniture, Antique and Modira Pottery and Porcelain, Pietures, Engravings, Rabe Books, Manuscrips, Antigraphs, Statuary, Glass, Lace, Tapestry, Textile Fabrics, Antique Fans, Lacquer, Wood Carring, Relics, etc.

Rivery one willing to contribute to the collection is
requested to scan man and residence to the Chairman
of Committee of Selection.

of Committee of Selection.

MRS. PRANKLIN MAC VEACH, cor. Lakest. und Wabash-av.. Chicago.

This Committee will wait upon each contributor and make a just and description of the articles to be touch.

By order of the Prosident.

red ... A...... 2, 122, 171

### FINANCE AND TRADE.

Increase of Bank Clearings by the Settlements of the Month.

Ensiness Prospects in Chicago, New York, and Elsewhere--- How Kansas Town and County Bonds are Made.

The Produce Markets Active and Irregular --- Provisious Weaker.

Wheat, Corn, and Oats Easier ... Big Receipts of Grain ... Stocas in Store.

### FINANCIAL.

The day was an active one in the routine depart ments on account of the monthly Board of Trade 700,000. There was some increase in the offer-ings of paper. The banks report themselves able to do more than extend their customers all the accomn chation asked for. There is still some loan-anic surplus. A considerable amount of bank funds is in low-price high trade loans, that will be called as soon as the demand for money becomes more active. Rates of discount are 6@10 per cent to regular customers, and special rates are still made to outside borrowers of the best kind. The country orders for entrency were liberal. New York exchange was oftered between banks for sale at this care, \$1,000 discount. at SUc per \$1,000 discount.

THE NEXT PANIC. It has been the fashion of business men and their friends in the press to announce every fail and spring since 1873 that the panic was over, the was past, and trade was certainly on the mend. It is one of the most hopeful symptoms of the season now opening that these extravagant pretensions are not repeated. The business community have settled down to a sober and sensible view of to-day and to-morrow. The prospects for the future are looked at calmly, and the condition or the present is not misrepresented. People talk, at least, as if they believed there was no money to be made by deceiving themselves. The fall trade of Chicago has opened early this year. Purchases are carefully made. In fact, they are light, but the area of the country from which they come has grown during the year, and the total of transactions omewhat in excess of that at this time last year.
bank clearings of this city show a gain over all the losses through lower prices and lessened speculation. The yellow fever nurts the business of Chicago to some extent, but much less than that of St. Louis and Chicinnati. The trade conbections of those cities are largely by water; those of chicago almost entirely by rail. The opening of the Inter-State Exposition here will help the jetail trade of the city. The panic of 1873 began with the failure of Jay Cooke & Co., and may be fairly believed to have neared its end in the vast unlocating of indebteds that went on raily believed to have neared its end in the vast unloading of indebtedness that went on during the last days of the Bankrupt law. We have before us a period of conservative business growth and prosperity, during which it will be fashionable to be economical in living and prudent in operations. Profits will accumulate, and will overflow from the places where they are made into other investments. These will be cautiously chosen at first, but the 'attractions of new investments will come. If the Park of the investments will grow. If the history of the past is any guide to the future, capital will go from investments to speculation, and the economy of to-day by producing prosperity will be a prime factor in the making of the next panic.

TRADE IN NEW YORK.

The New York Tribune says that much confidence is expressed by the merchants in a general improvement in the different branches of trade this fall. The large crops, increased foreign trade, the settlement of public lands, and a general belief settlement of public lands, and a general belief that the period of depression is nearly ended, are given as reasons for hopefulness. A very large trade, however, is not anticipated. New York hotels are filled with guests, many of whom are Western and Southern buyers. The New York Daily Bulletin has been canvassing the business men of its city. The outlook in the dry-goods market is found very encouraging but 'merchants' market is found very encouraging, but "merchants have been subjected to disappointment in so many successive seasons since the panic of 1873 that, while perfectly willing to give all proper informa-tion about the fall trade, so far as it has pro-gressed, they are very careful about expressing opinions in regard to the future." The pack-age trade in domestic goods opened as early as July, during which month the sales of some of the leading commission houses were, in money value, 40 to 50 per cent more than those of July, 1877. There has been as unusually large distribution of cotton good an unusually large distribution of cotton goods, prints, fiannels, bosiery, dress goods, ginghams, and many other autumn fabrics by the package-houses to interior jobbers, most of whom forwarded their purchases by water, in order to secure cheap rates of transportation. The metal market seems to be an exception to the general steadiness and improvement. There is an assence of buyers and improvement. There is an absence of buyers of pig-iron for future delivery. Supplies are large, and the prospects of profit are not pleasing. The pig tin and copper markets are about in the same condition as the pig-iron market. The wool trade, too, does not show so much general animation as in the last fall season. IN CINCINNATI.

The Cincinnati Commercial has had interviews with business men representing nearly all the important commercial and business interests of the city. The substance of these opinions is that the prospects of business are better than in any year since the panic of 1873. The prevalence of yel since the panic of 1873. The prevalence of yel-low fever in the cities of the Southwest will have a depressing effect, though confined to those trades and industries that enter largely into Southern commerce. This, however, is regarded as tempo-rary. With the return of cold weather the pesti-lence will be checked, and business resume its normal condition, with every prospect of improve-ment. It is the opinion of these merchants and business men that the expiration of the Bankrupt law will have the good effect of restoring confidence, which is always an important factor in esti-mating the business prospects of the community. Given confidence, enterprise renews its activity, capital comes out of its retirement, and society feels the reviving influence from top to bottom. The business men of Cincinnati believe that the work of resumption should go on, as the bill has been paid, and to go back now would be throwing

AT PHILADELPHIA.

The Philadelphia Inquirer of Aug. 31 says:

To-day the week, the month, and the summer season come to an end together. The month has been a very important one in the current history of commerce, and there is good reason to believe that it will be regarded hereafter as the harounger of a new and mere prosperous era. During the month there was a very decided revival in merchandising, the dry-goods business especially springing into unwonted activity. The sudden access of trade came quite unexpectedly, fully two weeks earlier than usual,—and occasioned a stir and animated busile in mercantile circles not heretofore witnessed since 1873.

The coastwise steamers running to Texas have heavy freights, and the quantity of merchandise going to the interior of that State is largely in ex-cess of previous seasons. The Galveston News,

Ang. 29, says:

There is no relaxation to be observed in any branch of business, and the number of buyers on the spot is increasing. Representatives of some large firms in Eastern Texas were on the market to-day making selections.

IN NEW ORLEANS.

IN NEW ORLEANS.

The Picapuse, in announcing the appearance of its usual annual commercial review on Sept. 1, says with admirable spirit:

This is no time to sit down and pour ashes on our heads. The present visitation has run the larger portion of its alloted time, and we are encouraged to hope that it has reached its culminating point. The stagnation in trade must be followed by corresponding activity, for the absolute unspension of transportation will exhaust supplies which must be replenished at the first opportunity.

AT KANSAS CITT.

which must be replenished at the first opportunity.

AT KANSAS CITY.

The Kansas City (Mo.) Times of Saturday reports that the business of the banks is fair, and that "the jobbing lines are still doing a fair trade, mostly from orders. The markets remain unthanged, but prices all range very low."

KANSAS SCHOOL BONDS.

A broker in this city was recently offered some Kansas district-school bonds, regularly made out and duly authenticated by the necessary officials, including the School Directors, County Superintendent of Education, and County Cierk. The bonds were issued to the amount of \$15,000, and for the ostensible purpose of purchasing a site and erecting a school-house at Smallwood City, Ness County. A letter was sent to the Postmaster for information, and a reply has been received through an altorney to whom the letter was referred. The

attorney states that Samuel G. Rodgers, who argely figures in the bonds, effected by fraud an organization of Ness County, and is supposed to have issued not only school bonds, but county bonds also. He was arrested and gave bail, but skipped out. The interesting feature of the story is that the organization was effected by voters imported from Chicago. There were only seven legal votes polled, while something over 200 were returned. The people have only seven legal votes police, while some-thing over 200 were returned. The people have ignored the organization; in fact, have no county government, and are attached to Pawnee County for judicial purposes. The inhabitants will hotly contest the payment of the bonds. The discouraging feature in the case is, that while there is no doubt as to the fraudulent character of Rodgers acts, the Legislature of Kansas by recognizing the county as an organized body and the Secretary of State by declaring that the conditions under which an organization couls be effected had been coman organization couls of effects and ocean com-plied with, have, in the opinion of some, given to bona-fide purchasers of the bonds a claim which it may be difficult to avoid the payment of. The attorney adds: "Smallwood City is a myth, nothing but a few mad walls remaining as "monu-ments of its departed greatness"; no school-house or other improvement was ever made, and neither the county nor any school district has ever received one cent of consideration from the sale of any bonds."

THE BONANZA MINES. The first ballion shipment from the bonanza mines for some time was made on Aug. 24. The 

An Angust dividend is not expected from either mine. The San Francisco Buitetin says, Aug. 26: The Cairfornia mill was obliged to stop forty-eight hours last week for want of ore, owing to the breakage of some machinery. Neither mine is turning out oper 150 tons of ore daily. The repairs to the Consolidated Virginia shaft are progressing as fast as possible, but the work is necessarily slow. In the meantime, operations in sinking and drifting and in hoisting ore are being pushed with all the dispatch practicable under the circumstances. It is hoped that there is yet a good deal of dividend are in both of these mines.

PINANCES OF NEW YORK CITY. The receipts and disbursements of New York for the year are balanced by comptroller Kelly in bis statement for the year ended Aug. 1, 1878, a \$67, 403, 234. 91. The debt stands:

Docrease as compared with amount Aug. 1, 1877.

The Comptroller says: "The city debt had attained its maximum in 1876, and since that date has been largely reduced in amount. On Dec. 31. 1876, the net bonded debt, exclusive of revenue bonds issued in anticipation of taxes, was \$113, -706, 465, 88, and on Aug. 1, 1878, was \$168, 388, -127.85, showing a reduction of \$4,318,537 03.

— CHICAGO MINING AND STOCK EXCHANGE. Sales yesterday were;

١	Consolidated Mica (New Mexico) regular 20 10	190
Н	Consolidated Mica, buyer 30 days100 11	(M3
	Consolidated Mica, buyer 80 days, bid 12.	10
	Nimrod (Central, Col), regular	25
	Nimrod, buyer 30 days	50
	Belden Tunnel (Central, Col.), regular 50	rit:
	Belden Tunnel (Central, Col.), regular 50	55
5	Spring Valley (Nevada), regular 100 1.	
	Dallas (Black Hawk, Col.), regular 250 J.:	25
	Dailas (Biack Hawk, Col.), buyer 30 days, 100 1.	55
	Dailas (Black Hawk, Col.), buyer 30 days. 50	(9)
9	The following are the quotations in this mark	35
9	of coins, bought and sold:	1
9	Bid. Asker	1.
	Trade dollars \$ 90 \$	95
9	New (412% grains) dollars 1.00	1
-1	American silver, naives and quarters,	
в	114 per cent discount to 34 discount	
1	in currency	
-1	Markey tollage old and new 30	44

Seek No Farther (Black Hills), saked ..... \$ 90

Trade dollars	\$ 90	\$ 95
New (412% grains) dollars	1.00	
American silver, naives and quarters,	3 77 6 3	
114 per cent discount to 14 discount	10.40	
in currency		
Mexican dollars, old and new		91
English stiver		4.85
Five francs.		94
Thalers		70
English soveretgus		4 85
		3.90
Twenty france		
Twenty marks		4.77
Spanish doubloons		15.90
Mexican doubloons		
Mexican 20-pesos	19.55	19.65
Ten guilders	3.95	4.00
COIN AND GREENBACK		
COIN AND GREENBACK		
Gold and silver dollars were 10	04@10	00% in
man carba olea		

	COIN AND GREENBACKS.	
Gold and	silver dollars were 100%@100%	ın
greenbacks.		
Greeningek	s were 994@994 on the dollar	in
coin.	a mere codesord on the neum	-
JOH.		
	FOREIGN EXCHANGE.	

August III.	2714	1.6
Norway		1 9
Sweden	274	1
Denmark	27%	1
GOVERNMENT BONDS.		1
Ric	d. Asked.	
United States 6s of '81107	36 10894	1
United States 5-20s of '65,	56 102Ec	1
United States 5-20s of '67	1056	1
United States 5-20s of '68		1
United States 10-40s, except interest 106		1
United States new 5s of '81	10654	
United States new 45as, except interest 103	1044	Ι,
United States new 4 per cent coupons 100		1 1
United States currency 68		
		1
LOCAL SECURITIES.		1
Ric	t. Asked.	1.
Chicago City 7 per cent bonds (long)*105	16 *108%	1
Chicago City 7 per cent sewerage (long) *105	6 "Ithile	1 .
Chicago City 7 per cent water loan (long)*108		
Cook County 7 per cent bonds (long) *106		1.
Lincoln Park 7 per cent bonds 'ss		
City Railway (South Side) 150		1
City Kailway (West Side)	175	1
City Railway (North Side), ex. div 118	123	1 .
Chicago Gaslight and Coke Company	1474	1

BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW TORK.
To the Western Associated Press. NEW YORK, Sept. 2 .- Gold ail any 100%. Bor rowing rates, 1/2 and 1. Governments were firm,

Railroad bonds were generally firm State securities were steady.

The stock market, which was heavy and lower in the morning, became strong in the afternoon, with an advance in prices of 1/6/13 per cent, the latter St. Paul preferred. Toward the close there was a reaction of \$46\forall per cent. Transactions aggregated 130,000 shares, of which 30,000 were Eric, 13,000 Lake Shore, 16,000 Northwestern common, 23,000 preferred, 5,000 St. Paul common, 16,000 preferred, 5,000 Lackawanna, 4,000 Union Pacific, and 3,000 Western Union. Money market easy at 14\forall per cent. Prime mercantile papier, 34\forall 64\forall per cent. Customs receipts, \$311,000.

The Assistant Transurer disbursed \$347,000. Clearings, \$5, 190,000.

Stefling exchange, banker's bills, 483; sight exchange, 488. latter St. Paul preferred. Toward the close there

GOFERNMENTS.

Coupons, St 1135 New 4-98, ex. 101 1034
Coupons, '65 10254 New 4 per cents 10074
Coupons, '67
Coupous, '68
New 58 10616 Currency 8s
STOCKS.
W. U. Telegraph 9314 C. C., C. & I 2734
Quicksilver 12   New Jersey Central 3314
Quickstiver, pfd 33 Rock island 1614
Pacific Mail 1716 St. Paul 2718
Mariposa 2 St. Paul, pfd 6529
Mariposa, pfd 134 Wabash 144
Adams Express 105 Ft. Wavne 9412
Wells, Fargo 1
American Express 494 Terre liaute pfd 3
U. S. Express 48 Chicago & Alton 81
N. Y. Central1114 Chicago & Alton pfd. 10016
Erie 13% Ohio & Mississipol 7%
Eric and 1378 Unio & Mississippi 754
Erie. pfd 28 D., L. & W 5314
Harlem
Michigan Central 68% Missouri Pacific 114
Panama
Union Pacific 644 Hannibal & St. Joe 134
Lake Shore 65% C. P. bonds 105%
Illinois Central 80 U. P. bonds105%
C. & P 80% U. P. Land Grant 106
Northwestern 34 U. P. Sinking Funds., 99%
Northwestern, pfd 64%
STATE BONDS.
Tennessee 6s, old 35 Virginia 6s, new 21
Tennessee new 33 Missouri es 102M

Tennessee, new 23 Missouri 68. 1028
Virginia 68, old. SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 2. —Following were the closing quotations at the Stock Board:
Alpha 1476 Hale & Norcross 94
Alta 24 Julia Consolidated 104
Belcher 154 Justice. 62
Best & Beicher 23 Kentuck. 9
Builton 104 Kossuth 18
California 128 Leopard. 28
California 128 Leopard. 28
Confidence 1154 Optin Overman 1944
Consolidated Virginia 104 Raymond & Ely. 100
Crown Potut. 404 Savage 134
Eureka consolidated 54, Silver Hill. 1
Exchequer 105 Sierra Nevada. 7:
Gould & Curry 64 Union Consolidated 454
Grand Prize. 104 Yellow Jacket. 22

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW Orteans, Sept. 2.—Gold. 4/2/6.
Sight exchange on New York 19 premium.
Sterling exchange, bankers bills, 4855/64864.

FOREICN.

LONDON, Sept. 2.—Consolia monay 24 3 1156.

Foreign, exchange, bankers bills, 485% 6486%. POREIGN.

Loxpox. Sept. 2.—Consols, money, 94 11-13: account. 94 15-16.

United States bonds—4%s, 105%; '67s, 107; 10-40s, 108%; new 5s, 107%.

Honois Central. 82: Pennsylvania Central, 32%; Reading, 16%; Erie, 13%; preferred. 31.

Paris, Sept. 2.—Rentes, 112f 47%c.

REAL ESTATE.

The following instruments were filed for record Monday, Sept. 2: Monday, Sept. 2:

Dania av, 241 ft sof North av, w f. 25x126 ft. dated Sept. 2 (C. H. Didericksen to A. F. Brown).

Cornelia st, 225 ft e of Noble st. 5 ft. 25x127 ft. dated Sept. 2 (C. F. Hunter et al. to Peter Schlegel.

Water at 350 ft.e of Ashiand av. s f. und 4 of 120x100 feet, to river, dated Aug. 10 (William H. Holden to Andrew McCord).

Lafin st, 1889 ft n of Adams st. e f. 50x125 ft. dated Aug. 10 (Milliam et al. 50x125 ft. dated Aug. 10 (Trances W. Holden).

Concord st. 144 ft.e of sheffeld av. s f. 24x125 ft. dated Aug. 31 (Fred Zapel to Carl Schlidda).

Hanover st. n e cor of Twenty-fifth st. w f, 30 x114 ft. dated May 31 (Herbert Derby to 

COMMERCIAL.

Following were the latest quotations for September delivery on the leading articles for the last two

of the leading articles of produce in this city during the forty-eight hours ending at 7 o'clock on

	Rece	iple.	Shipm	ents.
	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.
Flour, bris	B. 186	6,601	5, 891	7, 135
Wheat, bu	190, 937	45, 263	312, (50)	250, 308
Corn, bn	502,309	219,818	- 429, 172	24N, KS5
Onts, bu	159, 349	62, 102	134, 828	34, 668
Kye, bu	21,045	16, 416.	57, 470	Iri, can
Barley, pu	33, 694	24, 207	6. 3545	7, 470
Grass seed, lbs	316,645	422,560	258, 773	772,010
F. seed, lbs			87.218)	554.(HY)
B. corn, lbs	*** *****		16.751	41, 840
C. meats, lbs			1, 470, 345	552, 210
Reef, 1cs			1	110
Beef, bris			110	74
Pork, bris			763	1, 249
Lard, Ibs	20,500	42, 280	341, 3(3)	633.54
Tallow, Ibs	6,535	36, 950	188,000	50, 570
Butter, Ibs		268, 586	232, 415	260 235
Live hogs, No.		4, (4)	6, 271	2, 396
Cattle, No		2,107	2,001	2,62
Sheep, No		119		2,02
Hides, Ibs.		139, 210	137, 266	240, 690
Highwines, o'ls	64, 103	25	137, 200	340.004
Wool, lbs			40 000	105, 376
	48, 350	117.658	46, 879	
Potatoes, bu	130	536365	*******	**** **
Coal, tons	5, 328	9,569	1, 265	816
Hay, tons	10	35	**** *****	33
Lumber, m ft.	5. 189	7,54	2.829	3, 054
Shingles, m	2,710	5,480	443	1.080
salt, bris	- 80	480	1,362	8.771
l'oultry.lbs	1,275	*****	**** *****	**** ******
l'oultry, coops	**** *****	111		
Game, pags.	****** ****	28		
Eggs, pags	327	672	H	33
Cheese, bxs	4,898	2.424	4,763	4.771
ti. apples, bris	946	1,000	50	40

The following grain was inspected into store in this city yesterday morning: 1 car No. 2 white winter, 39 cars No. 1 red. 220 cars No. 2 do. 17 cars No. 3 do. 15 cars rejected (202 winter wheat); 1 car No. 1 hard, 1 cat No. 2 do, 167 care No. 2 spring, 133 cars and 250 bu No. 3 do. 52 cars rejected, I car no grade (355 spring); 198 cars and 17,900 bu high-mixed corn, 581 cars and 84,900 bu No. 2 do. 201 cars rejected (980 corn); I car No. 1 oats, 54 cars and 5,000 bu No. 2 white, 73 cars car no grade (190 oats); 2 cars No. 1 rye, 55 cars and 1,600 on No. 2 do, 14 cars rejected, 4 cars no grade (72 rye); 17 cars No. 2 barley, 35 cars extra No. 3 do, 17 cars ordinary No. 3 do, 4 cars feed (73 barley). Total (1.963 cars), 899,000 bu. Inspected out: 87,267 on winter wheat, 102,150 bu spring, 476,214 bu corn, 91. 788 bu oats, 21, 338 bu rye, 500 bu barley. Withdrawn from store during Saturday for city consumption: 1,889 bu wheat, 208 bu oats, 436 bu rve. 443 bu barley, Do during tast week . 17,604 ou wheat, 11,086 bn corn, 8,387 bu rye,

Shipped.	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Onts.
Ryrail	23, 351	122,994	127,734	261,08
By canal	25		*** *** *	4.00
I'u Buffalo	2,700	589, 230	1,648,793	373, 94
Tobrie	1,500	56,000	90, 200	**** **
To Oswego		*****	24, 350	
To Ogdensburg		6	81,591	27.81
To Port Huron	695		38, 894	
To other U. S. ports.	297		8,730	31,43
To Montreal	85	****		
To Colborne		37, 110	21, 168	
To Kingston		55, 470	61,740	
To Collingwood		18, 750	90,792	18,88
To Goderich		**** .		22,54
To other Can. ports		15, 500		89, 28

41,272 on barley.

Also, 7.540 bu rye by rail, 105,600 bu do to Buffalo, and 33,313 bu barley shipped by rail. The Board of Trade adjourned vesterday to permit its members to attend in the afternoon on a game tever sufferers. Many of the members thought that it would have been much better to trade on The leading produce markets were rather quiet vesterday, and generally steady, though some of them were easier. liogs and provisions were tame, and the principal cereals yielded slightly to the pressure of large receipts, except barley, which was stronger, and rye unchanged. It was the first business day of the month, but not marked by beavy morning deliveries, hence there was little pressing on the market besides the current receipts.
The afternoon deliveries were rather free. The

reighting business was active, at higher rates, There was a very free movement in domestic dry goods. Orders were numerous and liberal, and the aggregate of sales was large for the opening day of the week. Prices continue very firm all around.
Groceries met with a good general demand, and were again quoted firm. Sugars were strong, with a tendency to go higher. Coffees also were buoyant. In the butter and cheese markets there was ittle change, the former continuing active and firm, and the latter quiet and unsettled. Dried fruits were in fair request at weil-sustained prices. excepting prunes, which were off \$@%c. There were no important changes in the bagging, leather, and tobacco markets. Fish were quiet, with prices anchanged, except for salmon, in which

there was a further decline of 50c per brl. Oils were fairly active and generally firm. No changes were noted in the coal and wood magkets.

The lumber yard-dealers reported a fair trade at the roling prices. The published price-list is some-times shaded, but the market is assuming a stronger tone. The sales of cargoes were small, the offer ings being light, and no important changes in prices were pointed out. Building materials were in moderate demand, common brick being unsettled and easier. Wool, hides, and salt were nnchanged. Broom-corn was in fair request at the quotations. New broom-corn is arriving, but is not expected to be abundant for a few weeks vet. Timothy seed was in better request and steady, and flax easier. Green fruits were plenty and in

moderate request. Poultry was quiet. Lake freights were active and again stronger, at 41/2c for corn and 5c for wheat by sail to Buffalo, and 8c for corn and 81/2c for wheat to Kingston. For a small vessel 4%c was paid on corn to Buffalo corn. and 27,000 bu oats.

Kail freights were quiet and firm. The rates per 100 lbs on grain are 30c to New York, and 35c to New England points; to Baltimore,

32c. Boxed meats, pork, and lard, 5c more than the above figures, and soose meats 10c more than Through rates by lake and rail were quoted firmer at 14%c and 15%c for corn and wheat to New York, and 16%c for corn to Boston. Sail and canal to New York were 144c on wheat and 134c on

IN NEW YORK YESTERDAY. Sept. 2. -Receipts: Flour, 25, 131 bris; wheat, 246, 500 bu; corn, 63, 940 bu; oats. 124, 979 bu; corn-meal. 135 pkgs: rye. 17.594 bu; malt. 1,450 pkgs; beef. 1,205 pkgs; cut meats. 1,834 pkgs; lard, 1,626 pkgs; whisky, 1,210 brls. EXPORTS EROM THE SEABOARD.

The following were the exports from the four leading cities of the United States for the dates named: Week end'g Week end'g Week end'g Aug. 31. 78 Aug. 24. 79. Sept. 1, 77. 3 313 2, 97.50 5.045 1.474 Bacon lbs. 2.544.699 2, 971.319 3, 493.64 8, 013.762

STOCK OF PRODUCE.

The following table shows the stocks of grain in New York on the dates named: Aug. 31, Aug. 24, Sept. 1, Sept. 2, 1878. 1878. 1877. 1876 Wheat, bu. 1,628,000 1,500,000 314,622 2,807,538 Corn, bd. 1,172,000 1,178,0.0 1,778,523 755,454 Oats, 50, 564,900 460,000 281,571 983,573 fly6, bd. 85,000 61,000 21,739 85,738 Barley, bu. 203,000 203,500 4,871 58,857

The stocks in Liverpoot on Sept. 2, 1878, were: Wheat, 200,000@210,000 qrs; corn, 260,000@

Wheat, 200,000@210,000 qrs; corn, 280,000@ 270,000 qrs.
The following shows the stocks of pork and lard in Garcago on dates named, as reported by the Secretary of the 'Call 'Board;

\*\*Call 'Board;

\*\*Sept. 2, Aug. 16, Sept. 15, Sept 15, 1878, 1878, 1877, 1877, 1877, 1878, 1878, 1878, 1878, 1878, 1878, 1878, 1878, 1878, 1878, 1878, 1878, 1878, 1878, 1879, 1887, 1887, 1879, 1887, 188 The stock of flour in Chicago Sept. 2, 1878, was

25, 350 bris, against 19,050 bris Aug. 1, 1878, and 45, 350 bris Sept. 1, 1877.

45,350 bris Sept. 1, 1877.

OUR BREF EXPORTS.

Mr. Macdonald, of the Edinburg Scotaman, visited last year the beef-producing States of the Union and investigated the whole subject of beef-culture, quality of stock, method and cost of transportation, and probable effect upon the Scotch growers of the competition of Americans. Mr. Macdonald's letters to the paper have just been given to the public in book-form, and to them are added averal charters of statistics and recapitulaadded several chapters of statistics and recapitula-tion, which give a good view of the subject. He

1878.	Live beef animals shipped.	Value.	Pounds of fresh beef.	Value.
January February March April	2,992 4,428 6,149	112, 680 260, 612 300, 075	4, 054, 340 4, 892, 014 4, 137, 604 6, 884, 627 5, 008, 810	\$385, 342 437, 632 3.20, 496 628, 600 432, 319
For the corr statistics are:	esponding	month	of last	year the
	Live beef unimals shipped.		Pounds of fresh beef.	year the
statistics are:	Live beef unimals shipped	Value. \$ 51,367	Pounds of fresh beef. 2,572,450	Value. \$255, 430
statistics are:	Live beef unimals skipped. 2,171 1,713 1,800	Value. \$ 51,367 69,373 121,720	Pounds of fresh beef.	

OUR WHEAT EXPORTS.

To the Editor of The Tribune. .
CRICAGO, Sept. 2.—In the commercial columns of to-day's TRIBUNE I find a letter from W. P. Mc-Laren & Co., and from which I make the follow ing extract, viz. :

ing extract, viz.:

The supply of wheat in sight has again increased, and this being the last day of the cereal year it may be as well to mention that between sept. In 1877, and Aug. 31, 1878, the United States has ext. In 1877, and Aug. 31, 1878, the United States has ext. In 1877, and Aug. 31, 1878, the United States has ext. In 1877, and Aug. 31, 1878, the United States has ext. In 1877, and Aug. 31, 1878, the United States has ext. In 1877, and Aug. 31, 1878, the United States has extended by the United States have been supplied than in former years, is yet considerably beneath the estimate of a relative consumption of wheat in this country is becoming far greater than statisticians had supposed.

The great of Massey, McLaren, & Co. (a argument) r greater than statisticians had supposed. The gist of Mesers, McLaren & Co.'s argumen is that the available surplus for exportation is

year was exaggerated, and their interence is tha I have two quarterly reports of the United State Bureau of Statistics, for the six months from Oct 1, 1877, to March 31, 1878, which give the follow

Wheat, bu. 39.815,020
Flour, 2,124.77) brls, which at 5 bu to the barrel would be. 39.815,020 .10, 623, 85

The first item in the above includes six days of October, which is agains included in the second item. This would probably make the amount 2,000,000 bushels excessive for the time stated. But it will be seen that the exports from Aug. 17 to Sept. 1, 1878, must be added, which would aggregate probably 6,000,000 bushels. Thus the total exports would be just about 100,000,000 bushels for the year. But it must still be taken into account that for six months of the above year only the exports from the four United States ports and Montreal are given. Now, the exports from Montreal from California, Oregon, and all other American ports (except the four Atlantic ports). Therefore, we must add at least 5,000,000 bushels of this dediciency. This would make the total exports of wheat and four in the year from Sept. 1, 1877, to Sept. 1, 1878, just about 105,000,000 bushels of wheat. Messrs. McLaren & Co., are just about 30,000,000 bushels of the way in their estimate.

As far as the exportable surplus out of the present crop is concerned, it is known that the increase of acreage this year was near 5,000,000 acres, viz. 4,500,000 reported by the Agricultural Bureau up to the list of June, and at least 500,000 acres more in California and other States which was not included in the June report. The increased yield per acre of winter wheat this year will more than offset the damare to the spring wheat, so that we can surely calculate on an exportable surplus at least 75,000,000 bushels greater than tast year.

GOODS RECEIVED at Chicago Customs Sept. 2: Barnum Brothers. 28 cases toys and fancy goods; Engberg & Holm berg, 1 case books; Field, Leiter & Co., 10 case dry goods; Vergho, Ruhling & Co., 15 cases toyed and fancy goods; Hibbard, Spencer & Co., 2 cases earthenware: Charles Kastner & Co., 172 bur stones; The Eigin National Watch Company, case white enamel. Collections, \$3, 667.53.

PROVISIONS.

PROVISIONS.

HOG PRODUCTS—Were active and irregularly easier, being steady during the first half of the session and then weakening rather badly under increased offerings. Hogs are quoted tame, and Liverpool was 6d ber 117 ibs lower on meats; but the weakness here appeared to be chiefly local, due to expectation of free deliveries in the afternoon.

MESS PORK—Was fairly active for next month's delivery, and duil otherwise. The market was steady till past noon, and then declined to about 17%c per bri below the latest prices of Saturday. Sales were reported of 8.259 bris seller September at 89.25%e9.42%, and 19.000 bris seller October at 89.35%e9.57%. Total, 27.-250 bris. The market closed duil at 89.22%e9.30 spot; 39.22%e9.25 for September; 89.37%e9.40 for October; and about 89.00 seller the year.

Frime mess pork was quoted nominal at \$10.00% 10.25, and extra prime at \$9.25%9.50.

10.25, and extra prime at \$9.25:49.50.

LARD—Was active under, rather large offerings, and 15c for this mouth and 10e for next, there being a widening of the October premium. Sales were reported of 6,750 tos seller September at \$8.95:87.05; and 9.500 tos seller October at \$7.07.9607.15. Total, 16,250 tos. The market closed rame at \$9.3560.05 for sport; \$8.9006.025 seller September; \$7.05:67.07% seller October; and about \$5.80 seller it by year.

Maxas—Were active in anort ribs and easier all round, a sympathy with pork and lard, with the trading most-large active in a sympathy with pork and lard, with the trading most-large active in a seller seller year; light, \$1.05.07 and \$0.05.07 a 0.25, and extra prime at \$9.25@9.50.

Long clears quoted at \$5.85 loose and \$6.00 boxed; Cumberlands, \$6.9066, 75 boxed; long-cut hams, \$4.60 loc; sweet-pickied hams, \$4.60 loc for 16 to 15 lb average; green hams, 74.68 for same averages; green shoulders, 44c.

Bacon quoted at 55.65 for same averages; green shoulders, 64.67 for short ries, 64.66% for short ries, 64.67 for short clears, 10.46110 for hams, all canvased and packed.

GREASE—Was dull at 4.684c.

BEEF PRODUCTS—Were steady and quiet at \$3.506 9.01 for mess, \$9.500 loo.00 for extra mess, and \$18.00 loose looked by \$1.00 looked \$1.00 loo

BREADSTUFFS.

FLOUR—Was in fair demand, in proportion to the subply, though the trading was chiefly local, as shippers were sparingly represented. The market was firm at previous figures, with only a moderate volume of offerings. Sales were reported of 675 bris winters, mostly at \$4.629-635.25: 210 bris surings, mostly at \$4.75; and 130 bris type floor at \$2.756.280. Total, 1.015 bris. Quotations for Chicago grades are: \$2.506.3.00 for fine, \$3.5064.00 to superfines. \$4.5065.50 for extras, \$3.00650 for double extras, and \$6.05,00 for extras, \$3.00650 for double extras, and \$6.05,00 for extras, \$4.5065.50 for extras, \$4.506.50 for BREADSTUFFS.

freignt rates.

oke, and October do at Scc. Spot sales were reported of 7,000 bu No. 1 red at 80cs86c; 12,000 bu No. 2 at 846 video; 13,000 bu No. 2 at 846 video; 13,000 bu No. 2 at 846 video; 13,000 bu No. 2 at 846 video; 14,000 bu No. 2 at 846

liveries large, and the deliveries large, and these, together with the weakness of other grain, caused the deciline. There was less inquiry for shipment, and the inarket was not apparently induenced by the reported firmness of New York. The car-lots were bought, and made up toto round lots to deliver. September or cash opened at 2016c, and closed at 219-218c.

No. 2 white sold at 2016c.2016c. and rejected at 169-218c.

No. 2 white sold at 2016c.2016c. and rejected at 169-218c.

No. 2 white sold at 2016c. 2016c. and rejected at 169-218c.

No. 2 white sold at 2016c. 2016c. and rejected at 169-218c.

No. 2 white sold at 2016c. 2016c. and rejected at 169-218c.

No. 2 white sold at 2016c. 2016c. and rejected at 169-218c.

No. 2 white sold at 2016c. 2016c. and 2016c. 27, 800 bu No. 2 at 2016c. 2016c. 2016c. and 2016c. 27, 800 bu No. 2 at 2016c. 2016c. 2016c. and 2016c. 2

Wheat soid at 88746890 for September, and 89448 Corn closed at 30% for September, and 37% for A charter was made for 17,000 bu corn.

GENERAL MARKETS. GENERAL MARKETS.

BROOM-CORN-Trade is rair. Dealers are shipping a good deal of corn, and report a rair trade. New Kansas corn is in transit, and dealers are outling in that State. The presence of new corn has a weakening effect, though old is preterred, as, the new is green and liable to get hot. The quotactous are marked down has seed Chotec green furth, succeed, green orush that will work itself, stemoet; red-stoped, 4644c; inferior to rair red furth. Stoped. fair red brush, 3'5664c.
BUTTER—There was a well-sustained activity in the demand for this staple. Shippers and the city trade bought generously of choice and low granes, baying rully previous prices. Medium qualities continue to be more or less neglected, and or that class about all the

communitions consist. Following are the quotations: Choice to fancy creamery, 20624c; good to cons: Choice to fancy creamery, 20624c; good to choice tairy, 14618c, Inseduin, 10012c; inferior to common, \$498c.

BARGING-Trade continues good, and prices are firmly maintained. We again quote as tollows. Stark, 24c; Brighton A. 238cc, Lewiston, 21c. Otter Creek, 20c; American, 198cc, burians, \* and 5 bu, 13614c; gunnles, single, 14615c; double, 25624c; wool sacks, 10645c.

BUILDING MATERIALS-Were in moderate request. Common brick were unsettled. The manufactured of the manufactu

SUILDING MATERIALS—Were in moderate request. Common brick were unsettied. The manufacturers are preparing to close their vards at the end of this week, and some of them have reduced the price of brick in order to realize. The stock is large. We duote: Common brick, \$4.2565.00: pressed brick \$13.00s. 15.00; lime, in bulk, 35c.per brit do in barrels, 75c., Chicago cement, \$2.50s.275 per brit. Utles, Akron, \$1.50 per brit. Brit. 25c. Louisville, \$1.75 per brit. Brit. 35c. Brit.

EGGS-Were steady at 11@1214c. The offerings were air.
FISH-Large mackerel are still scarce and firm, but
the lower grades are becoming more pleatiful, and fair.

Fis.—Large mackerel are still scarce and firm, but the lower grades are becoming more niesulful, and consequently are easier. Lake fish are in light supply.—crout especially so. Salmon are in full stock, and are lower. Trade remains outer. We now quote as follows: No. 1 whitefish, nor 16-brit, 83,2563,50; family whitefish, 84,7561,50; from, 82,9563,50; mackerel, extra mess. 4-brit, 812,30; do. No. 1 shore, 810,50; do. 7,75, No. 2,97; 75,70,67,75; for family shore, 87,64,75; No. 2,97; 75,70,67,75; for family shore, 87,64,75; No. 2,97; 75,70,67,75; for family shore, 87,64,75; No. 2,97; 75,00,67,75; No. 2,97; 40,67,75; No. 2,97; 75,00,67,75; No. 2,97; 40,67,75; No. 2,97; 40,67; 

173431394c; common to fair, 17564139c; roasting, 145 (a)5c.
Sroans—Patent cut loaf, 10468105c; crushed, 10469 (b)6c; granulated, 956810c; powdered, 10469105c. A. standard, 956839c; clo No. 2, 956809c; extra C, 8568 bc; C No. 1, 854689c, yellow, 73 85; sturps—California sugar-loaf dripa, 40643c; California silver drips, 30683c; good sugar-house sirup, 3-68 38c; extra do, 40643c. New Orleans molasses, choice new, 48630c; do briten, 446446; good, 35638c; common, 25630c; common molasses, 33638c; black strap, 25428c. 8-1048-Allspice, 18-1846; cloves, 40-45c; cassia. 24-25c; pepper, 15-6-18c; nutmegs, No. 1, 90-295c; SPICES—Allspice, 18618/ic; cloves, 40645c; cassia, 246625c; pepper, 15/6486c; untergs, No. 1, 90695c; Calcutta ginger, 869c.

HAY—Was cultet and steady. New prairie is selling at quotations. The neighboring farmers bring in the most of the hay sold in the clig; No. 1 timothy, 85,0068, 50; No. 2 do, 87,5068, 60; mixed do, 80,5067, 60; unixed do, 80,5067, 60; unixed

FRENCH. 1.2562.00 | Kip. deg., 2008/25c.

FOULTI: Y - Was quiet and steady. The offerings were small. Dealers look for a good demand during the fix-position season. Chickens were quoted at \$2.5008.3.00, turkeys at 7c, and ducks at \$2.50. Prairie chickens sold at \$3.0063.50 per doz.

LIVE STOCK. Tae receipts of stock from January to Sept. 1, for th Hoge, 359, 6:5 243, 9:2 255, 381 316, 816 272, 304 321, 4:2 255, 584 242, 431 208, 494 2, 267, 635

38, 590 39, 182 31, 902 23, 636 20, 321 17, 109 18, 619 21, 875 78,835 83,548 79,958 92,479 97,148 81,376 96,369 84,188 870, 317 579, 161 342, 462 371, 969 438, 998 547, 747 325, 239 300, 572 Total..... The average w I to Aug. I for f 3, 788, 065 

Total.. P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.. Michigan Central Rail L. S. & M. S. B. R. R. & O. R. R. C., R. I. & P. B. R. 155

122, 332 11, 513

Common cattle, weighing 7(x) Stock Cattle—Common cattle, vegative, to 1,050 lbs.
inferior—Light and thin cows, heifers, stays,
bulls, and scalaway steers.
Colorado-Texas.
Texas—Through cattle.
Veals—Per 100 lbs (antives)...
Antion Sanday and Mot 1.75@2.00 3 (m.a3.15 2.75@3.40 3.00@4.75

\$4.30\$4.75 for good to extra heavy shipping lots note the following:

\$0. As \( \forall r' \) (c. 80. 4.1 F8

27. 29.9 \$4.75 \) (61. 28.2 \$4.25 \) (25. 3.15

20. 319 \$4.75 \) (61. 28.2 \$4.25 \) (25. 3.15

20. 319 \$4.75 \) (57. 22.6 \$4.25 \) (21. 3.15

21. 319 \$4.40 \) (77. 1.70 \$4.20 \) (9. 267

47. 285 \$4.40 \) (50. 194 \$4.20 \) (23. 297

43. 271 \$4.40 \) (38. 191 \$4.20 \) (32. 297

45. 273 \$4.35 \) (23. 218 \$4.20 \) (27. 276

51. 273 \$4.35 \) (23. 218 \$4.20 \) (27. 256

48. 275 \$4.35 \) (23. 218 \$4.20 \) (27. 256

48. 275 \$4.35 \) (23. 218 \$4.20 \) (27. 241

53. 287 \$4.35 \) (23. 218 \$4.20 \) (27. 241

53. 287 \$4.35 \) (29. 218 \$4.20 \) (27. 241

53. 286 \$4.35 \) (40. 218 \$4.20 \) (27. 241

53. 286 \$4.35 \) (40. 218 \$4.20 \) (27. 241

53. 286 \$4.35 \) (39. 216 \$4.20 \) (49. 224

44. 246 \$4.35 \) (49. 187 \$4.20 \) (37. 286

43. 186 \$4.25 \) (28. 186 \$4.20 \) (49. 287

29. 226 \$3.30 \) (39. 216 \$4.20 \) (49. 288

21. 286 \$4.35 \) (49. 286 \$4.20 \) (49. 286 \$4.20 \) (47. 47 .285 4.49 50, 181 4.20 33 .291 4.10 57 .296 4.40 51 .224 4.20 32 .297 4.10 43 .271 4.40 38, 181 4.20 10.5 .173 4.10 46 275 4.40 38, 181 4.20 10.5 .173 4.10 51 .273 4.40 38, 181 4.20 48 .273 4.10 51 .273 4.35 27 .214 4.20 37 .256 4.10 48 .275 4.35 27 .214 4.20 37 .256 4.10 48 .275 4.35 47 .224 4.20 44 .29 4.05 53 .286 4.35 40 .218 4.20 27 .241 4.05 53 .286 4.35 40 .218 4.20 27 .241 4.05 42 .20 29 .224 4.05 29 .226 4.35 40 .218 4.20 27 .241 4.05 42 .20 29 .226 4.35 40 .218 4.20 27 .241 4.05 42 .20 29 .236 4.30 29 .216 4.20 20 .313 3.03 4.00 23 .286 4.30 29 .216 4.20 21 .283 3.03 4.00 23 .286 4.30 29 .216 4.20 21 .283 3.30 4.00 23 .286 4.30 29 .216 4.20 21 .283 3.30 4.00 23 .286 4.20 21 .284 3.20 4.20 21 .284 3.20 4.20 21 .284 3.20 4.20 21 .284 3.20 4.20 21 .284 3.20 4.20 21 .284 3.20 4.20 21 .284 3.20 4.20 21 .284 3.20 4.20 21 .284 3.20 4.20 21 .284 3.20 4.20 21 .284 3.20 4.20 21 .284 3.20 4.20 21 .284 3.20 4.20 21 .284 3.20 4.20 21 .284 3.20 21 .284 3.20 4.20 21 .284 3.20 21 .

SHEEP—Were in demand at \$2.75:35.50 for poor to medium, and at \$3.75:35.00 for good to extra of medium, and at \$4.75:35.00 for good to extra of the week. Sept. 2.—Bexves—Receipts, 5.600 making 12.130 for the week against 9.780 last week; market table per per solver for all grades except strictly prime, which were scarce; Texas, Cherokee, and Colorado half-breeds especially dull and hard to self: extraction range for example the self-extra of the self-extra o

Least Liberty.

East Liberty. Sept. 2.—Cattle—Receipts since Priday. 2.575 through and 689 local; total for the week ending this day. 4.948 through and 2.718 local, arginst 4.697 through and 2.440 local the week before; supply light so far as this week's market; 17 loads sold to-day; prices ranged from \$4.0024.05, and considered 15c of from last Thursday; not sufficient business to establish a fair quotation.

prices ranged from \$4.004.4.85. and considered 15c of from last Thursday; not sutticient business to establish a fair quotation.

Hoda-Receipts, 3.695: total for the week, 12,140; against 13,329 and week, grassers, \$3.5063.00; Yorkers, 44.3564.50; Philodelphias, 4.6564.85.

11.202. against 8.00 last week; selling over at \$3.2566, 10.00; about a quarter of from last week's.

ST. LOUIS.

S

©4.00; receipts, 430; shipments, 300.

Balltinonz, Sel. — Carfize—Market slow; prices bis-se lower very best, 44,655/g; Brat quality, 44,65

\$46.56; receipts, 4.31; sales, 3,045; Sec. Boss sales, Swing—Market fairly supplied and moderately active; quotations, 54,666/g; receipts, 4.104.

SHEEF—Roceipts, 7.478; market more active at 3 M@45/gc.

BUFFALO, Sept. 2.—CATILE—Receipia. 2.380; no sales to-day; fresh artivals consigned through. SHEFF AND LAMIS—Receipits. 301; sulet; tendency downward; Westers wheep united at \$4.25.
Hous—Receipts. 3.583; active and higher, with a fair shipping demand; heavy, \$4.25@4.70. All offerings disposed of. usposed of.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI.

O., Sept. 2.—Hoos—Dull; common,
\$2,0060 Sp. light, \$4,0064.30; packing. \$4 1064.40;
butchers', \$4,4064.55; receipts, 1,100; simpments,

LUMBER.

The cargo market was shills better than nominal yesterday. Only two cargoes were offered, and they were disposed of early at recent prices. The receipts will probably be light for a few days, as few ressets have not had time to make the return trip. The market is steadier at the old prices. Piece stuff is salable at \$7.7568.00; common inch at \$8.2569.23; medium inch at \$9.50610.50. Lath at \$1.25, and shing; es at \$1.7562.05. \$1.7562.05.
Sales include cargo schr L. F. Davis, from Muskegon,

21.00072 ing, No. 1, 16 ft....

BY TELEGRAPH. FOREIGN CITIES.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 2.—Prime mess pork—Easten, 55s; Western, 49s. Bacon—Cumberlands, 32s; shor; rlbs, 32s; long clear, 32s 6d; short-clear, 34s 6d; short-clear, 34s 6d; shout-clear, 32s 6d. Hams, 54s. Lard, 38s. Prime mess best, 67s; india mess best, 67s; extra India mess, 57a. Chees, 44s. Tallow, 37s 9d.

LONDON, Sept. 2.—LIVERPOOL—MARK LANZ—Whest firm. Corn firm. Cargoes off coast—Wheat quiet sad steady. Corn firm. Cargoes on passage—Whest steady. Corn firm. Country markets for wheat—12s glish generally dearer; Fronch steady. Farmer's deliveries of English wheat during the past week, 30,000 @35,000 @7s. Arrivals off coast for orders—Whest moderate. Weather in England fine. Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 2—11:30 a. m.—FLOUR—No. 1, 24s: No. 2, 21a.
GRAIN—Wheat—Winter, No. 1, 28 4d; No. 2, 28 2d; apring, No. 1, 28 8d; No. 2, 9s; white, No. 1, 108 ed; No. 2, 10s 2d; club, No. 1, 10s 9d; No. 2, 10s 5d. Com—New, No. 1, 23s 9d; No. 2, 23s 6d.
PROVISIONS—POPK, 49s. Lard, 38s.
LIVERPOOL, Sept. 2.—COTTON—Dull and easier at 9-10@6 11-18; sales 6,000 bales; American, 5,000.

AMERICAN CITIES.

AMERICAN CITIES.

NEW YORK.

Special Dispatch to The Tribuna.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—Grain—Much less activity in winter wheat, values showing irregularity in prime to choice white: firm range, and for steamer grades of white a stronger market; offerings on a more liberal scale: spring wheat moderately sought, though quoted weaker in price and offered for forward delivery rather more freely: sales of 831,000 bu, including 8,000 bu No. 1 Milwaukee oping old in store, at \$1.20; 8,000 bu No. 2 Milwaukee old on private terms, quoted at \$1.184,54 bld, and up to \$1.184 saked; 8,000 bu old No. 2 Chicago on private terms quoted at \$1.184,541.144; No. 2 Northwestern spring; September option nominal: October nomical, November nominal. Corn quoted a shade higher on moderate offerings, checking business. Miral Western ungraded at 435,4500;c; yellow Western \$1,14652;de. Rye quiet but held with a fair show a confidence. Oats generally a shade higher and in very good request, chiefly for home use; white Western 9,800 bu at 22641c; mixed Western, 11,000 bu at 22 33c; No. 2 Chicago old in store held at 36c; doff early delivery quoted at 316,322. Aggregate grain is store, 3,780,481 bu, against 3,101,194 bu Sept. 3, 1877. Provisions—Mess pork quiet for early delivery, was a decline of about 10c per bri for forward delivery western mess inactive, and offered lower: Septembroption. \$9,850,95; October. \$9,900,100; November; \$9,850,95; October. \$9,900,100; Nove

to continent, \$7.70.

Tallow-Less active; prime, net price, city quoted at \$7.067.0034.

SUGARS-Raw active, and quoted firm at 73-100 for fair and 73-6 for good refining: Cuba Muscowako and the good demand; cut-loaf to C crushed, \$3.00.

WHISKY-Duil; quoted at \$1.123-6 asked.

Fratours-Less activity in general market; accommodation for grain in most request, but offered most freely and quoted weaker for British ports; by seen lower, especially for Liverpool; in most other lines a moderate outlines, with advantages as to rates in favor of shippers- for Liverpool by seem included 1, 80 bris flour, through freelight, and mainly by outport lines, at 28-60 per brit. 40, 600 but corn at 64-61; 8, 000 but wheat at 63-61; 10,000 on do at 63-61; and 24,000 on do on private terms, quoted at 6-88-54; per but 16,000 boxes keen, part through freelight, at 28a 964-300. terms, quoted at 648564 per ba: 16,000 boxes part tarough freight, at 28,94630a. New York: Sept. 2—Corrow—Quiet at 12,7 ide; saics. Sub bales; full rare quiet; saics. September, 11,50c; October, 11,26c; Kovemner, December, 16,90c; January, 11,60c; February,

PETROLEUM-Unchanged.
TALLOW-Firm: 7c.

Tallow with the respective for the point of the point of

Total..... 74.407 Total... Receipts by car-loads of wheat for forty-eight hours re 82. Inspected of apring wheat 102 cars, as follows car-load bard, 35 No. 2, 45 No. 3, 13 No. 4; 15 Feb.

To the Western Associated Proz.
Mil.wauker, Sept. 2.-Floru-Quiet changed Wheat firm; opened 4c lower; closed quite No. 2 Milwankee, stiege; tectoher, stiegt No. 3 Milwankee, stiege; tectoher, stiegt No. 3 Milwankee, stiege; tectoher, stiegt No. 2, 204c, Ry No. 2, 36 Ac. Oats easter; active; No. 2, 204c, Ry Leady; good demant, No. 1, 47c, Barley hicher; As apring, \$1.00; September, \$1.10; October, \$1.13. Phovisions—Pork quiet but firm; mess pork, sides 9, 50 cash and September. Frime steam lard, \$7.10; Engineers—Wheat to Buffalo, Sc. Riccepers—Flour, 5, 000 bris; wheat, 43,000 ba. Suiffmakers—Flour, 6,000 bris; wheat, 43,000 ba.

Receipers—Flour, case bries wheat, 43,000 bu.

SHIPMANTS—Flour, take bries wheat, 105,000 bu.

PHILADECPHIA. Plus. Sept. 2.—PLOUR—Dull: sepers, \$2,80681 six; extras, \$3,00681 six; Pennsylvani farnily, \$4,50681 25; Datent and high grades, \$5,006 6,50. Rye flour, \$3,25.

CORN-MRAL—\$2,25.

GRAIN—Wheat steady and mechanged: red. \$1,00 1,006; amoor, \$1,0081 ox; Corn quiet and weak; who, 52c; mixed, 51c. Oats weak; white Western, \$2,000; mixed Western, \$25,250.

PROVISIONS—Quiet but firm, Mess pork \$10,250 1,1014 mess beef, 185,61 8c; moked shouling, 60,606; sali, 55c; hama, 125 125c; pickled do, 5at firegreen, \$2, 5at first series, \$3, 5at first series, \$4, 5at first series, \$2, 5at first series, \$3, 5at first series, \$4, 5at first series, \$4,

XX. \$4.00; XXX, \$4.2565.25; high grades \$5.56, 603.

Grain-Corn-Demand fair and market firm; white 53c. Outs drill, weak, and lower: 346516.

Corn-Meal.—Quiet but firm at \$2.30.

H. Y.—Quiet: ordinary, \$12.00441; prime, \$15.00 18.00; choice, \$18.00.

Provisions—Pork—Market dull, at \$11.25211.376.

Lard scarce and firm; tierce, \$8.5668.75; keg. \$6.56, 50.75; keg. \$6.56; clear rib, 746678c; clear, 754678c; prime, 845688c; prime, 845688c; prime, 845688c; prime, 845688c; prime, 845688c; prime, 845686c; prime,

In fair demand at 3-5654c.

Bran-Dull, weak, and lower at 70c.

Baltinore, Sept. 2.—Figur B.—Quiet; Howard siret and Western superfine, 82.5983.25; extra, 33.40 d. 50; family, 84.7565.25.

Grain—Wheat—Western Steady; No. 2. Pennsylvanired, 81.696; No. 2. Western whiter red. spot, 31.698 frin; inited spot, 51.698; cotober, \$1.698. Cora-Western white see, 10; September, 31c; October, 31.698 frin; inited spot, 51c; September, 31c; October, 31.698 frin; inited spot, 51c; September, 31c; October, 31.698 frin; inited spot, 51c; September, 31c; October, 31cauer, 483484c. Oats firmer and advanced Western winte, 28c; inixed, 50c; Pennsylvania, 32.7c. Rye dull at 53656c.

Hay-Dull.

Parovisions—Dull. Pork \$11.68211.25. Rulk mesh loose shoulders, 54c; clear rib sides, 194c. Ham, and Cured, 1256135c. Larl, refined, in tieres, 54c.

Herroxia, 52 — Julii pelnod, 1056c; crode, 7468-6.

Herroxia, 52 — Julii pelnod, 1056c; crode, 7468-6.

Whita, 741.0566f. 10. Inix. The second second

FLOUR-Full and unchanged. HAY-Fair demand at 11c.
PROVISIONS-Pork duli and lower at 100 1156c.
PROVISIONS-Pork duli and lower at 100 1156c.

GRAIN-Wheat stead tember, Soc. Corn ste ket quiet; railxed, 1959

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. marx Wheat dull; 0734; September, 8; 4e. Rebeipts, 113.8

104c: low intelling, 104c-receipts, 1,723 bales; sales, Montre low middling, 10ke: good ceip:s, 406 bales; saies, 50: s wise, 45. CHARLESTON, Sept. 2.—Co CHARLESTON, Sept. 2. co. dilug. 115c; now fidding, 15c; now fidding, 15 net receipts, 800 bales; and ports, coastwise, 82. SAVANNAM, Sept. 2.—Comminding, 105c; now midding, 105c; net receipts, 1,977 bales, 800; stock, 5,560. CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 2 .-

standard white, 110 test, 9c.
Pittsbure, Sept. 2. - Parm
at \$1.11% at Parker's for DRY GO New Yorx, Sept. 2.—Busin houses; jobbing trade fairly Langdon G. B. bleached 'shi weady; gingham's in good domi ens quiet, but closkings and fis

STATE PR The Contracts Let a

Special Director to Springfield, Ill., Sept printing, binding, paper opened this afternoon by State Contracts, in the p and numerous bidders proposals were very nu classes: First Class-ordered by the C either branch thereof. & Bros., Springfield, at 9 plain composition; figure and figure work, 3 cents per 100 impressions. Secon printing required by the Weber, Springfield, at 20 attion; 27% cents for figt Third Class-Plain con ure-work, 27% cents; ru cents; press work, 9 cents same, at 22 cents for 17% cents for figure work; and work. Sixth Class—To sau work. Sixth Class—To san 1,000 ems for piain figure work, and 5 cents for Springfield Printing Com class, composed of registr five-eighths cents for ead present State Printer, an offices, were left out in the dress mand, of course, the done with an honest some cases, it will be of composition is scarce the Typographical Union Rokker, of Springfield, 22 first-class, 4 cents per voin third, 8 cents; fourth. 3 fifth, half a cent per hur liarts, of Springfield, 22 packing and distribution of at \$243 in full, and also the first class, and first class.

inks, pencils, pens, etc. T Company gets the contrand heavy stationery, 250 f 8ve-pound unper, at 82. sixty pounds, at \$4.63%, the contract for conving at \$4.60 per 100 words. THE COINAGE CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—TH of a restricted coinage of Government may realize

its coin value and its mar measured by gold, instea value in our currency 8-10 grains of standard go from silver to gold, then no such difference to giv the owners of silver, The market value pore silver in and the difference betwee value of 25 8-10 grains of

and the difference betwee value of 25 8-10 grains of have been realized by the of property instead of by alone.

The use of so much a tend to increase its marks a demand for it, and won a depressing effect upon gold by diminishing a deand the two would ultimate the two would ultimate unrease under the existing the commercial nations of the an agreement in respect a these metals shall be under the coin mad in another as money ured by their market or a whether either country is the metals in that way.

There is more pure silve the French ave-franc pieces in the currency there is the they a hearty 1 to 16. Why is young and vigorous Reput with the monarchies of B better subject of a purely We pairs and the origin of the 1573, and then for the were struggling towards a were trade to act in sur

need.

2. — Liverpool.—Mark Lane—Wheat
m. Cargoes of coast—Wheat quiet and
firm. Cargoes on passage—Wheat
firm. Country markets for wheat—Kmdearer: French steady. Farmers delish wheat during the past week, 20,000
Arrivals off coast for orders — Wheat
ather in England fine.

[al Dispatch to The Tribuna.

Sept. 2—11:30 a. m.—Flour—No. 1,

MERICAN CITIES.

MERICAN CITIES.

NEW YORE.

All Dispatch to The Tribune.

Sept. 2.—Grain.—Much less activity in values showing irregularity in prime to firm range, and for steamer grades of r market; offerings on a more liberal heat moderately sought, though quoted and offered for forward delivery rather sales of \$31.000 bn, including \$0.00 bn es apring old in store, at \$1.20; \$0.00 akee old on private terms, quoted at and up to \$1.15½ asked; \$0.00 akee old on private terms, quoted at and up to \$1.15½ asked; \$0.00 akee old on private terms, quoted at and up to \$1.15½ asked; \$0.00 akee old on private terms, flashed on the control of the control

heat firm; opened 4c lower; closed quies and maker, 80 sc. October, 84 sc; No. 3 Mir. No. 4, 84 sc; October, 84 sc; No. 3 Mir. No. 4, 84 sc; October, 84 sc; No. 3 Mir. No. 4, 84 sc; No. 2, 20 sc. Royer of demand; No. 1, 47c. Barley higher; No. 20 sc. Royer, 100; September, \$1, 10; Octobert, \$1, 30 sc. Pork quiet but firm; mess pork, 30 sc. No. 4 sc. No.

AXX, \$4.25es5.23; high grades, \$5.25 yrs—Demand fair and market firm; white, dash, weak, and lower; 28es51c.

1.— Unter but firm at \$2.50.

1.— One-Market dull at \$11.25es11.576c.

2. \$18.81.

2. \$1.000 for a \$1.25es11.576c.

3. \$18.81.

3. \$1.000 for a \$1.25es11.576c.

3. \$1.000 for a \$1.25es11.

il, weak, and lower at 70c.

MARINE NEWS.

ptember, 99ket No. 2 amber Michigan, 00ket et winter, spot, 50ket Soptember, 1854et Oct. No. 3 f. 20ket Oct. Western amber, 1864; No. 20ket No. 2 winter, 48 f. 20ket Oct. No. 2 winter, 48 A Disastrous Collision in the River Last Evening.

> The Schooner Jennie Matthews and Barge Ataunto Badiy Damaged.

vancing, Navigation Notes, Etc.

88. LOUIS New 2 - COURS - First and unchanged;

Middling, 113/6.

Middling, 113/6. A SERIOUS COLLISION. McLane was towing the schr Jennie Mic coal laden, up the river, and had just through the south draw of Wells street bridge coal laden, up the fiver, and had just passed through the sorth draw of Wells street bridge, when the prop Delaware, also beams up the civer, passed through the north draw. At the same time the ting Frindfiville was coming down on the sonth side of the river, with the Grand Haven barre Atannio, light, in tow. Both tugs were running pictly fast, and, as the propeller can toward the feetire of the stream, it left little or no room for the tags and tows, to pass by each other. A collision was, therefore, imminent, and it seemed as if it would prove very disastrous. The tugs steamed citear of each other and their tows, and the Matthews and Atanuto collided, stem on, with great force, when nearly opposite the Lumber Market. The Matthews had her jibboom and bowsprit snapped off like pipe-stems, nor headrear was torn away, and, in fact, she was badly wrecked forward. The Atannio had her balwars and several stanchions smashed, and everything focward thrown into itter confusion. It will require fully \$500 to repair the damage, and it's probable the Union Towing Association, to which the tags having the injured vessels in tow belong, will settle the ball. The McLane had a very narrow escape from being run down in the confusion that followed, and the Prindrille was also in extremely close quarters for a moment.

It is said that the McLane should have signaled

COTTON.
Galveston, Sept. 2. Cotton-Rasier: middling.
104c: low middling. 104c: good ordinary. 104c: net
receipts, 1,725 bales; sales, I. 185: stock, 535.
Monr.e. Sept. 2. Cotron-Quiet: middling. 11c;
106: middling, 104c: good ordinary, 104c; net receipts, 406 bales; sales, 50: stock, 407; exports, constwise, 45. BUFFALO. Burrato, Sept. 2. - Lake freights dull and un Cleared-Props Egyptian, Potomac, Wissahickon,

Detroit: J. L. Quimby, 32 cords paving-stone, Cleveland.
Cleared from Port Colborne in twenty-four hours ending 31st—Westward—Propa Lake Michigan, Montreal to Detroit: Owersatchie, Ogdiensburg to Toledo: St. Albuns, de to Chicago; Clinton, Kingston to Miwankee; barks Dundee, Kingston to Detroit: J. H. Beck. de to Toledo; schrs A. Mulvey, Toronto to Kenosha: M. A. Lydon and Star, uo to Black River: Sweepstakes, do to Cleveland: Anteriope, Kingston to Toledo; barge Grimsby, Kingston to Milwankee.

Eastward—Prope Mame, Toledo to Ogdensburg; City of Toledo, Chicago to do: Lake Krie, Detroit to Montreal; barks Mary and Battle, Toledo to Kingston; Hartford, Chicago to do: Norway, Sanit Ste. Marie to do; Lilv Hamilton, Bay City to Collins' Bay: Mary Merritt, Ashtabala to Toronto; scars Casoade, Cleveland to Cape Vincent; Ella Murton, do to Hamilton; D. G. Fort, Chicago to Oswero; Mary (Fort Stanley), Buckhorn to Kingston; Anne Falconer and Victor, Toledo to Kingston; Algerine, Chicago to Kingston; Jennie White, Detroit to Kingston; Gerritt Smith, Black River to Forckyfile: Starling, Slack River to Toronto; Montana, Toledo to Clayton; Noine Hunter, Cleveland to Coburg; West Wind, Cleveland to Port Colborne.

bu wheat, 381,000 bu corn, 27,000 bu oats. The Buffalo charters were the schrs Helvetia, Page, J. & Lord, Dictator, G. Pfiester, prop Delaware, corn at 4½c; schr F. C. Leighton. corn at 4½c; schr F. C. Leighton. corn at 4½c; baige Ballentine and tow A. B. Moore, wheat at 5c; schr C. C. Barnes, wheat at 5½c. To Port Colborne-Schr Flying Cloud, corn at 5c. To Kingston-Schr Pulaski, cats at 6½c; schr Bigler, corn at 8c; schr G. C. Finney, wheat at 8½c. To Montreal-Prop Sovereign, corn on private terms. In the afternoon the schr L. Johnson for corn to Collingwood. Wood. Under the influence of the revival in lake trade

WHAT THE FIGURES SAY.

BAY CITY TRADE. The following shows the shipments from Bay rimber, cubic ft...

Total feet..... . MARQUETTE. MARQUETTE.

Special Dispatch to The 2vibune.

Marquette. Mich., Sept. 2.—Arrived—Props
R. J. Hackett, H. D. Coffinberry; schra William

McGregor, C. J. McGill, L. C. Butts, D. R. Clint.
Cleared—Props R. J. Hackett, H. D. Coffinberry; schra William McGregor, D. R. Clint, L.
C. Butts.
Passed up—Props Nyack, Peerless, Atlantic.
Passed down—Props Idaho, J. E. Hurd.

NAUTICAL MISHAPS. NAUTICAL MISHAPS.

The schr Atmosphere had a narrow escape from being wrecked on Keily's Island on the 30th ult. The United States stemmer Perry esved her.

Capt. McCarthy, of the schr Winter, had one of his legs horribly mangied has Saturday by getting it causes in an inchor chain. The limb has probably been amoutated ere this time.

The sumr City of Detroit has experienced her

Afst sensation. A boy named Allen G. Wood, 14 years old, jumped from the hurricans deck of that vessel lost Saturday afternoon, when abreast of Rocky River, and was drowned before assistance equid reach him. The steamer was making an excursion trip at the time, and it is believed the boy did the foolbardy act for the purpose of creating a sensation and showing some companions that he was not afraid to do so.

THE CROPS.

OFFICIAL REPORT.

MILWAUKEE.
Special Departs to The Tribune.
Milwaukee, Sept. 2.—On the strength of advices from Chicago, carriers are asking 5c and 54cc for wheat to Buffaio, which shippers decline to give. Room is wanted for small lots, but full cargoes for large vessels cannot be secured, cargoes for large vessels cannot be secured, consequently they proceed to Chicago as soon as cargoes are discharged. The solar G. L. Crossthwaite sailed for Chicago to high in quest of a cargo. A small vessel was taken to day at 4%c for wheat to Goderich.

Arrived from below, schr G. C. Trumpf.

Cleared for Buffalo, schr Typo.

PORT HURON.

PORT HURON, Mich., Sept. 2.—Down—Props
Oneids, Benton, Roanoke, Barmam, Arabia, Colorndo, Scotia No. 2, D. W. Russ and consort, Germaniwand barges, Turner and barges, Salina and barges, Caldwell and consort, Alpena and barges; schrs Pensaukee, Niagara, Owasco, G. W. Case, Nabob, Hyde, S. M. Guthrie, D. S. Austin, William Horne, Itasca, Ætna, Jesse Hoyt, C. H. Jonuson.

Up-Props Clinton and barges, Oscar Townsend and consort; schrs Narragansett. Monitor.

Wind-Southeast, fresh; weather clear.

Reseird Dispatch to The Tribune.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 2.—Coal freights to Chicago and Milwaukee are firm at 40@45c. There is not a large amount of coal for shipment, and but a imited number of vessels offering. It is thought passes. Ore charters have been made at \$1.30 from Escanaba and \$1.50 from Marquette. There is a firmer feeling, and higher freights asked in the Canadian trade. In view of these facts, it is probable that the bottom has been touched, and a permanent rise begun.

ERIE.

Special Disputch to The Tribune.

Ette, Pa., Sept. 2.—Arrivals—Prop Havana. Houghton; sturs China and St. Louis, Duluth; prop Arizona, Buffalo.

Departures—Stirr Keweenaw, Cleveland; stmr Departures—Star Reweenaw, Ceverana; star Pacific Duluth; schr Schaylkill, Bay City; prop Wissahickon. Chicago; prop Arizona, Bay City; schr William Crosstawaite, 300 tons coal; schr Kate Winslow, 1, 100 tons coal; bark St. Law-rence, 600 tons coal; all for Chicago.

NAVIGATION NOTES.

CHICAGO.

The tug Constitution came out of dry-dock resterday, and is on duty again. yesterday, and is on duty again.
There are over fifty tugs in the harbor, and all
of them are in commission and doing well.
The excursion steamers amnounce special trips to South Chicago next Friday and Saturday, on the occasion of the regatta.

The star Bret Harte continues her trips to Lincoin Park and the Water-Works Crib, and will so long as the weather permits.

A schooner ran into the protection piling at Adams street bridge last evening and had her headgear damaged. Her name was not ascertained.

Vessel-owners and all connected with the lake marine are feeling good over the prospect for still better rates, and are happy occase 4% is paid on corn and 5½ on wheat to Buffaio. It is believed by some that 7c and 8c will be paid on corn before the scason is over. South Chicago next Friday and Saturday, on the the season is over.

Business on the canal is good, and promises to be better soon. From 60,000 to 80,000 bu of corn were brought down to this port via the canal last

Prop R. C. Brittain, Saugatuck, sundries, State street, Schr Kearsarge, South Haven, lumber, Market, Schr Carlingford, Manistee, lumber, Steven's Silp, Sch. Jos. Dresden, Ludington, barz. Division street, Schr E. Moresten, Ludington, barz. Division street, Schr E. Moresten, Menomines, lumber, C., B. & Q. Schr, L. M. Davis, Musicgon, lumber, Market, Schr Driver, Holland, ties, R. I. R. B. Schr C.J. Roeder, Musicgon, lumber, Sampson Silp, Schr C.J. Roeder, Musicgon, lumber, Sampson Silp, Schr Gorge Murray, Cieveland, coal, Lake street, Prop Jarvis Lord, Bufaiso, coal, Handolpin street, Schr A. P. Nichols, Sturgeon Bay, ice, Tweifth street.

Schr J. Davidson, Buffalo, salt, Rush street.
Schr J. Davidson, Buffalo, salt, Rush street.
Schr Orarita, Cleveland, Iron, Eighteenth street.
Schr Mian. Sturgeon Bay, lumber, Allen Slip.
Prop Vanderbilt. Buffalo, sundries, State street.
Prop Fountain City, Buffalo, sundries, State street.
Prop G. Reitz, Manistee, lumber, Lake street.
Schr Prop Strothers, Ludington, lumber, Rush street.
Schr Two Strothers, Ludington, lumber, Chicago aveuse. sue.

Schr G. M. Filer, Grand Haven, lumber, Rush street
Behr Mary Ann, Grand Haven, lumber, Rush street,
Prop Sovereign, Montreal, sundries, Adams street,
Prop D. Ballentine, Milwaukee, light, Rush street,
Prop City Duluth, Duluth, sundries, Weils street,
Prop City Concord, Ogdensburg, sundries, Wells

Prop James Davidson, Buffalo. coal. Twenty-recond Schr E. M. Stanton, White Lake, ties, Market. Schr G. W. Gifford, Green Bay, lumber, Kinzie

Schr E. M. Stanton, White Lake, ties, Market, Schr G. W. Gifford, Green Bay, lumber, Kinzie street.
Schr North Star, Port Huron, lumber, Market, Schr Kewaunee, Manistee, lumber, Market, Schr Kewaunee, Manistee, lumber, Market, Schr Kenapp, Menominee, lumber, Sampson Silp, Schr Antares, White Lake, bark, Ogden Caual, Schr C. Foster, Fair Haven, coal, Chicago avenue, Schr S. Bates, Ludington, lumber, Ailen Silo, Schr Minnie Wing, Ludington, lumber, Market, Schr Jeanle Mathews, Oswego, coal, Harrison street.
Schr Jean, Muskegon, light.
Schr Clara, Munistee, light.
Schr Clara, Munistee, light.
Schr Kitty Grant, Saughauck, light.
Schr Contest, Muskegon, light.
Schr Charles Reitz, Manistee, sundries.
Schr John Mark, Manistee, light.
Schr Hobert Howlett, Grand Haven, light.
Schr Franker, Grand Haven, light.
Schr Hobert Howlett, Grand Haven, light.
Schr Franker, Grand Haven, light.
Schr Hobert Howlett, Grand Haven, light.
Schr Juliam Jones, Auskegon, light.
Schr Hobert Howlett, Grand Haven, light.
Schr Juliam Jones, Auskegon, light.
Schr Juliam Jones, Auskegon

GOOD TEMPLARS. Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

MADISON, Wis., Sept. 2.—The twenty-third annual session of the Grand Lodge of Wisconsin of the Independent Order of Good Tempiars will commence in the Assembly Chamber in this city to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock. A large number of delegates arrived in town to-day by the morning trains, while others will arrive this evening and to-morrow morning. To-night Capital Ledge No. 1, of this city, will honor the Capital Lodge No. 1, of this cits, will hower the delegates from abroad with a public reception. The audress of welcome will be delivered by S. D. Hastings, and the response by Phil Allen, Jr., Chief of the Grand Lodge. The business session of the Grand Lodge will probably continue until Thursday evening of riday noon. Between 200 and 300 representatives and visitors are expected to be present. The Order now

OFFICIAL REPORT.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 2.—The condition of oats, as shown by the August returns to the Agricultural Department, is represented by 100. Average of July, 101. The crop suffered from extreme heat and other unfavorable influences of July. All the Atlantic States north of South Carolina, except Massachusetts and Connecticut, show a decline, especially marked n Delaware, where the average is but 70, against 108 in July. The growth of the plant in some 108 in July. The growth of the plant in some counties was stinted by drought, and caused rust by excessive rain in others. The crop ran to staw, and the heads filled poorly. South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida show an improvement. Winter sowing has given increased viaility to the crop. Alabama, Mississippi, and Arkansas show a decline. Louisiana and Tennessee raised their standard. West Virginia and Kentucky fall off from their previous high figures. Of the States north of the Ohio River. Ohio, Michigan, and Missouri show an improvement. All others re-Missouri show an improvement. All others report a decline, also California. The crop enjoyed various conditions of growth in the Mississippi Calley and the Pacific coast. The extreme range of variation is between 70 in Delaware and 113 in Tonnessee. Most States ranged between 105 and 95.

ware and 113 in Tonnessee. Most States ranged between 105 and 95.

Twelve of the largest tobacco-growing States report the following averages in August, viz.: Kentucky, 80; Virginia, 80; Missouri, 95; Tennessee, 25; Maryland, 87; Pennsylvania, 85; North Carolina, 84; Ohio, 96; Indiana, 75; Connecticut, 105; Illinois, 83; Massachusetts, 105. The tobacco field of Connecticut Valley is the

only one that shows an improvement during July. In all other parts of the great tobacco field the crop has fallen off in the average con-

BARLEY. MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 2.-Wall & Bigelow. ommission merchants, of this city, will issue to-morrow a circular on the barley crop of the to-morrow a circular on the barley crop of the States of Wisconsin, Northern Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska, and Dakota. They have reports from 200 points, which show the crop of No. 2 or good maiting barley to be seriously injured, the reports generally being that there will be no No. 2 barley this year on account of the wet weather during harvest. The acreage is reported 50 per cent less than last year.

MINNESOTA FAIRS.

St. Paul and Minneapolis in Full Blast. Blaine Still "Solid" with the People. Special Disputch to The Tribune. St. Paul. Minn., Sept. 2.—Rival fairs at Minneapolis and St. Paul opened to-day under favorable auspices. The attendance is moderate, but every train arriving at either city this afternoon and evening has been crowded, and every wagon-road is shadowed by clouds of dust raised by country vehicles of every sort moving nto the two cities. Minneapolis, especially. into the two cities. Minneapolis, especially, will be crowded to morrow on account of the great desire to see and hear Senator Blaine, who delivers the inaugural address of the Minneapolis Fair Association. At Winona Blame was welcomed to the State by the enthusiastic cheers of an immense crowd. He answered from the car-platform, simply "Good morning," and was kept busy until the train moved off shaking hands with men and women. From Winona he was accompanied to Minneapolis by Senator Windom and other prominent men of the State. At the depot here Blaine was greeted by ex-Senator Ramsey and other acquaintances, and was invited to visit the State Republican Convention which meets Wednesday. Hundreds of families arriving here to-day from the country have wisely come prepared to camp out

Fellows' Compound Syrup i composed of ingredients identical with those which constitute Healthy Blood, Muscle and Nerve and Brain Substance, whilst Life Itself is directly dependent upn some of them.

By its union with the bloed and its effect upon the muscles, re-catablishing the ne and toning the other, it is capable of effecting thefollowing results:

It will displace or wash out tuberculous matter, and thus cure Consumption.

By increasing Nervous and Muscular Vigor, it will cure Dysopesia, feeble or interrupted action of the Heart and l'alpitation, Wealness of Intellect caused by grief, weary, evertax, or iregular habits, Bronchitis, Acute or Chronic, Congesion of the Lungs, even in the most alarming stages.

It cures Asthina, Loss of 'olce, Neuraigia, St. Vitus' Dance, Epileptic Pits, Whoping Cough, Nervousness, and is a most wonderful adjunct to other remedies in sustaining life during the pheess of Dioththeria.

Do not be deceived by emedies bearing a similar name. No other preparation is a substitute for this under any circumstances.

inder any circumstances.

Look out for the name an address, J. I. FELLOWS. St. John, N. B., on the yebw wrapper, in waterms which is seen by holding the paper before the light. Price, \$1.50 per bottle; at for \$7.50.



Dr. Earle's Testimonial

For several months past have used Fellows' Compound Syrup Hypophosphics in the treatment of in client pathists, chronic bonchitis, and other affections of the cleest, and has no inestitation in stating that it ranks formost almost the remedies used in those diseases. St. John, N. B., January, EARLE, JR., M. D. FURROES.

MANUFACURERS,

CLOTHES LEANING. Your Old Cabe heautifully DYED or CLANED and REPAIRED of the Earlies of the Country of the Count MAGNOLIA BALM.

foriginal.

Secret of a Fair Face.

An Item of Interest to Every Lady who Desires to be More Beautiful than she now is.

Unfortunately not one woman in a hundred, subjected to the whims of an American climate possesses that basis and starting point of real beauty—a pure and clear complexion.

What nature has thus denied, art must be called upon to furnish. upon to turnish.

It can be done; it is done daily. Prof. W. E.
Hagan placed beauty within the reach of every unblessed daughter of Eve when he discovered that
aurprising article known in fashionable circles as the
true secret of beauty, and called

MAGNOLIA

BALM The MAGNOIA BALM is a sure device for creating a pure and blooming complexion.

It concents all natural blemishes in the most surprising and effective manner.

It removes all roughness, eruptions, redness, blotches, freekles, and tan with magical power.

It drives away all evidences of fatigue and ex-It makes the plainest face beautiful.

It gives the complexion a dazzling purity and makes the neck, face, and arms appear graceful, rotund, and plump.

It makes a matron of 35 or 40 look not more than 20 years old, and changes the rustic maiden into a cultivated city belie.

cultivated city belle.

The Magnolia Balm removes all blemishes and conceals every drauback to beauty; and, while it is as harmless as under, it is so life-like in its effects that the closest observer cannot detect its use.

Ladies who want to make themselves attractive can make an absolute certainty of it by using Hagan's Magnolia Balm, and we know of no other way. It is the cheapest preparation in the world, all things considered, and may be had at any drug store.

AMUSEMENTS. HOOLEY'S THEATRE.

R. M. HOOLEY ......Sole Proprietor and Manage Prices: \$1, 75, 50, and 25c. Matinees, 25 & 50c.

JOHN T. RAYMOND, COL. SELLERS ("There's Millions in it; there's Millions in it"), i Mark Twain's Brightest of Comedies,

" The Gilded Age," With a Suberb Cast of Chara-ters,
Monday, Sept. 9, the Emment Tragedian,
Mis. JOHN McGULLOUGH,
Supported by Mr. Fred B. Warde, Mr. H. Mereditt
Miss Maud Granger, Mrs. E. L. Davenport, and other MCVICKER'S THEATRE.

LAST NIGHTS! LAST NIGHTS: DIPLOMACY! DIPLOMACY!

THE PLAY OF THE AGE. Wednesday-Last Matinee but one-DIPLOMACY. MONDAY NEXT-First appearance in four years of JOSEPH JEFFERSON as RIP VAN WINKLE.

WHITE STOCKING PARK. BASE BALL. PROVIDENCE VS. CHICAGO

Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Saturday, Sept. 3, 4, 5, and 7, 41 330 urouppt. Note the change in time. Buy tickets at SpALDING'S, 83 Madison-4t. WOOD'S, 80 Washington-st. NEW CHICAGO THEATRE.

This evening, matinces Wednesday and Saturday.

TONY DENIER'S and Standard ComWith the Great Original Clown. GRIMALDI
of Pantomime and Specialty Stars. Stunday afternoon and evening. Prices of admission, 75, 50, and 25c.

B. BAUM'S WABASH-AV. PAVILION, TO-NIGHT. GARDEN CONCERT.

MOES. GENTLEMEN! TRY

THE CORDOVAN SHOE, Only Manufactured by us. Guaranteed to be the Best Stock, and Best-Made Goods in the city. BURT'S \$5.00 NEW SHOES,

M. WHEELER & CO., 74 EAST MADISON-ST. \* A fall line of Ladies' and Gents' Fine Boots BURT'S SHOES THEY ARE THE BEST. Ask YOU Dealer for them.

PILE CURE. DR. BARHAM'S PILE CURE Has been sold South for seven years, and never has failed to cure BLIND, BLEEDING, and ITCHING PILES.

90 Madison-st., Chicago.

MEDICAL. ASTHMA CATABBH. OPPRESSIONS. COUGH. FALPI-TATION. Band all

Dr. JAMES, PRIVATE DISPENSARY.

204 Washington St., Chicago, in 18 is will know Dr. James for the past 39 years he stood at the bead of the profession in the treatment of all special and chronic diseases that require instends a attention. A book for the million, explaining when throut leavery I way set Y only 18 cents in propay polarate. Call or write, Dr. James has 61 rooms the million capital polarate and the control of th

173 South Clarkest., Chleage.

Consult personally or by mall, free of charge, on all
comply physician in the city who warrants cores or no pay. PRESCRIPTION FREE.

EDUCATIONAL.

Granville Military Academy.

An attractive School for Boys, at North Granville, New York, has for 25 years successfully prepared boys for our beat colleges and schools of science, and also for commercial fife. Until April, 1876, it was considered at Stamford, Comn., and was then transferred to the stamford of the sta

MORGAN PARK

MILITARY ACADEMY. Capt. ED. N. KIRK TALCOTT. Associate HENRY T. WRIGHT, A. M., Principals.

CHICAGO FEMALE COLLEGE Morgan Park (near Chicage), Begins Tuesday, Sept. 10, 1878.

Preparatory and Collegiate Departments, an Optiona Course: also Graduating Course in Music, Drawing and Painting, Specialties. For Catalogue address G THAYER. Pres., Morgan Park, Cook Co., Ill., or a 77 Madison-st., Chicago. CHICAGO LADIES' SEMINARY. 15 and 17 Sheldon-st. Sixteenth Year Opens Sept. 10.

Able teachers in all the departments, English, Classical, Art, and Musical, Miss Emily M. Noyes as Assistant Principal, Elocution and Music specialties under Prof. E. M. Booth, Emil Liebling, and Mrs. O. L. Fox. Location choice, and buildings commodious. Ample accommodations in the Boarding Department, MISS GREEG, Principal.

Wells College for Young Ladies. AURORA, CAYUGA LAKE, N. Y.
Full Collegiate, Special, and Academic Courses.
Superior instructionly music, Location unsurpassed for
beauty, healthfulness, and refinement; buildings elegant; a
home where parents may with confidence intrust their
daugnters. Term begins Sept. 11, 1878.
Send for catalogue.

IREV. E. S. FRISBEE, President.

GREYLOCK INSTITUTE, South Williamstown, Berkshire Co., Mans. Prepares Boys for Rusiness, Scientific School, or Col-iege. The leading private school in the East. Estab-lished by its present Principal in 1842. Expenses \$450. per year. Refers to W. H. Swift, Henry W. Bishop, and Geo. H. Lafin. For Catalogues address BENJ. F. MILLS, A. M., Principal. BETTS MILITARY ACADEMY,

STAMFORD, CONN. A HOME SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

HIGHLAND HALL The next session of this well-known Institution for the Education of Young Ladies will begin Sept. 19. Preparatory and Collegiate Courses, Music, Painting, Elocution. Best advantages and moderate terms. Apply to EDWALD P. WESTON, President. Highland Park. Ill., Aug. 30, 1878. WILLISTON SEMINARY

AT EASTHAMPTON, MASS. The next term will be gin sept. 5. The full course of study in both the Classical and English Departments occupies four years though students will be fitted to enter the best Scientific Schools at the end of the third year. Expenses a low as eisewhere and free tuition to worths students For estalogue containing full information, address J. W. FARGBANKS, Principal.

GLEASON'S ACADEMY 339 West Adams-st. An Elementary, Classical, and Commercial School. In response to numerous solicitations this school will hereafter be open to Girls and Young Ladies as well as Boys and Young Men. The Fail Term commences Sept. 2, 1878. Please send for catalogue, M. B. GLEASON, Principal. NORTHERN ILLINOIS COLLEGE And Griffith School of Reading and Oratory,

Fuiton. Ill. All departments first-class. Terms—Al expenses, \$200 a year. Send for circular. Address ALLEN A. GRIFFITH, Press. urnished root Mlle. C. Broussais' French and English School for Young Ladies and Chil-dren reopens on Sept. 9 at 564 Michigan-av. She will be assisted by Mile. M. Broussais, Miss Jeffers, and

Froebel School and Kindergarten. ast of Union Park. MISS SARA EDDY,
Principal and Kindergarten

DEARBORN SEMINARY. 985 & 987 Wabash-av.

The twenty-third year of this well-known School for Young Ladies and Girls. will open Wednesday. Sept. 11. For catalogues address. 2. GROVER. MISSES GRANT'S SEMINARY,

128 1-2 & 130 Bearborn-av., Chicago, WILL OPEN MONDAY, SEPT. 16. Ample ac-commodations for boarding and day pupils. For circu-lars address as above. Mrs. GARRETSON, assisted by Miss Thurston, will reopen her ExGLISH, FRENCH, AND GERMAN BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for young lades, No. 52 West 47th 8t, near 5th Ave., New York. WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 25. Facilities for STUDY OF MUSIC UNSURPASSED. For circular and other information, apply to the Principal.

PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY ACADEM CHESTER, PENN.—Opens Sept. 11. Thorough struction in Chvi Engineering, the Classics, and gish. For particulars apoly to JEWETT WILCO Esq., at the office of the Tremont House, or to THEO. HYATT, President.

THE HURON-ST. SCHOOL For Young Ludies and Children will reopen WEDNES DAY, Sept. 18. For circulars apply to MISS KIRK-LAND, 207 Huron-st. Academy of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart

For Young Ladies, under the charge of the Sisters de Notre Dame. Terms-Board and Tutton, per annum, \$130. For particular apply SUPERIORESS. Prof. Sanger's Class for Boys. Seventeenth year begins Sept. 16; number limited to 24 noys carefully fitted for business or college; facilities for thorough instruction unsurpassed. For circulars, terms, &c., address 439 Wabash-av. M.HE. DA SILVA AND MRS. BRAD-English. French, and German Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Children. with Calisthen-ics. No. 17 West Thirty-eighth-st., New York. Ren-pens kept. 30. Application may be made by letter, or personally as above. Lectures by Dr. Labberton. East Walnut-st. Female Seminary

hiladelphia, will reopen Sept. 18. Full collegiat purse given: also pupils prepared for Harvard exami ations. HENRIETTA KUTZ, 1221 Wainut-st. Miss Nott's English and French Family and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 33 Wall-st., New Haven, Conn. The Sixth Year opens Sept. 11. Circulars sent upon application. Southern Home School for Girls. 197 & 199 North Charles-st., Baltimore, Md. Mrs. W. M. CARY, Mrs. Gen. JNO. PEURAM. tablished 1842. French the language of the school Maplewood Institute Por Young Ladies, Known throughout the West for its great beauty of location and superior instruction. Address Reva. CV. DFRAB and R. R. AVERY, the Principals, for prospectas COLLEGIATE AND COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE General Russell's School. New Haven. Ct. 44th year. Preparatory to College, Scientific Schools, or business. Thorough physical training by military drilling. sym-nastics, dc. Full information sens on application. MRS. STLVANUS REED'S DAY AND BOARD school for young ladies, 6-and 8 East Fifty-th st., New York. Fifteenth year begins Oct. 1, 1878. HOME SCHOOL FOR BOYS, OPENS SEPT. 10. FOI circulars address L. HAND, Geneva Lake. Wis. M ORRISTOWN, S. J.—BOARDING SCHOOL POR boys (30 miles from N. Y.) liev. S. N. HOWELL.

SCALES. FAIRBANKS' SCALES

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS. NORTH GERMAN LLOYD.

STATE LINE

NFW YORK TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, DUBLIN, BLUFAST, LONDONDERRY and the Paris Exposition STATE OF VIRIGINIA. Thursday, Aug. 29 STATE OF GEORGIA. Thursday, Aug. 29 STATE OF GEORGIA. Thursday, Aug. 20 STATE OF GEORGIA. Thursday, Aug. 20 STATE OF GEORGIA THE AUG. AUG. 20 STATE OF GEORGIA CONTROL AND AUG. 20 STATE OF GEORE OF GEORGIA CONTROL AND AUG. 20 STATE OF GEORGIA CONTROL AND AUG ANCHOR LINE MAIL STEAMERS

New York and Glasgow.

DEVONIA. Sept. 7, 2 n m: ETHIOPIA, Sept. 21, noon ANCHORIA. Sept. 7, 7 m: BOLIVIA. Sept. 23, 7 a m: VICTORIA. Sept. 11, 3 n m: VICTORIA. Sept. 11, 3 n m: Cabins \$55 to \$50. Excursion Tickets at reduced rates. Second cabin. \$40. Stepage \$3.8.

HENDERSON BROTHERS. 56 Washington-9L. WHITE STAR LINE

Carrying the United States and Royal Mail between New York and Liverpool. Forpassage apply to Com-pany's office, 48 South Clark-st. ALFRED LAGERIGKEN, Gen'l Western Agent. 43" Drafts on Great Britain and Ireland. CUNARD MAIL LINE.

Sailing three times a week to and from British
Ports. Lowest Prices.
Apply at Company's Office, northwest corner
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ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS EXPLANATION OF REFERENCE MARKS. - Saturday excepted. \* Sunday excepted. ; Monday excepted. CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN BAILWAY. Ticket Offices, 62 Clark-st. (Sherman House) and st

Leave. | Arrive. Pullman Hotel Cars are run through, between Cat-cago and Council Bluffs, on the train leaving Chicago at 10-30 a. The Train Pullman or any other for a state of hotel cars west of Chicago, a-Depot corner of Wells and Kinzie-sta. b-Depot corner of Canai and Kinzie-sta.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILROAD.
Depots foot of Lake-et., Indiana-av., and Sixteenin-st., and Canal and Sixteenin-sts. Ticket Offices, 39 Clark-st., and at depots. | Leave. | Arrive.

Mendota & Galesburg Express. 7:23 a. m. 7:30 9. m.
Ottawa & Streator Express. 7:25 a. m. 7:30 9. m.
Ottawa & Storactor Express. 7:25 a. m. 7:30 9. m.
Outuque & Storactor Express. 7:000 a. m. 3:20 0. m.
Pacific Fast Express. 90:30 a. m. 3:20 0. m.
Downer's Grove Accom dati'n 1:00 a. m. 2:05 0. m.
Mendota & Ottawa Express. 9:15 9. m. 7:55 a. m.
Aurora Pasenger. 9:15 9. m. 9:15 9. m. 7:55 a. m.
Downer's Grove Accom dation 7:15 0. m. 7:15 0. m.
Precort & Dubuque Express. 9:30 p. m. 9:55 a. m.
Omalis Night Express. 9:00 p. m. 9:55 a. m.
Kansas Oily & St. Joe Express. 9:00 p. m. 9:55 a. m.
Kansas Oily & St. Joe Express. 9:00 p. m. 9:55 a. m.
Freedort & St. Joe Express. 9:00 p. m. 9:650 a. m.
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ICAGO. ALTON & ST. LOUIS AND CHICA-KANSAS CITY & DENVER SHORT LINES. nion Deport West Side, near Madison-st. bridge, and Twenty-third-st. Ticket Office, 122 Handolph-st.

Ransas City & Denver Fast Ex. 192-201p. m. 833m. m. 8t. Louis, Springfield & Fexas. 9:000 a. m. 7:559. m. 8t. Louis, Springfield & Fexas. 9:000 a. m. 7:559. m. 8t. Louis, Springfield & Texas. 9:000 a. m. 4:700 a. m. 6t. Coluis, Springfield & Texas. 9:000 a. m. 4:700 a. m. 6t. Coluis, Springfield & Texas. 9:000 p. m. 4:700 a. m. 6t. Coluis, Springfield & Texas. 9:000 p. m. 4:700 a. m. 8:700 a. m. 8:7 OHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL BAILWAY, Union Lepot, corner Madison and Canal-sts. Tickes Office, 63 South Clark-st., opposite Sherman House, and at depot.

All trains run via Milwankes. Tickets for St. Paul and Minneapolis are good either via Madison and Prairie in Chien, or via Watertown, LaGrosse, and Winous.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILBOAD.
ot, foot of Lake-st. and foot of Twenty-secon
Ticker office. 121 Randolph-at., near Clark. Leave. | Arrive.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILRDAN.
Depot, foot of Lake-st., and foot of Twenty-second-st.
Ticket Office, 67 Clarf. st., southeast dorse of Randolph, Grand Pacine Hotel, and at Paliner House. Vall (via Main and Air Line). 77(6) a. m. 46(15) b. b. bay Express (6)(6) a. m. 77(6) a. m. 77(6) a. m. 4 (6) p. m. 77(6) a. m. 4 (6) p. m. 4 (1)(20) a. m. 4

PITTEBURG, Pr. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY. Copper Corner Canal and Madison sts. Ticket Offices, to Clark st.. Palmer House, and Grand Pacific florst. Leave. Arrive. \* 8:00 a. m. † 7:00 p. m. † 3:13 p. m. † 4:00 a. m. † 6:10 p. m. † 6:00 a. m. Yains leave from Exposition Building, foot of Mon-roe-st. Ticket Offices: St Clark-st., Paimer House, Grand Pacific, and Depot (Exposition Building).

Leave. | Arrive. LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN.

PITTISBURG, GINGINNATI & ST. LOUIS R & Chicinnati Air-Line and Kokome Line.)
Depot corner of Clinton and Carroll-sts. West Side incinnati, indianapalis, Lou-laville, Columbus & East Pay Express. Nigst Express. 8:00 p. m. 4 7:19 a. m.

Cheinnait, Isdianapolis b.
Louisville Day Express ... 9:40 a. m. \* 8000 p. m.
Night Express ... 9:40 a. m. \* 7:00 s. m.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RAILEDAD Depot, corner of Van Surva and Sherman str. Ticket Office, Se Clark-st., Sherman House. Leave. | Arrive. All meals on the Omaha Express are served in dining

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"Danville Route."

"Danville Route."

(peket Offices: 77 Clark st., 125 Dearboro-st, and Deput.

corner Clinton and Carroll-st. Leave. Arrive.

GOODRICH'S STEAMERS.
For Hacine, Milwanace, etc., daily ..., a sarrian's Boat don't leave until ..., a sarrian's Boat don't leave until ..., a sarrian's sarrian's and sarrian's sarrian's

parameter white, 110 test, 9c.
Parameter, Sept. 2.—Permoletin—Crude more active at \$1.11% at Parker's for jumediate shipment: refined dull at 10%c, Philadelphia delivery.

changed.

at—Winter, No. 1, Se 44; No. 2, Se 24; se 84; No. 2, Se; white, No. 1, 10s ed; tlub, No. 1, 10s ed; No. 2, 10s 5d. Corn 28s 0d; No. 2, 23s 6d. Fork, 48s. Lard, 38s. Sept. 2.—SQTTON—Dull and easier as sales 8,000 balcs; American, 5,000.

Flour, 18,000 bris: wheat, 30,000 bu POSTON,

BOSTON,

BOS Bergurs - Flour, 4, 200 bris; wheat, 52,000 bu, corn, 18 000 bu. SHIPMENTS-Flour, 8,500 bris; wheat, 29,000 bz; 058, 23,00 00.

INDIANAPCLIS.

INDIANAPCLIS.

Sept. 2.—HOUS—Quiet; choice, \$4.20

1.25 fair. \$3,3004 10; Foughs, \$2,25a3 25,

1.00 R—Steady; famoy, \$4.75a5,25, tumily, \$4.25a

est to Oswego, a., egra, 4'sc. egra, 4'sc. wheat, 424,000 bu; corn, 82,000 bu; oata

none. Tolerno. Sert. 2-4 p. m. -Guan. - Wheat dail: am-folience amber 1990; No. 2 red winter. September, 1981 Western amber, 884c; regular, 84c. Cora duil: No. 2, 404c bid. regular, 34cc. 1991 and 1992 and 199

emoor state cast. 21% arrived October. Rye in ref and over a time of and over the free days. It is not and over the free days. It is not a second at 1.7. It

CHARLESTON, Sept. 2.—Corrox—Dull and easy: mid

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 2. -PETROLEUM-Market firm

THE COINAGE OF SILVER.

To the Editor of The Tribune. CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—THE TRIBUNE is in favor

of a restricted comage of silver in order that the Government may realize the difference between its coin value and its market or builion value as

measured by gold, instead of giving that differ-ence to the owners of silver. If the unit of

ence to the owners of silver. If the unit of value in our currency was 371½ grains of pure silver, as it was from 1793 to 1873, instead of 25 8.10 grains of standard gold; in other words, if the unit of value had never been transferred from silver to gold, then there would have been no such difference to give to the Government, the owners of silver, or any other person. The market value of 371½ grains of DUPE silver in any form, with the trifling cost of coining it, would have been \$1, and the difference between it and the market value of 25 8.10 grains of standard gold would have been realized by the owners of other forms of property instead of by the owners of money alone.

any even realized by the owners of other forms of property instead of by the owners of money alone.

The use of so much silver as money would tend to increase its market value by stimulating a demand for it, and would, consequently, have a depressing effect upon the market value of gold by diminishing a demand for this metal, and the two would ultimately coalesce in our currency ander the existing ratio.

Why should we at this time insist that the commercial nations of the world should come to an agreement in respect to the ratio under which these metals shall be used in the currency? There never has been such agreement. On the contrary, when the coins of one country are mad in another as money they are always measured by their market or bullion value, and this whether either country is using one or both of the metals in that way.

There is more pure silver in our dollar than in the French free-frame piece, for the two metals are in the currency there under the ratio of 1 to 15%, while here they are under the ratio of nearly 1 to 16. Why is it necessary that this young and vigorous Republic should look arms with the monarchies of Europe upon this or any other subject of a purely domestic character?

We pairwised an independent course in respect to it from the origin of the Government down to 1573, and then for the first time, while we were struggling towards a convertible corrency, were made to act in sympathy with them by adopting, without the attention of the country being called to it, an exclusively gold standard. We should to back to the silver standard and the unrestricted coinage of the silver dollar, but where we were before the act of 1575. The did ways are the best ways.

100. PMENTS-Wheat, 300, 0,0 bu; corn, 77,000 bu; cats.

\*LOCK-Steady; Takey, \$4,7040,20, 140019, \$4,206

Grafts-Wheat steady; No. 2 rod nominally 91c; September 90c. Corn steady: milked, 205c., Oals Market outer taked, 195,62,90c. Rye, 480-19c.

Provisions—Quiet: snoodlers, 38c; otear rib, 6c.
Land, 74c. Haus, \$10,00.

Bittalo, Sept. 2.—Grafts—Wheat neglected and nominal. Corn dull and drooming said 8, 50c hu; Kanest at 45c; samples at 42c. Dats neglected. Rye neglected. Bariety neglected. Canal Francisco. Unsurfied and asking advance. Shippers offer 74c wheat 104c corn. DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 2. - FLOUR - Dull and unchang darx-Wheat dull: extra, \$1.08; Xo. 1 white, \$1.078; Sentember, \$1.070; October, \$1.074; Sentember, \$1.070; October, \$1.074; Sentember, \$1.070; October, \$1.074; Amber, \$756e. Rebelpts, \$15,882 but supposed a 1.074; Amber, \$1.075; White \$1.075; Amber, \$1.075; White State, \$1.075; October, \$1.075; White State, \$1.075; October, \$1.075; White State, \$1.075; October, \$1.075; White State, \$1.075; Amber, \$1.075; Amb

demand: cut-loaf to C crushed, 556c.
dil; quoted at \$1.125 asked.
Less activity in general market; accommain in most request, but offered most bed weaker for British ports; by steam sily for Liverpool; in most other lines a lace, with advantages as to rates in favor to Liverpool by steam included 1,800 bris heretalt, and mainly by outport lines, at 45 feet, and mainly by outport lines, at 45 feet, and mainly by outport lines, at 45 feet, and 24,000 bu do on private 14 feet, at 28 946,50s.

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Sept.

sectal Department to The Tribune.

E. Sept. 2.—The Afternoon Board at the Commerce was resumed to day. The marithment the day without especial

74.057 Total..... ....534,530 y car-loads of wheat for forty-eight hours acted of spring wheat 102 cars, as follows: ard, 35 No. 2, 45 No. 3, 13 No. 4; 18 re-

heat steady and mechanged: red. \$1.000 res. \$1.000 lest. Corn quiet and weak; yelred. 51e. bazek; white Western, 200 red. 51e. bazek; white data distribution of the control of the corn of the corn

iged.

It refined, 10ker: crude, 7562-5c.

It refined, 10ker: crude, 7562-5c.

It 10ker; wheat, 175,000 but

Its, 5.200 but; ryc, 14,009 but

A, 183,000 but; ryc, 14,009 but

A, 183,000 but; cori, 33,000 but

It urround per steam—Cotton,

Other Mishaps, Lake Freights Still Ad-

A damaging collision occurred in the river just west of Weils street bridge last evening about 7 o clock, and it was fortunate that one of the vessels engaged in it was not sunk, and still more for tunate that some person or persons on board the craft did not get killed or crippled. It was almost dark at the time of the accident, and opinions as to the direct cause of it are divided. The tug Mary

moment.

It is said that the McLane should have signaled the Prindiville to stop and lay by until the former passed, but it is doubtful if the Capinin of the McLane saw the other fug approaching in time to avoid the accident. Others say the propeiler occupied so much of the river by sheering over toward the south side that the tugs had no other alternative but to get out of the way and let their tows collide. It is not likely that the responsibility for the accident will be attached to any one, for the remoon that, under the circumstances, it was unavoidable.

Scotia, B. W. Blanchard, Avon, Abercorn, Chicago; Westford, Detroit; W. T. Graves. Toledo; CHARLESTON, Sept. 2.—COTTON-Dull and easy: mid-ding, 11½c; low middling, 10½c; swool ordinary, 10½c; net receipts, 806 bales; sules, 100; stock, 2,176; ex-ports, coastwise, 82.— Savanyam, Sept. 2.—Cotton—Quiet and steady; middling, 10½c; low middling, 10½c; good ordinary, 10½c; net receipts, 1,977 bales; grows receipts, 1,997; sales, 800; stock, 5,360. 20; Westford, Detroit; W. T. Graves, Toledo; Pacific, merchandise, Hancock; stmr Pearl, Put-in Bay; schrs Thomas W. Gawn, M. E. Perew, Scotia, Ironton, Lafrinier, J. O. Thayer, G. W. Holt, Laura Bell, Chicaro: Biazing Star, Mediterranean, Fleetwing, Brightic, Casrles flinckley, Kinrdisher, Corsican, Wabash, Toledo: Lucerne, 1,000 tons coal, White Cloud, Milwankee; La Pettie, 400 bris zait, Haron; W. H. Vanderrilt, Detroit; J. L. Quimby, 32 cords paving-stone, Cleveland.

All years and processes of the control of the contr The Class—Plain composition, 19 cents; figure work, 27½ cents; rule and figure work, 25 cents; press-work, 9 cents. Fourth Class—To same, at 23 cents for plain composition; 2½ cents for figure-work; 35 cents for plain and figure work; 35 cents for ple-and-figure work; and 8 cents for press-work. Sixth Class—To same at locents each per 1000 cms for plain figure and rule-and-figure work, and 5 cents for composition. The bringfield Printing Company gets the fifth class, composed of registry blanks at two and five-cirhthe cents for each book. Lusk, the present State Printer, and all the newspaper offices, were left out in the awards. At the figures named, of course, the printing cannot be one with an honest count, for, in some cases, it will be observed the price of composition is scarcely more than half the Typographical Union's minimum price. Rokker, of Springfield, gets all the binding at, instelass, 4 cents per volume; second, 8 cents; fifth, half a cent per hundred papers. P. W. Harts, of Springfield, gets the contract for packing and distribution of laws and journals at 248 in full, and also the contract to supply links, pendis, pens, etc. The Cleveland Paper company gets the contract for printing-caper and heavy stationery, 250 reams, 25 by 38, forty-five-pound paper, at \$2.57½, and 2.000 reams, sixty pounds, at \$4.68½. Noah Dwilbiss gets the contract for copying the laws and journals at \$1.69 per 100 words. Capt. J. 8. Bradford gets the contract to supply coal at \$1.85 a ton.

generally the lumber-carrying trade is improving, and rates are advancing. The Protective Association is exerting a strong influence on the market. The rate on wheat from Toledo to Buffalo Saturday was 2%c per bu. THE TRIBUNE has had occasion to inform some of its lake-port exchanges that were crosking over their grain shipments in their marine columns that Chicago was not lying idle while they were so flush. and would like to hear what they have to say about the formidable array of figure-facts that appeared in the "Marine News" yesterday. While Detroit in the "Marine News" yesterday. While Detroit and Toledo have and are sending unusually large quantities of grain (for those ports) to the seaboard, Chicago has peen and is sending proportionately larger quantities, and ber near neighbor, Milwausee, has not fully gotten her work in yet on wheat shipments. A look over the engagements yesterday, under the head of "Lake Freighis," will still further prove that comparisons with this port in the matter of grain shipments appear simply ridiculous in the eyes of the intelligent reader, and only tend to show the immensity of the business here.

84 Lake St., hicago, Ills.

Mrs. Wilam Lawrence, writing to Mr. Pellos, says: I cannot tell you how manjhave called to inquire if I really lakeen as ill as reported, and if it was he syrup slone which so wonderfur restored me (a consumptive) to sila good health. With gladness I tellmen all that my recovery is that the fellows? Compound syrup of hypothesis with the blessing of the composition, no otherpreparation is a substitute for it.

30,000 W USE.

eating a Tentilation Boynton's Furnaces RICHARDSON, BYNTON & CO.,

affections of the respiratory organs, are immediately relieved by the use of Levanseur's Tubes. Sold in Paris at Dr. Levanseur's Pharmacy. Mailed on receipt of price (\$1.25) by E. FOUGERA & CO., Agents, New York. Sold by drungists generally. MISCELLANEOUS. 204 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.

For the speedy cure of Nervous Debility, want energy, etc., and the whole train of gluomy attendance. Any drought has the ingredients. Address by ACQUES & CO., 130 West Sixth-st. Cincinnaid Only

### THE CITY.

GENERAL NEWS

The Hon. Matt Carpenter, of Wisconsin, and the Grand Pacific Hotel. The West Chicago Alcohol Works will ex-ort 200 barrels of spirits to-day.

The subscriptions to the 4 per cent loans at the Sub-Treasury yesterday were \$10, 200. The internal-revenue receipts were \$27,-770 yesterday, of which \$18,328 were for tax on

The Sub-Treasury disbursements yesterday were \$175,000 in currency. Eight thousand of the silver dollars were paid out over the counter. Mr. Asa S. Blake, agent of the Western Division, Adams Express Company, of New York, in the city, the guest of Mr. Anson Gorton.

United States Marshal Hildrup returns om Harrisburg, Pa., yesterday, where he hi en on the sad errand of burying his mother. The officers of the Odd-Fellows' Mutual right Association yesterday began suit against. S. E. Hurst, the Treasurer, for \$4,200, that tag the amount they think he has taken. The Executive Committee of the State fremen's Association met at the house of Engine oundary No. 13 last evening, but transacted no asiness. Another meeting will be held thus even-

The First Regiment will assembly at the trimory at half-past 6 o'clock this morning in full ress. for the purpose of receiving the President the depot at 8 o'clock, and escorting him to the

S. N. Evans, Chief of the Pittsburg Fire nent, Wilham B. Hayes, Chairman of the immission, and Wilham N. Irwin, William ore, and John M. Larimer, of Pittsburg, are Grand Pacific Hotel.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by fanasse, optician. 88 Madison street (TRIBUNE uliding), was at 8 s. m., 72 degrees; 10 a. m., 5; 12 m., 80; 3 p. m., 71; 8 p. m., 75. Baromter at 8 a. m., 29, 42; 8 p. m., 22, 43.

The Hon. John H. Oberly and wife and he Misses Edith, Gertrude, Ruth, Beatrice, Pora, and Eunice Oberly are stopping at the Tre-nost. Two or three other daughters are left at ome in Cairo to keep house. None have got Samuel W. Regester, President; John M. Ierrick, Chief; Samuel Hanna, Commissioner; Jeorge A. Campbell. Secretary; and Charles J. deAleese, Superintendent Fire Jaiam Teigraph, Fire Department, Baltimore, Md., are at the almer House.

Aid. Pearsons was among those who were

The Lake View police yesterday found an ld man named Patrick Sheahan attempting to rown himself in the lake, near the northern consupers of the village. He is 70 years of age, and dispersed from his home, No. 82 Wade street, last hursday evening. He is subject to fits of insan-

At 10 o'clock yesterday morning Officer ohn Thomas found the body of an unknown man outing in the lake at the foot of Fourteents street, t was that of a man about 40 years of age, medium light, light complexion, small chin-whiskers, and cas cad in a brown coat, light pants, and shoes, here were no marks of violence, and nothing was band to indicate his identity.

At 6 o'clock yesterday morning Officer harles Kech found the body of a man floating in he river at the foot of Market street. It was that of a man about 35 years of age, five feet ten inches n hight, hight hair cut short, light mustache, and was clad in dars ciothes, olue flanned shirt, and buckled shoes. There were no marks upon the body, and no papers in the clothing by which it ould be identified.

The Mexican Minister, Don Manuel de l'amacona, will arrive in this city to-day, and will be welcoured by the Manufacturere. Association at the Paimer House at noon. Invitations have been lent to a number of prominent citizens, and it is expected that the affair will be a very pleasant one. His Excellency will be in the city several days, luring which he will visit the establishments of prominent manufacturers, and will also be ten-lered a public reception at Hersney Hall Thursday wennig.

Capt. Peter Falcon, the submarine diver, capt. Feter Faicon, the submarine diver, we take down in twenty feet of water yesterday, in the lake, off Lake View, for the purpose of examining the water-pipe, with a view toward discovering a leak that is supposed to have sprang. The people of that suburb have been troubled with too much sand in their water supply, and attribute it to a leak at the lake shaft. Capt. Falcon searched for some time for the break, but was unable to find it. He will probably make another effort to determine the location of the leak.

Mr. Martin E. Huyck, formerly a well-nown druggist of Chicago, and now a Courishing perchandise broker of Denver, representing sevmerchandise broker of Denver, representing several leading wholesale houses of Chicago in the Colorado trade, has just returned to this city for a brief visit among his friends. Search of health was his original errand in Colorado, Jashess being an incidental consideration, but he has succeeded in both directions, and is a good sample of what pure air and plenty of roughing will do for a a sick man.

Information was received in Chicago yesterday of the death at Mackinac of Miss Annie Lawrence, daurhter of the Hon. C. B. Lawrence, ex-Justice of the Illinois Supreme Court. Miss Lawrence had left horse in the best of health to accompany her brother, who was alling somewhat with the hay-fever, and her parents were little prepared for the summons which came by telegraph last Friday. They reached Mackinac barely m time to see her alive, as she died on Sunday. She was a young lady of rare qualities of mind and heart, and a wide circle of friends will share with the stricken parents their grief at the deep affliction.

The crowds to be in the city this week will draw thieves from all over the country, mainly house-sneaks and pickpockets. A large number have already arrived. It behooves people, therefore, to see on their guard. The back doors and windows of houses along which the procession passes should be amply secured, or some one should be on the watch with a shot gun or revolver. It is pretty difficult to retain one's watch or pocketbook if a "dip" makes up his mind to get it; so the best way for those to do who have watches and pocketbooks and are going to see the parade is to leave them at home, or to keep a hand on each whenever in a crowd.

on each whenever in a crowd.

A dispatch from Gen. Ord at San Antonio, Tex., says the commanding officer of Ringgold Enracks reports that by a decree of President Diaz all the Custom-Houses on the frontier were closed, except Matamoras and Laredo. This has caused great excitement and talk of revolution. There are still Lerdist parties in the field—Amador, with 150 men near Reyonsa, and Martinez. with Salima's 200 men about thirty miles from Mier City. Gen. Ord recommends to the proper authorities that the bonned warehouses be closed at Brownsville and New Laredo, as they now are storing and protecting foreign goods duty-free from the United States to Mexico. to the exclusion of manufactures of our own, duties on which have been raised mexico.

m Mexico.

The stated meeting of the Chicago Medical Society was held yesterday evenire in the Grand Facific Hotel. Dr. E. Ingals presided. Dr. Edmund Andrews read a paper on the importance of more heroic treatment in cases of lumbar abacess. He quoted from many authorities to show the world contradiction which has prevailed in regard to the proper treatment of these deep-seated affections. The paper was highly appreciated, and was referred to the medical journals for publication keferring to the supposed offense of certain gentlement in connection with somebody's professional advertisement, a resolution introduced at a former meeting and not acted upon was called up, and became the subject of some surceam. The sense of the meeting was that in view of the apologies received in response to the Society's request, the whole subject should be indefinitely postponed. It was so voted.

The following are the fires for the smooth.

whole subject should be indefinitely postponed. It was so voted.

The following are the fires for the smooth of August, 1878, as reported by Bullwinkle's Fire-Insurance Patrol: Total number of alarms, 41: total number of "stills," 12. The fires are accounted for as follows: Sparks from chimner, 8; children playing with matches, 5: unknown, 4; supposed incendiary, 4: communicated. 4: lignted match, 4: chimner fires, 3; defective flues, 3; ignition of mosquito-bar from light, 1; ignition of curtains from light, 2; bonfires, 2; explosion of distoves, 2; and one each from spontaneous combustion, burning rase, burning sulphur, lighted cigar, smoking stove, soap-kettle builling over, lightning, false alarm, explosion of mill-dust, and hot journal. The mildings are classified into 35 frame, 15 brick, also 1 tug-boat, 1 schooner, 1 store and frame building, 2 hay piles, 1 sidewalk, 1 tar-kettle, 1 false slarm, and 4 communicated: of these 15 were dwellings, 7 stores and dwellings, 6 barns, 3 saloons and boarding-houses, 2 carriage manufactories, and 1 each ice-house, general manufactory, tug boat, hotel, elevator and mill machinery, furniture manufactory, laundry, false, sore-kettle, machine shop, shed, sinewalk, tar-kettle, school-house, schooner, grist-mill, malt-house, and commission house. Loss, \$15, 247. Loss to insurance, \$13, 534. Total amount of insurance involved, \$3, 590. During the month in 5 cases the fire spread beyond the building in which it originated, doing slight damage, however. In one case only fire spread beyond the building in which it originated, doing slight damage, however. In one case only fire spread beyond the building in which it originated, doing slight damage, however. In one case only fire spread beyond the building are chartery.

the limits of a brick building.

The air was made vocal last evening around the Fire-Marshal's office in the City-Hall by the Ionia City Band, of Ionia, Mich., a very creditable organization of some nineteen pieces, which arrived in the city vesterday afternoon to take part in the tournament. Marshal Benner was entertaining several of his brother Chiefs from distant cities at the time, but the arrival of the hand-somely-uniformed musicians from Michigan and the harmony which they proceeded to discourse put a sudden stop to the talk inside and drew the occupants of the office to the windows, where they could look over the shoulders of the considerable crowd which had collected, and see as wall as hear. After a well-

rendered selection by the band, there were calls for Marshal Benner, who responded with an expression of his thanks for the tribute and a hope that he would be excused from speaking, owing to the hoarseness of his voice, and the generally tired condition in which he found himself after his hard and worrying day's work. With a promise to see them to-day in the procession, he again bowed his thanks and witndrew, amidst the cheers of his auditors. After another selection, the band took up its march to the Commercial, where its members are staying, halting on the way to tender its compliments to The Trancke office in another selection, which was creditably performed. its compliments to THE TRIBUAL OFFICEMENT Selection. Which was creditably performed.

THE SOUTH TOWN BOARD

There were

selection, which was creditably performed.

met yesterday afternoon. There were present Justices D'Wolf. Foote, Summerfield, Wallace, and Pollak, and Supervisor Jackson, Assessor Rice, and Clerk Schoreck. Justice Wallace presided. The claims which had been passed upon by the Committee of Inquiry were acted upon. The claim of \$80,177 of the International Bank for Assessor's certificates was allowed. The claim of \$450 made by C. H. Gaubert and Messrs. Philpot and Christopherson—three Deputy-Assessors whom Rice engaged without the sanction of the Board—was disallowed for the reason that Assessor Rice had on authority to employ them. The claim of Messrs. Tuley, Siles & Lewis for \$500 for legal services reudered to Mark Kinboll was allowed.

Assessor Rice had been asked, it will be remembered, for an explanation as to the way in which some of the Deputy Assessors had been enabled, by working both day and night, to present claims for \$8 per day.

The explanation came in the shape of a report from Mr. Rice. It was that he, as Assessor, had a certain length of time wherein to complete the assessment of the property of the Town of South Chicago; that it was impossible for him to do that work if allowed to work only during the hours of daylight; that the on necessity therefore had worked his men at night; that those men had labored frithfully and well, doing as much in five hours at night as during eight hours of daylight; that the assessment was, so far as he knew, satisfactory, etc. Accombanying the report were a stack of adidavits made by the Deputy Assessors, ail of whom stated that the nights when they had worked, the number of hours of work.

Following the readin, of the document was a general disenssion as to the legality of allowing

they had worked, the number of hours of work, etc.

Following the reading of the document was a general discussion as to the legality of allowing compensation for work done at night.

Justice D'Wolf asked if the Board met and continued their labors till midnight, would they be allowed a double compensation? Certainly not. The Assessors stood in a similar position. In case they did not complete their labors in daytime, were they to be allowed an extra consideration for night-work? He thought not. The statutes said that the Assessors were to-be allowed a sum not exceeding S5 a day. What constituted a day? Could a man put in two days in one day of twenty-four hours? In case he could, why not three days in the same time?

The other members of the Board made remarks

in the same time?

The other members of the Board made remarks showing that they did not favor the claim. Finally, upon Supervisor Jackson's motion, the report was placed upon file.

Justice Poliak brought up his experience as County Clerk, and said that he allowed his extra men 50 cents per hour for night-work. He moved that the same amount be allowed the Deputy Assessors.

Justice D'Wolf said that if the Board could allow Justice D'Wolf said that if the Board could allow them that amount they could just a: well audit the claim for \$4 per night. The claim, he said, was not presented in a proper way, and could not, therefore, be passed upon by the Board in any way other than unfavorably.

Supervisor Jackson seconded Justice Pollak's motion. He thought 50 cents per hour a fair componention.

pensation. After much discussion the subject was dropped, to be taken up again Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock, to which time adjournment was had.

Mr. Loewenthal, of the international Bank, was present to state what conditions and representations he had accepted, and casned the Deputy Assessor's certificates which the bank held. He was not sallowed to make any explanation, for the reason fast it would have no influence upon the action of the Board.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

son that it would have no influence upon the action of the Board.

Grand Pucific-J. M. Thacher. White Sulphur Sorings: W. J. McSimme. Revealed, Judge E. Evertings W. J. McSimme. Revealed, Judge E. Evertings W. J. McSimme. Revealed, Judge E. Evertings W. J. McSimme. Revealed Sulphur Sorings Milwaukes: Joon W. King, Jacksonville: Judge T. D. Murphy, Woodstock; R. C. Mortimer and family. New Orleans; Dr. and Mrs. A. H. Hayes, Boston; the Hon Fehix Corput, Georgia: Gen. J. Van Deventer, Iowa; J. C. Glimore, New Orleans; the Hon. S. L. Mither, Cleveland.

Tremont House.—The Hon. O. Harben, Ushkosh; Col. W. H. Jonnson, Chief of the Philadelpha Fire Department, the Rev. Edward Anderson, Quincy; d. F. Sterns, Big: Raplas: the Hon. W. S. Cos., Blooming. Thanson: Col. G. F. Strand, Waeeling: the Hon. W. P. Clotworthy, Baltimore; A. K. Winneld, Detroit; the Hon. George Towsey, Indianapolis; the Hon. J. H. Obertey, Calro... Palmer House—E. W. Grant, Ypsilanti; J. P. Torbitt, Louisville; D. W. Glass, Baltimore; C. F. Kimball, Mansheld; C. B. Boyan, Washington; G. W. Adams, Tifin. O.; J. P. Lowe, Louisville: J. B. McCunlough, St. Louis; H. L. Dousman, St. Louis; J. E. Boyd, Omaha... Sierman House—Inb Hon. C. A. Eloiredge, Fond du Lact, the Hon. George A. R. Raul Red. S. Louis, J. B. Hichardson, Utlea, N. Y.; J. W. Lodge, Enfield; E. Rugar, Janewille: D. W. Washbura, Hillsborn, Mich.; C. G. Penney, U. S. A.; E. W. Durand, Stillwater, Minn.

### THE CITY-HALL.

The license receipts were \$2,000. The receipts of the Water-Office last month

Sixteen saloon licenses were issued, making 2, 566 to date. A permit was issued to J. B. Smith & Co.

The report of the Health Officer for last

week shows that 507 notices were served to abate nulsances and 450 nulsances were abated. The weight of food condemned was 2, 597 pounds. The Treasurer's receipts were light—\$1,-367 from the Water-Office and \$90 from the Comp-troller; total, \$1,457. He paid out \$13,000, the bulk of it for the redemption of '77 certificates. The following were among the building permits issue: John Sherra, three-story brick dwelling, No. 604 Sedgwick street, \$4,000: Adam Meyer. two-story prick store and dwelling. No. 225 Harrbart street, \$3,000; Max Romer, two-

street, \$2,500.

There were 165 deaths last week, a decrease of thirty from the preceding one, twenty-six from the corresponding one in 1877, and of sixty-one in 1876. Of the decedents, ninety-two were under 2 years of age. The Fifth Ward furnished seventeen, the Sixth sixteen, and the Four-centh twenty-two. Cholera infantum carried off

twelve.

The report of the Superintendent of Buildings for August contains the following facts: Receipts, \$286; water tax, \$427; expenses, \$474. New buildings, ninety-two; frontage, \$280 feet; cost, \$577,500. In the same month inst year there were 135 buildings, with a frontage of 3,065 feet, put up at a cost of \$724,000. The total number of buildings erected to date this year is 682; improvements, 316; frontage, 20,554; cost. \$4,510, 100. In the same time last year the figures were: Buildings, 1,001; improvements, 294; frontage, 24,329; cost, \$4,680,000.

The Lemont stone Ring are engineering to The Lemont stone Ring are engineering to have a Superintendent appointed for the City-Hall so that the plans may be altered and the contractors allowed extras, it being assumed that Tomlinson & Reed will pay something for having this done. Acting Mayor Giloert says he will veto anything which passes through the Council looking to the overriding of Supt. Cleaveland's authority, so the scheme is likely to fail. Ald. McCaffrey, Ryan, McNally, and Lawler had a conference in the Committee room, but they wouldn't say what they talked about. It is undorstood, however, that they want a new man to take charge of the work.

## CRIMINAL.

Notice appeared in THE TRIBUNE the other day of the arrest of Mr. W. H. Ranstead on the charge of perjury and removing mortgaged goods. The case came up yesterday morning before Justice Haines, when Mr. Ranstead was honorable discharged, the other side falling to prosecute.

Caroline Madson, an innocent-looking ser vant-girl, was held to the Criminal Court yesterday vani-gri, was ned to the Criminal Court yesterday by Justice Pollak in bonds of \$1,000 for the ni-leged larceny of a large sum of money from her former employer, Mr. A. B. Sheldon. Mr. Shel-don don't know whether the amount was \$200 or \$400, and there seemed to be an equal lack of pos-itiveness about the guilt of the girl.

The ruffian John Jacobs who was shot by officer Barrett for resisting arrest Sunday night is lying at the County Hospital. His wound has been found to be not nearly so dangerous as was at first supposed. The attending physician discovered that the ball which had entered on the side had that the ball which had entered on the side had struck a rib and plowed around to a point near the middle of the back, whence it was easily extracted. It is a miracle how the man escaped instant death, since the revolver was so close to nim when the shot was fired that his clothing was burnt through and through with the powder. Jacobs' story dif-fers from that of Officer Barrett in that he denies having resisted arrest or struck the officer until he himself had been clubbed.

fers from that of Omcer Barrett in that he deflice until he himself had been clupbed.

Michael O'Byrne swears he will never more attend a funeral; he never more will believe in the Scriptural admonition that bleased are they who bury the dead. He always meets with some disappointment whenever he visits Rosehill or Caivary. Last winter he was the loser of two valuable robes, stolen while his pacer was feeding. He states that whenever he is on one of these mournful excursions, either a friend drops in to invite him to a wedding or a long-forrotten acquaintance calls, on his way from California to the East, to settle up an old and forgotton liquor score. Yesterday about 11 o'clock he left his saloon, No. 28 North Wells street, to attend a funeral, and the carriage containing himself and family had scarcely left the door when a stylish young fellow drove up in a buggy and called the bar-tender, Terence Phalen, out, who at conce answered the summons, and while he was receiving an order (bogus of course) for some wine to be sent to a house on Ohio street, a young man eatered the store. When he found the money drawer pulled out, its contents gone, and the supposed customer rushing down the back stairs, he at once saw through the game, rushed out, and grasped hold of the horse's head, as he was slaring off. The occupant of the buggy plied his whip

Timothy Connors, alias "Tim-I," arrested Timothy Connors, alias "Tim-I," arrested for vagrancy, while awaiting trial yesterday afternoon in Justice Foote's office, to which coart he had taken a change of venue, walked into Lawyer Callaghan's room in the rear of Justice Foote's office, and jumping out of a second-story window onto the roof of a shed, and thence to this ground, made his escape. He is the man at whom two shots were fired Saturday night by Detectives Murnane and Wiley, who were trying to effect his capture. James Kearney, his associate, took a change of venue from the Police Court to Justice D'Wolf, where he was tried by a jury and acquitted. He was at once rearrested upon another warrant issued by Justice Summerfield and again took a change of venue to D'Wolf's Court. This time he was fined \$5, and, succumbing to persecution, he promised to leave town. Some of the thieves in town ought to be given a similar overhauling.

There was a bad case of mother-in-law yesterday at Justice Foote's Court. Annie Stark, a stout, muscular woman, was up for kidnapping the 3-year-old daughter of Edward Siglar. The testimony showed that Annie Stark was Siglar's wife's mother, and that Siglar and his wife had been divorced; that Siglar took the child and placed it in the Haif-Orphaa Asylum; that Mrs. Stark and she that had been Mrs. Stglar went after the youngster and took it away with them; that Siglar had his mother-in-law arrested as aforesaid. She was discharged. The interest of the examination hung around the two women. They almost fought between themselves for the honor of breaking Siglar's head or doing some other violence to him. The physical exertions of a brace of attorneys and a Constable, and the judicial interposition of the Court, were necessary to prevent a streaking of the pale air with blood.

A somewhat bold robbery was committed

Court, were necessary to prevent a streaking of the paie air with blood.

A somewhat bold robbery was committed yesterday on the North Side, the enterprising sneak-thief choosing broad daylight for his operations, and getting clear off with the "swag." The house roobed was that of Dr. Henrotin, No. 166 Dearborn avenue. a few doors south of Haron street. The Doctor and his family were out, and the hired girl was at work in the rear of the building. Either ecgnizant of the fact or taking chances on it, the thief entered the front gate of the next house, stepped over the light railing which divided the two garden-plots, and got in at the basement window, which had been left open for ventilation. The room was the servant's bedroom, and the zirl had left \$24 in a bureau drawer. This was at once appropriated, and also a silver watch belonging to tae hired man, the thief taking precaution to lock the door from the inside. It is supposed that he was an old hand, for although he took some small change from a purse which lay in the drawer he was careful to leave the purse. No one saw him enter or leave, and the first that was known of the thief was when the girl tried shortly after noon to open her door, and found it locked. The foot-prints in the garden told the resign the story.

Detective Osterman last night arrested, at No. 404 Michigan avenue, Cathoert W. Lang, a former architect, charged by ais mother-in-law, Mrs. L. E. Day, with steeling \$4,000 in Cook County and Government bonds. Last May the house was burglarized and nothing but the bonds carried sway. At this time the detectives thought that the house had simply been fixed to look as if burglars had actually done the Joo, and Lang was suspected. He was closely watched thereafter. What evidence there is avainst him at the present date is unknown, the officer knowing nothing of the case beyond his orders to make the arrest. Saturday affernoon Mrs. Day made a hasty visit to Deputy-Suyt. Dixon, and whatever new evidence there is against Lang is known only to these two persons. There is a long and serious tale of family trouble back of the affair, which the present proceedings will eventually disclose to public gaze. The Day estate is very wealthy. One of the daughters married Lang, but is now dead, and the issue of the marriage, a lattle girl now some 7 years of age, is her to \$80,000. Another daughter is wealthing married, and lives on Calumet avenue. The mother claims that Lang is a spendthrift, and is not worth a penny. She aiso claims that Lang is endeavoring to make away with the little girl in order that he may himself become possessed of the fortune. On the other hand, the prisoner alleges that the mother-in-law is trying to wrong him and his child out of their rights. Detective Osterman last night arrested, at

### THE COUNTY BUILDING.

The County Treasurer will to-day pay orders of date of April 29. The County Court reconvened yesterday, but transacted no business of importance.

A year ago the expenses of the County Clerk's office were \$11,300 for August; this year only \$3,700. This is reform. The Sheriff's office will hereafter be open until 5 o'clock. The Sheriff was so far restored to health as to be around yesterday.

Kennedy, the wife-murderer, was intensely insane yesterday. Nothing but a speedy trial will restore him to his normal condition. The Committee on Equalization finished its work Saturday, yet yesterday it had its two clerks sitting around drawing pay. This is "Ring" economy.

The County Collector continued the sale of property for delinquent South Park special as-sessments yesterday. The sales were quite large and it is expected will be completed to-day. The Criminal Court was given to the quasi-riminal calender yesterday. Very few cases were haposed of, and those that were not were con-inued. There will be no session of the Court to-

One of the bills sent to the County Board yesterday was for \$15 from a man named Gardener. who claims to have acted as secretary at the inquest at LaGrange on the body of A. B. Clark, who was murdered.

who was murdered.

The following figures show just about how much money has been spent by the county for its paupers outside of the Poor-Honse and Insane Asylum the last nine months, and the comparison will be interesting as between the several towns: The towns of North, South, and West Chicago have absorbed about \$95,000: Bloom, \$575; Bremen, \$65; Barrington, \$63; Cicero, \$410; Calumet, \$777; Elk Grove, \$20; Hanover, nothing; Evanston, \$1.373; Hyde Park, \$4,591; Jefferson, \$214; Laze View, \$889; Lake, \$1.280; Lyons, \$201; Leyden, \$121; Lemont, \$5,405; Maine, \$207; Niles, \$67; Norwood Park, \$937; Orland, \$8; Palos, \$213; Proviso, \$482; Palatine, \$108; Rich, nothing; Schaumberg, nothing; Thornton, \$181; Wheeling, \$13; and Worth, \$312.

### PRESIDENT HAYES.

THE COMMITTEE OF CITIZENS having in charge the matter of the reception of resident Hayes, met at the Grand Pacific vesterday afternoon, George N. How presiding. From the talk which took place it appears that the President's car will be dropped off at Kingston, on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, and that arrangements have been made for a special train, which will leave the depot in the Exposition Building at 6:20 in the morning, stopping at Twenty-second street, Thirty-fifth street, and Hyde Park, for the street, Thirty-fifth street, and Hyde Park, for the accommodation of the Committee. All said they would get up and go out to meet his Excellency. There will be five persons in the President's party; Secreeary Thompson will join them this side of Fremont, and it is expected that Secretary Devens will overtake the train before it reaches here. Gen. Le Duc is also on his way, but could not be reached by telegraph, but he will arrive about the same time as the others. Carriages are to be provided for twenty-four persons. As to the programme while here no changes have been made. The President will reach here at 8; will be escorted from the depot by the military, review the firemen's parade from the Exposition Building; receive friends at the Grand Pacific, Mrs. Hayes receiving the ladies. His Excellency will leave for St. Panl via the Northwestern Railroad Wednesday morning. Wednesday morning.

John B. Drake has had the interior of his hotel appropriately prepared for the Presidential party. On either ends of the grand halls on the first foor have been placed mammoth Chinese vases, filled with exotics and rare tropical plants. The apartments of Mr. and Mrs. Hayes will be tastefully festioned.

festooned.

THE ARRIVALS OF MEN AND MACHINES that are to take part in it began yesterday morning, and continued lively all day. The Battle Creek (Mich.) Company and their apparatus arrived last evening, and will encamp on the tournament grounds. Fire-Marshal Page, of Joliet, with his iot of apparatus, also arrived during the afternoon. The Hope Hook and Ladder Company and the Timbean Hose Company, from Charleston, Ill., arrived at 6 o'clock. A hose company from Big Rapids, Mich, resched the city at 7:30 o'clock last evening. Everybody reported to Marshal Benner's office as soon as possible after reaching town, and registered in a book provided for the purpose. The list is as follows:

D. S. Abessor, Fire Marshal of Racine, Wis-

dent I. S. F. A., Monmouth, Ill.;
M. P. Mana, Fire Marshal, and Joseph Burke, Chief Engineer and Secretary, Sterling, Ill.; H. W. Goldsmith, Fifth Vice-President, I. S. F. A., Galesburg, Ill.; William G. Baker, Tornado En due Company, Galesburg, Ill.; George H. Mayer, John Connolly, J. P. Murphy, and Edward Murphy, of the Dubuque Department; Charles W. Schrieber, Chief of the same; M. B. Wood, First Assistant Engineer, Rockford, Ill.; E. H. Sussmilch, Foreman Monitor Hook & Ladder Commany; and P. B. Perkins, Dixon Hose Company, Dixon, Ill., A. G. Stetson and C. Frederichs, First Assistant Engineers. Minneapolis, Minn.; George Devore, Pipeman C. B. & Q. Hose, Galesburg, Ill.; ex-Chief C. H. Horton, representing the New Peorla No. 4; P. B. Bonestret, Columbus, Neb., representing Engine No. 1; Harl P. Christie, Decatur, Ill., Secretary of the Illinois State Firemen's Association; W. C. Connor, Dallas, Tex., Chief Engineer and President of the State Firemen's Association; James Schenck, New York, General Asent of the Eureka Fire Hose Company; John A. Steinbach, Quincy, Ill., Chief Engineer and Treasurer of the Illinois State Firemen's Association; J., Morrison, Muscatine, Ia., Chief the Fire Department; Horace Silsby, Sonaca Falls, N. Y., the engine builder: Clifford Thompson, of the National Forema's Journal, New York; John F. Butler, Meriden, Conn.; A. M. Fairchild, Mariaette, Wis., Chief Engineer; John P. Outhwaite, Ishpeming, Mich., Poreman; W. W. Foster, reoresenting Decatur (Ill.) Rescue Hose Company, No. 1; A. N. Garlock and W. F. Swan, Muscatine, Ia., of the Relief Hook and Ladder No. 1; Fritz Morris, New York, Engine Company No. 33; Charies E. Barnes, Battle Creek, Mich., Tempest Hand Engine No. 2; G. H. Bohnorflord, Philadelphia, Insorance Patrol; James C. Baxter, Jr., Philadelphia, Insorance Patrol; James C. Baxter, Jr., Philadelphia, Engineer of Sengue No. 15; F. H. Babott, Dixon, Ill., Chief of the Fire Department; Heary G. Hansett, Chief Engineer of the Fire Department; Heary G. Hansett, Chief Enginee

noon.

THE ARRIVALS LAST NIGHT
were J. D. Paige, Chief Engineer, Joliet, Ill.; M.
F. Blaney, Assistant Engineer, Estamazoo, Mich.;
N. O. Krouse, ex-Superintendent Water-Works,
Kalamazoo, and Charies Healy, nis successor; F.
Blair, Chief Engineer, Savannah, Ga.; George A.
Ainslee, Chief Engineer, Savannah, Ga.; George A.
Ainslee, Chief Engineer, and Lloyd J. Beall, of
the City Council Committee on Fire and Water.
Richmond, Va.; William H. Johnson, Chief Engineer, Philadelphia.
The companies which came in were: Yysilanti,
Mich., Steamer Company and Band; Battle
Creek, Mich., Tempest Hand-Engine and Hose
Company: Charlette, Mich., Hose Company No.
1; Charleston, Iil., Tom Dean Hose Company and
liope Hook and Ladder Company; Monmouth, Ill.,
Rough and Ready Hook and Ladder Company;
Dubuque, Ia., Pompier Corks; Waterloo, Ia., delgation of about twenty fremen without engine;
Big Rapids, Mich., Alert Hose Company.
THE MEXICAN WAR VETERANS THE ARRIVALS LAST NIGHT

egation of about twenty firemen without engine; big Rapids, Mich. Alert Hose Comoany.

THE MEXICAN WAR VETERANS metlast night at the Grand Pacide Hotel. Col. P. T. Turnley in the chair, and accepted the report of a committee appointed to make arrangements for the part which the Mexican Veterans are to take in the reception of his Excellency Rutherford B. Hayes, President of the United States. The report of the Committee as adopted binds the Veterans to meet at 10 o'clock sharp this morning at the Grand Pacific. They will then proceed in carriages to their assigned position in the Sixth Division. Col. Lippincott has lent the "Mexicans" a large "Stars and Stripes," for which they return thanks. Gen. Julius White, representing the Union Veteran Club, invited the Mexicans to join with the Union Veterans in the evening reception. The invitation was accepted, and the meeting adjourned.

THE UNION VETERAN CLUB met last right at the Grand Pacific Hotel for the purpose of receiving the report of a Committee of Arrangements for the reception of the President. Gen. Martin Beem presided.

The Committee reported in favor of calling upon the President one hour prier to the hour of the general evening reception. To this end it was advised that the Veterans meet at 7 o'clock at the rotunds or the Grand Pacific Hotel and proceed in a body to pay their respects to the Chief Executive.

The report was accepted and adopted.

a body to pay their respects to the Chief Executive.

The report was accepted and adopted.
Comrade Roberts made a suggestion that the Veteran Club invite the Nexican War veterans to join them in the evening reception. The suggestion was favorably received, and Gen. White was appointed a committee of invitation.

Adjourned.

Line of March.
The procession will may precisely at 11 o'clock a. m. The line of march will be as follows:
From Feck court northon State to Monroe, west to Dearborn, north to Lake, west to Clark, north to Ohio, west to Wells, south to Kinzle, west to Clinton, south to Lake, vest to Despaines, south

to Ohio, west to Wells, south to Kinzie, west to Clinton, south to Lake, vest to Despaines, south to Adams, east to Markel, north to Monroe, cast to Clark, south to Van Buren, east to Michigas avenue, north to Monroe West to Wabash, north to Washington, west on Vashington.

As the line passes the Exposition Building it will be reviewed by his Excellency, the President of the United States, and Caoinet, Governors, and other officials. After the Second Division will pass in review, the First and Second Divisions will halt, and the remainder of the procession will pass them, and proceed to their respective company quarters.

### PHILIP GOLDMAN.

THE SHERIPF IN POSSESSION.
Yesterday afternoon the First National Bank en-Yesterday atternoon to Proper description of the red up a judgment against Philip Goldman, the real-known shoe majufacturer at No. 80 well-known spee manufacturer at No. 80 Wabash avenue. The judgment coming so soon after the Bankrupt law went soon after the Bankrupt law went out of existence attracted some attention. This interest was rather further enhanced when This interest, was rathe further enhanced when another judgment for \$10,000 was entered up against the same gentienan in favor of Nelse Morris. Then came another for \$7,000 in favor of the National Bank of illinois. How this all came to be was the next questiot, and a Tribunk reporter was detailed to work uplie matter. Saturday last Mr. Goldman sold out his business to his brother-in-law, Henry Metz, aid this probably orecipitated the matter, since a Deputy Sheriff yesterday afternoon quietly took possession of the stock under the judgment of the First National Bank. Last evening a Tribunk reporter called upon Mr. Goldman at his residence. No. 13:29 Prairie avenue. The gettleman was found quietly ruminating upon his dor-step. He said in reply to the interogatory of the reporter: ninating upon his don-step.
the interogatory of the reporter:
"The less said about his thing the better." His
transfer very unsatisfactory. He

to the interogatory of the reporter:

"The less said about his thing the better." His answers to questions were very unsatisfactory. He did not know the amount of his assets,—could not approximate them, and had no fiden as to his liabilities. As he had no pirtner, he had had no time to figure them up. Thiswas not all reassaring, Mr. Goldman stated thathis credit began to wane when Greenebaum Brothers in New York went down. Then one of his lotes went to protest, and the report became current that he was a \$200,000 indorser upon their paper. He had indorsed Henry Greenebaum's paper for \$0,000 and had \$10,000 in the German National Balk, which he lost. He owes the National Bank of Illinois \$5,000, which is secured, due Sept. 6, and \$2,000—a judgment—note—ine the 5th inst., which is not secured. It was the threat of the National Bank of Illinois to enter up judgment which caused the First National Bank to take the step it did. Nelse Morris \$10,000 is not secured. The \$6,000 owing the First National is secured. Last Saturday, Mr. Goldman says, he sold out to responsible parties from the central part of the State. This is his brother-in-law, though he declined to say so, who has begun a suit in replevin to recove the stock, which is valued at \$19,000. Mr. Goldman said that he had been in the shoe busities twenty years, ten of them in Caicago. He caphoyed from 180 to 200 men, and they were all hid up to Saturday night. He had no desire to wrag any one. He had the proceeds of the sale in hip possession, which would be divided pro rata along his creditors. He hopped that there woulb be a compromise. He failed to take the benefitof the Bankrupt act because he thought 'that had assets sufficient to pull through, and, bestes, he wasn't ready in time.

SUYDAM. HE ESCAPS JUSTICE. Abraham Suydam, thereal-estate shark, is once more free, not through a escape, but owing to the Abraham Suydam, thesal-estate shark, is once more free, not through a escape, but owing to the difference between Jusice Foote's clock and Attorney Gibbs' watch. He was brought before Judge McAllister yest-day morning on a writ of habeas corpus. His cansel, Frank Smith and Judge Whitesides, in he argument maintained that the false swearin done by Suydam in the trial of the Brady case afore Justice Balmes—that Kitty Gibling was his wif—was immaterial to the issue,—had no influence a the decision of the Court. Mr. Gibbs, representing the prosecution, urged that there was perjty,—false swearing,—and that the evidence sowed the fact. Judge McAllister, however, bid that the question as to Suydam's marriage has immaterial, and need not have been answered—the matter on trial being the right of Brady to take Saydam's goods,—and, as there was not sufficiently the court-room, Constable Reese arrested in can awarrant charring him with forgery. The triorneys went at once to Justice Foote's office, that shere was a case on trial, the hearing was aftered until 1 o'clock. At that hour Suydam and is inwyers were on hand, but Mr. Gibbs was not. The Justice waited until his clock indicated twely minutes after 1, and, as the other such had not be turned up, he dismissed the case for want of precedion. Suydam and his lawyers slipped out whout delay, and when they got to the foot the stairs on Adams street, Frank Smith of Suydam to "git," and he "got." He was at seen passing the City-Hall. A few moment after his disappearance, Mr. Gibbs came into a Justice's office, and was told what had occurre. He looked at his watch, and the time, accordit to it, was three minutes attold what had occurre. He looked at his watch, and the time, accordit to it, was three minutes attold what had occurre.

### CORPORATIONS.

THE SUB-COMMITTEE OF THE STATE BOARD OF appointed to look after the capital stock of corappointed to look after the capital stock of cor-porations in Cook County, began its sessions yes-terday at No. 88 Washington street. The Com-mittee is composed of Messrs. C. C. Campbell, of Kankakee; H. A. Ainsworth, of Rock Island County; and Fred Sunkel, of St. Clair County. The object of the Committee's visit, more specifically stated, is to see that all the corporations in this county, incorporated under the State laws, which have not already made returns through the various county, incorporated under the State laws, which have not already made returns through the various Assessors to the Auditor, shall do so at once; and in case of refusal or neglect to make returns they are liable to be assessed on the supposition that their capital stock is worth not less than par. Yesterday's work on the part of the Committee was, of course, preliminary. The members met informally in the morning, and were waited on by representatives of time Taxpayers' Association of the Town of Lake, who left with the Committee the same complaint which they deposited a few days ago with the County Board of Equalization. The only portion of the complaint that can be reviewed by the Committee is that which charges that the assessment on the capital stock of the Stock-Yards Company is insufficient, and this charge the gentlemen from Lake promised to substantiate at another time. Several anonymous letters, and one signed by a man named John Wilson, have also been received, all of which simply referente the same general charge in reference to the Stock-Yards Company. The Committee will endeavor to get all the light it can on the subject, and report whatever recommendation it has to make to the State Board. Notices were sent out yesterday afternoon to such corporations as had not made returns, advising them to do their duty, and if accordingly adjourned after having accomplished this preliminary work until this morning. It is quite possible that little will be done to-day, except to meet, and adjourn, inasmmech as the delinquent corporations will not be apt to receive their notices very early in the day, and there are to be attractions in Chicago which even a sub-committee of the State Board Of Equalization connot withstand. Beginning with Wednesday, however, the Committee will hold daily essessions during the week from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m., barring on hour's intermission for lunch.

### MONTANA CATTLE.

A SUCCESSFUL EXPERIMENT. At the Stock-Yards yesterday were to be seen four "yards" of nice, contented-looking beeves, around which were scattered a number of connoisseurs in cattle, some seated on horses, and more on fences. The cattle were a lot of sixteen car loads which arrived from Bismarck, D. T., over the Northern Pacific Road, and were under the immediate charge of Mr. George Brown, in whose hands they had been placed for sale by the person in charge, Mr. Frank Smith. As the shipment of cattle from so remote a region was somewhat of a novelty, a reporter obtained from Mr. Brown some cattle from so remote a region was somewhat of a novelty, a reporter obtained from Mr. Brown some facts concerning them. The lot, he said, came originally from Moutana, to which Territory a number of Kentucky-ored cattle were taken several years ago. They grazed in the north-western part of the Territory, along the line of the Teton River, and have, by natural causes, vastly increased in numbers. The present shipment was the first of any magnitude that had been made, but it was doubtless the opening of what would soon prove to be an immense trade. The cattle, as before stated, came over the Northern Pacific Road from Bismarck, having been shipped to the latter place down the Missouri, and they were transported in cars much superior to those generally used for the transportation of live stock, and in consequence were in exira good condition on reaching Chicago, looking about as well as others which were sent here from points only two or three handred miles distant. In regard to their quality Mr. Brown said that these Montana cattle were of about the same grade as what are known at the vards as "natives," up to the age of 4 years, but after that were inclined to become a little leggy, and what stock-dealers call 'oxy." This slight deviation from the ways of ordinary native cattle is not caused by any lack of breeding, but is the result of their running wild from birth. They are not at all like Texans, however, having nothing of the wildness and gaunt appearance that characterize that breed. Two years ago some of these cattle were brought to Chicago and fed at Shafield's distillery, and in the soring came out in better shape than an average to trice, Mr. Brown hongat that the present lot would bring as much as any grass-fed cattle.

### FUNERAL SERVICES.

The funeral of the late John B. Calhoun took place yesterday afternoon from his late residence in Hyde Park, in the presence of a large circle of acquaintances and personal friends. Among those who took this opportunity to testify to their ap-preciation of one whom they had known in various walks of life were M. W. Fuiler, Col. James H. Bowen, E. M. Jarratt, John Tyrrell, Amos T. Hall, J. W. Doane, Henry C. Miller, A. H. Burley, James C. Clark, Joseph H. Tucker, R. B. Mason acd wife, W. D. Houghtsling, C. C. P. Holden, the Hon. J. P. Root, James Wadsworth, George

and wife, W. D. Houghtaling, C. C. P. Holden, the Hon. J. P. Root, James Wadsworth, George Trumbull, E. G. Clark, D. H. Horn, H. N. Hibbard, Judge Jameson, Charles Hitchcock, J.\* H. Bennett, M. J. Russel, G. S. Ingrabam, H. T. Chase, Paul Dennis, Henry V. Freeman, Judge Rogers, Guy C. Sampson, R. W. Bridge, J. K. Harvey, A. R. Powell, H. B. Compson, George M. Bogue, Charles Kern, Silas Wrigat, B. P. Ayar, E. E. Ryan, N. B. Judd, A. C. Rosing, W. B. H. Gray, F. Fairman, C. L. Boyd, Prof. Leslie Lewis, J. W. Beers, and many others.

The services were conducted by the Rev. Charles S. Lester. Rector of St. Paul's Eniscopal Church, Hyde Park, and were deeply impressive. The floral offerings were numerous and appropriate, the principal pieces being a sheaf of wheat at the head of the casket, with a sickle of tuberoses and coronation pinks half encircling the sheaf; a broken column of white rosos; a crown of the same, and three large crosses, composed of rare and beautiful flowers. The remains reposed in a rosewood coffin, which bore a plate inscribed: "Born Dec. 8, 1822. J. B. Calhoun. Died Aug. 30, 1878."

After the services the body was conveyed to a special train walting to take those desirous of witnessing the last sad rites to Roseinlu, where the remains were interred. The pall-bearers were Judge Jameson, Messra. H. N. Hiobard, W. D. Houghtaling, R. B. Mason, H. A. Burleigh, and Ciarence Dyer.

JAMES WALSH.

Another largely-attended funeral yesterday was that of the late James Walsh, from his late residence, No. 51 Macallister place. After the preliminaries at the house, the remains were conveyed to St. Patrick's Church, where a solemn requirem mass, with full choir, was celebrated, the Rev. Father Conway acting as celebrant, and being assisted by Fathers O'Neill, Bennett, Riordan, and Smith. An eloquent sermon, by the Rev. Father Conway acting as celebrant, and being assisted by Fathers O'Neill, Bennett, Riordan, and Smith. An eloquent sermon, by the Rev. Father Lambert, of the fihurch of the Holy Family, concl

### LOCAL POLITICS.

SECOND WARD.

A meeting of the Second Ward Republican Club was held last evening at No. 508 State street, W. A. Farwell in the chair. A ballot for Secretary was had, resulting in the election of Mr. Cass ove Mr. Warren by a vote of 38 to 36. Mr. Warren is a colored man and Mr. Cass white, and it was alleged that the former was defeated by the votes of col-ored men. However this may have been, Mr. Thomas followed the announcement of the vote with a loud and violent speech, asserting that the defeat of Warren was a robbery of the colored voters of the ward, and other equally plausible statements. He was continually interrupted by voters of the ward, and other equally plansible statements. He was continually interrupted by other colored men who contradicted him point blank, and, between the speaking, the shouting, and the din of the Chairann's cane, the row was deafening. Some one having called Mr. Toomas a scoundrel, be was about to make it a personal matter when he was pulled of and had to confine himself to talk. Just as it looked like an open row, Mr. Stapleton moved to adjourn, and the motion was unanimously carried.

Immediately afterward all assembled as a mass-meeting to hear from the different candidates for political honors who were present. The Hon. William Aldrich was loudly called for, and responded with a frequently-applauded account of his stewardship as Representative in Congress the past two years. The President next introduced Capt. L. D. Condee, of Hyde Park, a well-known leading young lawyer, and a candidate for Legislative honors in the Second District, who was warmly received. Mr. Condee arranged the Democratic party for its corruption and inconsistency: called attention to and severely condemned the National, Socialist, and other "off-shoots," and discussed the financial question. Timely and stirring speeches were also made by Gen. O. L. Mann, candidate for Sheriff: the Hon. Kirk Hawes, Congressional aspirant: Deputy-Coroner Korn, Mr. Wilson, and Thomas J. Satherland, candidate for the Legislature. This Club meets next Monday evening to adopt a new constitution and transact other important business.

There was to have been a mass-meeting of Piatista last evening on the corner of Western avenue and Walnut street, but it failed to materialize, Four campaign torches were stack in a varant lot,

and about forty of as noisy boys as the semisuburbs can develop made night hideons with
their shouting until 9 o'clock or so, but the stalwart voter did not turn up. Neither did the
speakers who had been announced, and finally
Mr. Dixon, who is the horny-nanded-assignat
candidate for some office or other agreed, with his
two or three companions, that the Thirteenth
Ward was n. g., and went home too much disgusted even to adjourn to any specified date. But
they agreed, nevertheless, that they would poll a
big vote in November.

SIXTEENTH WARD.

A meeting of the Sixteenth Ward Republican
Club was held last evening at Meyer's Hall, corner
of Sedgwick and Sigel streets, Gen. Louis Schaff,
ner. the President of the Cluo, in the chair. Mr.
William Vocke moved that the Club do not put a
delegate ticket for Congressional candidate in the
field, as this was necessary to preserve peace and
harmony. The motion was carried.

The foliowing officers were elected: President,
Louis Schaffner; First Vice-President, Valentine
Ruh; Secretary, J. A. Lebrun; Treasnrer, Fredcricx Miller; Vice-Presidents: First Precinct,
Dr. Daniels: Second frecint, Philip Ittel; Third
Precinct, Honry Hildebrecht; Fourth Frecuct,
Jacob Lengacher; Firth Frecinct, Patrick Keily.

There was a stormy time over the election of the
Chairman, but finally Gen. Schaffner was elected
by a large majority over Valentine Ruh. Mr. Ruh
was then elected First Vice-President.

An adjournment was then had.

EIGHTH WARD.

A regular meeting of the Eighth Ward Republic-

An adjournment was then had.

EIGHTH WARD.

A regular meeting of the Eighth Ward Republicon Club was held iast evening at the corner of Halsted and Harrison streets, the Hon. E. B. Sherman.
President, in the chair. Precisely all that was
done was to take up a collection for a month's
rent of the new hall, to appoint an Executive Committee, consisting of Louis Rolle, J. J. Maple,
James Rogers, David McFarland, F. J. Maiworm,
J. P. O'Brien, R. V. Kennedy, J. H. Wilson, W.
J. Britton, and Aaron Miksch, and to adjourn for
one week.

LINCOLN PARK POLICE. ALLEGED MISCONDUCT OF ONE OF THE FORCE Instances wherein the police exceed their author frequently, and occasionally there comes to the light a case of so aggravated a character that a fail-ure to mention it would be inexcusable. Such a ure to mention it would be inexcusable. Such a case, if the statements made are true, came up yesterday morning before Justice Raufmann. Saturday a party of gentlemen with their families were picnicking at Lincoln Park. The 12-year-old son of one of the party hired a boat of the keeper of the boat-house, and, not returning it promptly at the expiration of the half-hour (the time-keeper having neglected to call him), he was asked to pay an additional 50 cents. As he declined to do this, one of the park police—Allen De Shon—was called, and that officer, after insulting the parents of the boy, took the lad to the Webster Avenue Station, and caused him to be locked up on the charge of "disorderly." After e locked up on the charge of "disorderly." After

to the Webster Avenue Station, and caused him to be locked up on the charge of "disorderly." After listening to De Shon's story, during the recital of which that officer was sharply questioned by Col. Ricaby, defendant's counsel, Justice Kaufmann promptly discharged the lad. Then, in a few compact seniences, he severely reprimanded De Shon, denoancing the arrest as an outrage, and plainly intimating that, were he the father of the boy, he would have the offending officer properly punished. The aggrieved party has determined to test in the courts the question whether a law-abiding and tax-paying citizen has any rights which a Lincoin Park policeman can be made to respect.

A reporter of That Tracura called on Park-Commissioner Winston yesterday afternoon, and presented the facts of the case to him, and asked upon what authority the park police acted, and whether the Commissioners justified the outrage as above set forth. In answer the gentleman said that was the first information he had had about the occurrence. The park police acted, or should act, under the authority given by the State statutes, and it was their duty to preserve order in the parks and make arrests for violations of the law. He said it was notorious that Justice Kaufmann uniformly decided against the Lincoin Park police in the cases brought before him, but if, upon investigation, the circumstadces of the ontrage were found to be as related in the foregoing, the Board would promptly units the offendor, and the Board would investigate the matter and render judgment in accordance with the facts presented. However, it was provable that, upon the publication of the occurrence. The Commissioners would take cognizance of it and cause the dismissal of the officer, who, has charge of the Lincoin Park police.

# CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

CHICAGO, Sept. 1.—In your editorial in this day's issue, headed "An Irish Sunday Law," you say, inter alia. "The law itself was dictated by the Church influence in Ireland, and curiously enough, the Ultramontanes and the Orangemen—the Catholic priests and the Protestant ministers—joined hands in urging it. hands in urging it. . . ."

It seems to me that the writer of those lines con-

founds Orangemen with Protestants,—that is, that he ranks all Irish Protestants as Orangemen. He is wrong in doing so, and also very unjust to the numerous ardent Irish Nationalists profess-ing other than the Catholic religion. Irishmen who love their country re-Irishmen who love their country regard Orangemen inst in the same light as you regard the Khux Klan or the rampant asserter of Southern rights. They regard them as worms,—vie, loathsome creatures, who are unworthy of the name of men. Protestants as a mass are not so regarded. Why? Because the brightest, most intelligent, most uncompromising patriots that Ireland ever produced were Protestants. They were true men,—the men of '82 and '98, and others of later date. Robert Emmet, Lord Edward Fitzgrald, Henry Grattan, Henry Flood. John Philipott Curren, John Martin, and other illustrious Irish Nationalists were, non-Catholics, but they were not Orangemen.

SHENDON BELLS.

### PRANCIS ADAMS

FRANCIS ADAMS.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—Hearing that the name of Francis Adams, Esq., t e well-known corporation lawyer, had by some persons been associated with the person for whom a writ. of habeas corpus was sued out by me a few days since, I wish to correct any such impression by saying it is an error.

A. S. TRUDE.

### BLAINE IN MINNESOTA.

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 2.—Senator Blaine, who is to deliver the inaugural address at the opening of the Great Northwestern Exposition, reached Minneapolis at 4 this afternoon, where he was received by the city authorities and a vast concourse of citizens, who, headed by bands of music, escorted him to the residence of the Hon. W. D. Washburn, whose guest he is to be while in this city. Mr. Blaine was met in Chicago by a delegation of prominent citizens from Minneapolis, and the Hon. Philetus Sawyer, of Wisconsin, at La Crosse. Mr. Blaine was made the recipient of one of the most enthusiastic ovations ever tendered to a public man in this

ovations ever tendered to a public man in this State. Fully 2,000 people, accompanied by bands and cannon, greeted him on his arrival at the depot. United States Senator Cameron delivered an admirable address of welcome, to which Mr. Blaine responded in his usually happy and felicious magner.

Mr. Blaine was greeted by immense crowds, At Winoma Senator Windom made a speech welcoming him to the State, and with a large party of leading citizens came aboard the train and accompanied the party to Minneapolis.

At Hastings, Gov. Pillsbury, ex-Senator Ramsey, and others, of St. Paul, and a large party from Minneapolis, including the Mayor of Minneapolis and ex-Gov. Washburn, met the special train and escorted them through to this point.

The crowd which will greet Mr. Blaine tomorrow on the fair grounds will be immense, from all parts of Northern Iowa, Wisconsin, and Dakota. The great exposition of this place opens un-

der the brightest and most promising anspices, and promises to be an immense success. OUR EXPOSITION VISITORS and strangers while in the city will find at Mr.

Mosher's photographic gallery, 125 State street, the very best cabinet photos taken at \$6 and cards at \$3 per dozen. Mr. M. makes a specialty to visitors, and we can recommend his work as the best done in the city. A Boy of Sixteen Kills His Mother.

A Boy of Sixteen Kills His Mother.

Wellwille (N. Y.) Resorter. Aug. 29.

Hiram Fixley, aged about 16, shot and instantly killed his mother at her residence near Tucker's Corners, on the road to Belvidere, at 9 o'clock Tuesday morning. Mrs. Pixley lost her husband during the War and was left with this son, Hiram. She had a sister, who a few years ago married Mr. J. Bower, and they have lived in common at the place above named. The neighbors have witnessed many bloody fights between the two sisters, the meck man Bower and this boy Hiram now and then taking a hand in. It spoears that the women were engaged in one of their soasmodic figuts and this boy got his shot-run and told his mother if she didn't dry up he would shoot her, and after a few more words he lifted the gun and shot her through the breast and she died instantly. He had threatened to shoot ner many times, and it seems unnatural that any sympathy should be shown him. He has been known as an ungovernable, bad boy. We learn that he claims the killing to have been accidental, that at the most he simply intended to scare his mother into quiet. The means taken to quiet her seems to have been very effectual. After the shooting he is said to have expressed the greatest remorse and contrition for his rash act. He was taken into custody.

recess of over, and life-sustaining blood-maxing, fores-repenerating, and life-sustaining properties; is in-valuable in all enfeebbed conditions, whether the result of exhaustion, nervous-prostration, over-work, or acute disease: and in every form of de-bolity, particularly if resulting from pulmonary complaints. It is friendly and heloful to the most delicate stomach. Caswell, Hazand & Co., pre-prietors, New York.

Whitmore, of this city.

SHAW-At the residence of his parenta, No.
Butterfield-st., on the 24th of August, James, bol

Silaw-At the residence of his parents. No. 18 Butterfield-st. on the 24th of Aurust, James. believed son of John and Mary Ann Shaw, at the age of 29 years and 28 days, of inflammation of the brain, after being sick twelve days.

27 Milwaukee papers please copy.

LAWICKNEE-At Mackinac Island. Sunday, Sept. 1. Annie Margaret, only daughter of Charles B. and Margaret M. Lawrence. of Chicago.

McGRAW-In this city, at her late residence. No. 95 South Jefferson-st., Mary McGraw, beloved wife of John McGraw. Sept. 2, 1878, aged 69 years.

Her remains with be taken to St. Patrick's Church and from there to Calvary Cemetery by carriages. Monday, Sept. 4.

CAMPBell—Sept. 1, 1878, at the residence of Dr. Frank Trowbridge, in this city. Dr. Archibaid B. Campbell, Surgeon U. S. A., after several weeks illness. liness.
Funeral Wednesday. Sept. 4, at 11 o'clock a. m., at Christ Church, thence by carriages to Oakwood Cem-

ET Philadelphia papers please copy.

WESTON—In this city. Sept. 2, 7 a.m., Zii R.

WESTON—In this city. Sept. 2, 7 a.m., Zii R.

Weston, aged 42 years et al.

Services at his late rendence.

Services at his late rendence.

Herman will be taken to kendaliville. Ind., for interment. Friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

The Rochester, N. Y., and San Francisco, Cal., papers please copy. pease coop.

NIXON-Of hemorrhage of the stomach, at her residence, No. 87 Twenty-afth-st., Catharine Nixon, wife of John Nixon, aged 23 years.

Funeral Wednesday, Sept. 4, at 8:30 a. m., at 8t. James' Church, thence by Burlington Railrost to Anrora.

WHEN WE DEMORALIZE THE STOMACH by excesses or impradence in eating, we cannot hope to escape the consequences for any greatlength of time. The most robust digestion must saccumb to abuses of that important function. But supposing that we have been foolish enough to enfeeble the stomach, is the damage irreparable? By no means. The dyspeptic has only to do two things to insure his ultimate recovery: First, by should adopt an easily digestible diet. Second, he should use with regularity and persistence floctetter's Stomach Bitters, the leading gastric invigorant of the age. The multiform symptoms of dyspepsis, and the almost invariably attendand disorders, bilinousness and constipation, will assuredly cease to persecute the sufferer if the above advice is attended to. Who that has suffered the torments that chronic indigestion inflicts will neelect to take advantage of a remedy which, if the most positive evidence of the medical profession and the public is to be received with due credence, is an absolute specific for the complaint? WHEN WE DEMORALIZE THE STOMACH

### ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE MEMBERS OF THE CHICAGO UNION FIT ram Chibare requested to meet in the reading room of the Grand Pacific Hotel this evening at o'clock, to pay their respects to the Freadbar. Some bers of the C. A. R. residing or visiting in the city are cordially invited to be present.

THE REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE THE REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE THE COMMITTEE OF THE SECOND CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE THE COMMITTEE OF THE SECOND CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE THE REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE THE REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL CONGRESSIONA THE REV. E. P. GOODWIN WILL LEAD THE ROOM OF PARTY Hall, 150 Madison-st.

AUCTION SALES. By GEO. P. GORE & CO. 88 and 70 Wabash-av.

Extra Large Auction Sal BOOTS, SHOES, AND SLIPPERS.

GEO. P. GORE & CO., 68 & 70 Wabash-av.,

Wednesday, Sept. 4, at 9:30 a. m. Waen we shall, among other CUSTOM.
MADE GOODS, sell

Also, a line of White Kid slips, sien's Handmake Wear, Misses' and Children's Boohescer-made Gook and Philadelphia-made Women's, Misser', and Cali-dren's Wear, Catalogues and Goods ready for Inspection Monty.

### SPECIAL TRADE SALE DRY GOODS.

Thursday, Sept. 5, 9:30 a. m. Desirable Lines of Sessonable Goods. No Sele Tachday, Sept. 3. GEO. P. GORE & CO., Anctioners.

### REGULAR TRADE SALE CARPETS. THURSDAY, SEPT. 5, 12 M.

Floor Oil Cloths, Table Oil Cloths. GEO. P. GORE & CO., Auctioneers. By CHAS. E. RADDIN & CO.,

LARGE AUCTION SALE BOOTS AND SHOES TUESDAY, SEPT. 3. LARGE AUCTION SALE

### DRY GOODS, HATS AND CAPS, CLOTHING, NOTIONS, & WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 4.

W. A. BUTTERS, LONG & CO. HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE OIL PAINTINGS, CHROMOS, ETC..

AT AUCTION,
WEDNESDAY MORNING, Sept. 4, at 61/4 o'clock,
our stores, 173 and 175 Handolph-9t.

REGULAR THURSDAY'S TRADE SALE. Dry Goods, Clothing, Notions, Furnishing Goods, Etc.,
THURSDAY, Sept. 5, at 9:30 o'clock at our Assettion store, 173 ft 175 ft and 50 par-st.
W. A. BUTFRIER LANG & Co., Auctionsens. By ELISON, POMEROY & CO.

OUR FIRST REGULAR SALE, Wednesday, Sept. 4, at 9:30. Postboned from Tuesday, on account of grand parala. Immense Special Display, Fine and Medium

# FURNITURE and General Household Goods, Easy Chaira Louages, Tables, etc., etc. A full line Carpets, General Mar-chandise, Chromos, etc. KLISON, POMEROY & CO., Aust'rs.

By M. M. SANDERS & CO., LARGE TRADE SALE OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

This (Tuesday) Morning, Sept. 3. at 10 o'clock a. m. OIL TANKS. APD SHIPPING CAME
TO A STORES

OTHER STANSON

HAIR GOODS. My Pat. SARATOGA WAYE natural curity hair improves women looks wonter fully. You will have an other after secting it. Sent C. O. B. Other waves, \$3. 210 Wannabas.

DYEING AND CLEANING. DYE Goods of all kinds, Silks, Wood, Western Wilked Goods, Mars Seques, etc., handlowery of cleaned, and repaired of suite pease. Order received and result by express. VOLUM

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Have just rec line of CARPE STERY GOO the choicest ar patterns in

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